THE

Bombay Gazette.

No. 55,765—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—FRIDAY, OCTOBER 4, 1912. PRICE: ONE ANNA

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

MAIL SERVICE.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON, WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing. 3-30 p.m.	Steamers.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
1912				
5th Oct.	EGYPT	8000	...	...
12th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MOOLTAN	10000
19th ,,	PERSIA	8000	...	...
26th ,,	*MALOJA	12500	MACEDONIA	10500
2nd Nov.	CHINA	8000	...	...
9th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MOREA	11000
16th ,,	ARABIA	8000	...	...
23rd ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MARMORA	10500
30th ,,	MEDINA	12500	...	...
7th Dec.	ARCADIA	7000	MOLDAVIA	10000
14th ,,	EGYPT	8000	...	...
21st ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MANGOLIA	10000
28th ,,	PERSIA	8000	...	...

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON 1913.

4th Jan.	SALSETTE	6000	MANTUA	11000
11th ,,	MACEDONIA	10500	...	...
14th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MALWA	11000
25th ,,	ARABIA	8000	...	...
1st Feb.	SALSETTE	6000	MOOLTAN	10000
8th ,,	CHINA	8000	...	...
14th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MALOJA	12500
22nd Feb.	EGYPT	8000	...	...
1st March	MOREA	11000	...	...
4th ,,	PERSIA	8000	...	...
11th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MARMORA	10500
18th ,,	†ARCADIA	7000	...	...
22nd ,,	MANTUA	11000	...	...
29th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MEDINA	12500
5th Apl.	ARABIA	8000	...	...
12th ,,	MOLDAVIA	10000	...	...
19th ,,	MALOJA	12500	...	...
26th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	10000
3rd May	EGYPT	8000	...	...
10th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MACEDONIA	10500
17th ,,	PERSIA	8000	...	...

All the above Steamers are fitted with *WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.*

* This vessel proceeds to London via Malta, and Passengers for Marseilles transfer at Port Said to the S. S. MACEDONIA.

† INTERMEDIATE PASSENGER STEAMER. ONE CLASS ONLY.

Passengers for Brindisi tranship to connecting Steamer at Port Said.

Tenders leave the BALLARD PIER, on day of sailing. All passengers must attend at that place at 12-30 P. M. for medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AUSTRALIA, AND NEW ZEALAND.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly usually on WEDNESDAY, taking passengers for the Straits, China and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For Accommodation and farther information, apply to

W. C. SYMES, Superintendent.

Bombay.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on THURSDAY.
Oceania	4143	Mages	21st Nov. 1912.
Polynesien	6363	Lasnioe	19th Dec. 1912.
Ville-de-a-Ciotat-6373	...	...	16th Jan. 1913.
Sydney	4120	...	13th Feb. 1913.
Yarra	4142	Tivolle	13th March 1913.

PASSAGE FARES.

	I class	II class	III class
To Marseilles (single)	Rs. 594	495	225
Do. (return)	Rs. 891	743	405
To London (single)	Rs. 680	528	270
Do. (return)	Rs. 990	792	495

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the Return Voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's or the Italian Line at Reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT AND THE FAR EAST TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

One sailing every four weeks.

For further particulars apply to—

H. WILLIAMS, Albert Building, Horaby Road, Agent.

SOCIETA' NAZIONALE DI SERVIZI MARITTIMI (RUBATTINO LINE.)

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct;

FOR BRINDISI and VENICE (transhipping at PORT SAID.)

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
Sardegna	6,000	A. Muzio	15th Oct. 1912.
Sicilia	6,000	D. Maganzini.	15th Nov. 1912.
Sardegna	6,000	A. Muzio	15th Dec. 1912.

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE, BEER AND ELECTRIC FANS.

	1st Class	2nd Class	3rd Class
Single Ticket from	Rs. 450 to 550	Rs. 350	Rs. 165
Return Tickets available two years from	Rs. 675 to 825	Rs. 525	Rs. 247

Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on application.

Through Tickets to NEW YORK in connection at Naples or Genoa, 1st Class, from Rs. 790 to Rs. 690. Special Rates for Missionaries. Passengers for Europe have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice or vice versa, and can break journey at any port on route.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS are issued to return either by the Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles or by the Austrian Lloyd from Trieste.

BOMBAY to SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on.
Capri	6,000	A. de Amezaga	16th Oct. 1912.
Ischia	6,000	G. Bolsito	16th Nov. 1912.
Capri	6,000	A. de Amezaga	16th Dec. 1912.

Through bills of lading for Mediterranean, Black Sea and American Ports issued.

SALOON Fares to COLOMBO, Rs. 75; to PENANG, Rs. 140; to SINGAPORE, Rs. 165 and to HONGKONG, Rs. 220.

Subject to alterations; for further particular apply to

G. TIMOSCI, Ag. Agent.

Elphinstone Circle, BOMBAY.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LD.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI, Weekly from Victoria Dock.

Steamers.	Tons.	Sailing.	Date.	Time.	Route via
Lhasa	2184	Mon.	7th Oct.	11 a.m.	* P.D. and C.M.
Kola	1205	Thurs.	10th Oct.	9 a. m.	† C. M.
Linga	2185	Friday	11th Oct.	‡ 6 a.m.	direct.

* Porebunder, Dwarka, Cutch Mandvie.
* Cutch Mandvie.
‡ Or later on arrival of English Mail Steamer.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH (Weekly).

S. S. "Kola" 1205 tons, on Thursday, 10th Oct. calling at Muscat, Linga, Bushire, and Mahomerah.

FOR PERSIAN GULF PORTS.

S. S. "Baroda" 3172 tons, on Wednesday, 9th October, calling at Veraval, Mangrole, Karachi, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Dubai, Bahrein, Bushire, Koweit, Mahomerah and Busreh.

FOR EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA. (Monthly.)

S. S. "Palamcotta," 3413 tons on Saturday 5th October, calling at Seychelles, Mombasa, Zanzibar, Mozambique, Beira, Delagoa Bay and Durban.

FOR COAST PORTS, AND CALCUTTA.

A Steamer on or about 19th October.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct.)

Frequent sailings, with onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia and New Zealand.

Terms and rates of freight and passage may be arranged with.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO., Agents, Nicol Road, near Ballard Pier, BOMBAY, 4th October, 1912.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & CO.,

BANKERS, ARMY, & PASSENGER AGENTS BOMBAY.

PASSAGE & SHIPPING.

PASSAGES	Booked without charge
BERTHS	Carefully Selected.
STEAMER PLANS	Sent for Inspection.
HANDBOOK	Giving details of Fares, Sailings, &c., gratis.
BAGGAGE	Shipped and Insured.
PASSENGERS	Met on arrival.

CALCUTTA: GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON: GRINDLAY & Co.

DEUTSCHE OST AFRIKA LINIE.

GERMAN EAST AFRICA LINE.

BOMBAY TO EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA.

THE following Steamers will SAIL:—

Vessels.	Tons.	Capts.	To Sail about
a Kanzler	3010	Schapp	19th Oct. 1912.
Somali	2855	Kasch	4th Nov. 1912.
a Markgraf	3180	Jantzen	19th ,, 1912.

a Will call at Seychelles.

Taking passengers and cargo for SEYCHELLES, LAMOO, MOMBASA, ZANZIBAR, GERMAN, and PORTUGUESE COAST PORTS, DUSSAN, and CAPE.

For Rates and Particulars Apply to

A. STRANDES & Co., Agents.

24, Meadow Street, Bombay, 23rd September, 1912

ANCHOR LINE.

REGULAR SAILING FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL

The following SAILINGS have been arranged:—

Steamers.	Tonnage.	Captains.	Leave Bombay on
*Circassia	6716	C.F.Osborne R.N.R.	9th Oct. 1912.
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	23rd ,, ,,
*Castalia	6388	G. Mitchell	9th Nov. ,,
*Elysia	6388	J. Coverley	21st ,, ,,
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	4th Dec. ,,
Olympia	5124	J. Kinnaird	15th ,, ,,
*Circassia	6716	C.F.Osborne R.N.R.	31st ,, ,,
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	18th Jan. 1913.
*Castalia	6388	G. Mitchell	2nd Feb. ,,

APPROXIMATE SAILINGS FOR HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON 1913.

Steamers.	Tonnage.	Captains.	Leave Bombay about
*Elysia	6388	J. Coverley	23rd Feb. 1913
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	10th March ,,
Olympia	5124	J. Kinnaird	22nd ,, ,,
*Circassia	6716	C.F.Osborne R.N.R	10th April ,,
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	22nd ,, ,,
*Castalia	6388	G. Mitchell	6th May ,,
*Elysia	6388	J. Coverley	18th ,, ,,

* Fitted with Marconi wireless telegraphy.

FARES.

	Single.	Return.
Bombay to Suez	Rs. 413	637
Bombay to Portsaid	,, 446	677
Bombay to Marseilles and back from Liverpool	,, 578	924
Bombay to London Overland from Marseilles and back from Liverpool	,, 653	992
Bombay to Gibraltar	,, 590	891
Bombay to Liverpool	,, 605	957
Bombay to New York	,, 836	1,360
Bombay to Cairo, including train fare from Suez	,, 446	

All return tickets are available for 2 years.

Concessions granted to families, Railway employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea planters, &c.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and experienced Stewardess and is fitted with every comfort.

All steamers have electric lights and electric fans in every cabin free of charge.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leaves by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The advertised rates to Europe include a passage by B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer between Karachi and Bombay.

Through Tickets to America per Anchor-Cunard Joint Passenger Service.

For any farther information regarding passage, apply to the undersigned.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents, Bombay.

BANKS.

COX & CO., BANKERS AND AGENTS

ESTABLISHED 1758.

Registered under the Companies (Consolidated) Act 1908.

CAPITAL PAID UP.....£400,000
RESERVE.....£ 50,000

HEAD OFFICE:—16 Charing Cross, London.

BRANCHES:—Bombay, Calcutta, Karachi, Rawal Pindi, Murree and Srinagar (Kashmir).

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received, rates of INTEREST to be obtained on application.
SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened, terms on application.
LETTERS of CREDIT issued, and DRAFTS granted on London at the Bank's Current Rates of Exchange, and on Branches and Agencies throughout India.
TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made. ADDRESSES for cabling purposes registered free of charge.
INSURANCE of every description effected.
SHIPPING, PASSAGE AND AGENCY BUSINESS of every description, including IMPORT and EXPORT OF CARGO and BAGGAGE, with STORAGE of Baggage and other goods, effected by COX'S SHIPPING AGENCY, Limited, in connection with Messrs. Cox & Co., SAILING LISTS and HANDBOOK supplied on application.

A copy of the half-yearly Balance Sheet will be forwarded on application.

HEAD OFFICE: 16, CHARING CROSS, LONDON, S. W.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.....£2,000,000
PAID UP CAPITAL.....£1,000,000
RESERVE FUND.....£ 950,000

HEAD OFFICE: 26, BISHOPSGATE, LONDON E. C.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta,	Cochin,	Zanzibar,
Bombay,	Chittagong,	Mombassa,
Madras,	Rangoon,	Nairobi,
Karachi,	Mandalay,	Nakuru,
Lahore,	Colombo,	Kisumu,
Amritsar,	Kandy,	Jinja,
Delhi,	Newara-Eliya,	Kampala,
Cawnpore,	Aden (Camp.)	Entebbe.
Tuticorin,	Aden, (Steamer Point)	

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.
CURRENT DEPOSITS ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.
BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia purchased or collected.
DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.
The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares and receive same for safe custody, realising Interest and Dividend, when due.
LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

Post Box No. 141. BOMBAY. RALPH KIDD, Acting Manager.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LD.

ESTABLISHED 1880.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ... Yen. 43,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL ... ,, 30,000,000
RESERVE FUND ... ,, 17,350,000

HEAD OFFICE:—YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES AT:—

Astoria-Hotel	Fengtien (Mukden)
Bombay	Agencies
Calcutta	Nagasaki
Changchun	Newchwang
Dairen (Dalny)	New York
Hankow	Osaka
Hongkong	Peking
Honolulu	Ryojun (Port Arthur)
Kobe	San Francisco
Liaoyang	Shangha.
London	Tiehling
Lyons	Tientsin
	Tokyo

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers, and interest is allowed at two per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 upto Rs. 100,000, provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.
FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.
Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

N. IGARASHI, Manager.

Post Box No. 307, Wembay Road, Fort, Bombay

ALLAHABAD BANK, LTD.

CAPITAL (paid up)...Rs. 20,00,000
RESERVE FUND (in GOVT. PAPER) ... ,, 32,00,000

HEAD OFFICE:—ALLAHABAD.

BRANCHES.—At Calcutta, Cawnpore, Delhi, Lucknow, Bareilly, Jhansi, Nagpore, Jubbulpore, Nainital and Meerut.

SUB-AGENCIES:—Amritsar, Benares, Chandousi, Hathras, Moradabad and Sitapur.

Fixed Deposit, Current and Savings Bank Accounts opened on terms which can be ascertained.

Banking Business of every description transacted.

Copy of Rules may be had on application.

H. H. WHITE, Agent, Bombay Branch.

101, Horaby Road.

10 GOOD VALUES

(1) FOR THE SUN

Glare Glasses, "Smoke" or "Amber," Rs. 3-8 to Rs. 9

(2) FOR THE HALL

Dinner Gong, Dolphin pattern,... ... ...Rs. 50

(3) FOR THE SMOKER

Silver Cigarette boxes, cedar lined to hold 25..Rs. 25

(4) FOR THE RACES

Our celebrated "Derby" Binoculars, ...Rs. 45

(5) FOR THE OFFICE

Fountain pens, improved patent, ...Rs. 8 to Rs. 22
Gravity Stylo ... ...Rs. 2-12

(6) FOR THE BOUDOIR

8 day portfolio Watch in leather case, ...Rs. 38
30 hour ... ...Rs. 24

(7) FOR THE DRESSING TABLE

Silver Vanity case ...Rs. 42
Silver Puff box and Scent Rs. 30

(8) FOR THE GOD CHILD

Silver bowl and Spoon in case ... ...Rs. 22

(9) FOR THE DINNER TABLE

Silver mounted Whisky Noggins, each, ...Rs. 10-8

(10) FOR THE DRAWING-ROOM

Gilt, Carriage Timepiece Rs. 42
With alarm, ...Rs. 65
With repeater, ...Rs. 85

AT MARCKS & CO., LTD., BOMBAY AND POONA.

MONGINI BROTHERS CAKE SPECIALITIES.

From 1lb. and upwards may be had Fresh daily if ordered before 9 a.m.

GATEAU YOLANDA—(a Lemon Tea Cake.)
GATEAU CAPRICE—(Chocolate Flake Cake.)
GATEAU CONVERSATION—(Custard Cream Cake.)
GATEAU NOISETTE—(Hazelnut Praline Cake.)
GATEAU JAPONAIS—Pineapple Iced Cake.)
GATEAU MOKA—(Coffee Cream Cake.)
GATEAU IDEAL—(Cream Pastry Cake.)
GATEAU FLAMANDE—(Lemon and Almond Cake.)
GATEAU SUBLIME—(Very light apricot-flavoured Cake.)
GATEAU St. HONORE—(Whipped-cream Cake.)

MONGINI BROTHERS, CHURCH GATE STREET.

Telephone No. 325.

FAVOURITES OF ROYALTY

ALL THINGS are now dated from the time of the great Coronation Durbar and however popular they were before that historic event there is no doubt that henceforth the proved merits and high class finish of the

DAIMLER, FIAT, AND WOLSELEY

Motor Cars as used by H. I. M. The King-Emperor, H. E. The Viceroy and all the principal Ruling Chiefs of India have placed these cars in the front rank far in advance of other Motors.

Full particulars of 1912 models from the SOLE AGENTS.

THE BOMBAY MOTOR CAR CO. LTD.

11, ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, BOMBAY.

SUPPLIERS OF MOTOR CARS BY APPOINTMENT TO

H. E. LORD HARDINGE.

Viceroy and Governor-General of India.

JOSEPH EVANS & SONS,

(WOLVERHAMPTON), LTD.,

CULWELL WORKS, WOLVERHAMPTON, ENG.

MAKERS OF

PUMPS & PUMPING MACHINERY,

FOR

STEAM, HAND, HORSE, BELT & ELECTRIC POWER.

MINING & IRRIGATION PUMPS A SPECIALITY.

FOR LIST No. 20.

CABLE: "EVANS," WOLVERHAMPTON. CODES: OWN & A B C (5TH EDITION).

Reduce the Cost of Motoring.

First 1888 Foremost ever since

Tyre Cost should not be reckoned by initial expenditure but by duration of service.

When durability and service are considered in conjunction with initial cost, it has been clearly demonstrated that Dunlop Tyres reduce the cost of motoring, by the only conclusive method—the Test of Mileage.

DUNLOPS

DUNLOP PNEUMATIC TYRE CO., LD.,

BOMBAY, 3 Wallace St. CALCUTTA, 3, Mangoe Lane, MADRAS, 188c Mount Rd.

THE ITALIAN STORES.

C. COLONNELLO SON & Co.,

105, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

GRUYERE, GORGONZOLA and PARMESAN CHEESE, the best obtainable.
PURE ITALIAN OLIVE OIL, unsurpassable for purity.
ITALIAN WHITE WINE VINEGAR, the produce of the grape only.
MACCARONI, VERMICELLI and SOUP PASTES, always in stock, consignments received by every Italian Steamer.
SOFTSHELL NUTS for DESSERT such as WALNUTS, ALMONDS, and HAZELNUTS
HORS-D'OUVRE in glass jars and in tins of different varieties from the best Home Firms.
WINES and LIQUEURS, from the best Houses in France and in Italy.
SINGAPORE CANE CHAIRS, SETTIES, EASY CHAIRS, and TABLES of various patterns and designs always in stock.
Our famous GRIGNOLINO CLARET (pure grape Wine) in great demand.

THE DEADLY TROPICAL CLIMATE

To take a chance with one's health in the tropics is utter folly. The climate is against one. The country is against one. The only one thing to do at the first sign of Fever, Ague, or Influenza, is to take the certain cure that has stood the test of time.

BATLIWALA'S AGUE MIXTURE OR PILLS.
Re. 1 each.

BATLIWALA'S TONIC PILLS

For pale people, is a valuable remedy in all cases of overwrought brain work, impotency, weakness, early stage of consumption, and indigestion, etc. Re. 1-8ans. each

BATLIWALA'S TOOTH-POWDER

is scientifically mixed with "Mayaphal" and English antiseptic drugs. Ans 4, each.

BATLIWALA'S RING-WORM OINTMENT

Cures ring-worm, Dhobies itch Etc. in a day. Ans 4, each.

Of all dealers, or of

DR. H. L. BATLIWALA J.P., WORLI, LABORATORY, Dadar, BOMBAY.

THE FAMOUS "FIAT"

FIAT MOTOR CARS are owned by MOTORISTS of DISTINCTION throughout INDIA.

When owners of small FIATS Do sell their cars it is to buy larger FIATS

LATEST MODELS.

Obtainable at English prices plus cost of importation from the SOLE AGENTS IN INDIA.

THE BOMBAY MOTOR CAR CO. LTD.

11, ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, BOMBAY.

SUPPLIERS OF MOTOR CARS BY APPOINTMENT TO

H. E. LORD HARDINGE

Viceroy and Governor-General of India.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

The insertion of Advertisements in the "Bombay Gazette" is not guaranteed unless they are delivered at the office by 6 p.m. on the day preceding that on which they are to appear.

MADRAS AND SOUTHERN MAHRATTA RAILWAY.

MAHABLESHWAR SEASON 1912.

A LIGHT SPECIAL POSTAL EXPRESS, having limited accommodation will RUNDAILY from the 7th October, 1912, until further notice, leaving Poona at 2-50 hours in connection with the Mail from Bombay and arrive Wathar, at 5-55 hours. From Wathar the Train will leave at 18-40 hours and arrive Poona, at 22-55 hours, connecting with the G. I. P. Railway, Poona. Bombay Sleeping Car Train leaving Poona, at 23-30 hours.

Accommodation will be reserved by these Trains in the order registered for the number of births available on application to the Station Master, Poona or Wathar as the case may be.

Motor cars in connection with the above trains will run between Wathar and Mahableshwar.

R. GREENALL,
General Traffic Manager.

Madras, 30th September, 1912.

NOTICE.

PHIPSON & CO., BOMBAY.

DELHI AGENTS: KING, KING & CO.

MESSRS. PHIPSON & Co. beg to announce they have APPOINTED as their DELHI AGENTS MESSRS. KING, KING & Co., who will hold a stock of their Wines, etc., from the 10th October, 1912.

Address:

Messrs. KING, KING & Co.,
(Agents for Messrs. Phipson & Co.),
1, Kashmir Gate, Delhi.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Share interest and liability of Mr. HAKIMJI ADAMJI, in the firm of Messrs. VALLIBHAI KADERBHAI AND COMPANY, trading at Bombay, Cochin, Quilon, Alleppi and Trivandrum, has CEASED from the 9th day of September, 1911, and Messrs. AHMEDALLY SHAIK KADERBHAI, GOOLAMHOOSEIN SHAIK KADERBHAI and IBRAHIM SHAIK KADERBHAI, have been carrying on the said business since that date who will recover all outstandings and discharge all liabilities of the said firm.—Dated this 21st day of September, 1912.

BICKNELL, MERWANJI & ROMER & CO.,
Attorneys for Messrs. Hakimji Adamji, Ahmedally Shaik Kaderbhai, Goolamhoosein Shaik Kaderbhai and Ibrahim Shaik Kaderbhai.

APPLICATIONS are invited by the 31st OCTOBER 1912, at the latest, for nomination to the Central Police Training School, Nasik, for the POST of SUB-INSPECTOR in the Police Department, in accordance with the conditions published on pages 548-552, Part I, of the "Bombay Government Gazette" dated the 16th April, 1908.

2. The school course will commence early in January, 1913 and will last for 18 months.

3. Candidates seeking admission to the school must possess the following qualifications:—

(a) They must have passed an examination not lower than the School Final;
(b) They should know English and their mother-tongue must be one of the following three languages:—
MARATHI, GUJERATI or KANARESE.
(c) They must be of good character, social standing and position, and should hold certificates of character from two respectable residents of their native place;
(d) They must be not less than 5'—5" in height with a chest measurement of not less than 33 inches (defated).
(e) They must not be below 22 years of age.

4. Applicants in Government service should apply through their immediate official superiors.

M. KENNEDY,
Inspector General of Police.

BRASSO

Liquid Metal Polish.

The Best Polish in the Market

for brass work and all kinds of Metals.

Obtainable from all shops.

If you have a

MOTOR CAR

keep it bright with

BRASSO

Manufactured only by

RECKITT & SONS,

Hull, England.

NORWICH UNION
FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY
in which is incorporated
NORWICH AND LONDON
ACCIDENT INSURANCE ASSOCIATION
HEAD OFFICE: ..... NORWICH.
CHIEF OFFICE FOR
INDIA .....GRAHAM'S BLDGS.
BRANCH MANAGERS.....BOMBAY.
W. & A. GRAHAM & CO.

Policies granted covering all accidents and numerous specified fevers and diseases 10 per cent. Bonus after five years and many other valuable benefits.

£7 or Rs. 105 purchases a policy insuring £1,000 or Rs. 15,000 for accidental death with a weekly disablement allowance of £6 or Rs. 90.

In case of permanent disablement the policy provides a handsome Pension.

AGENTS WANTED.

AMUSEMENTS.

EXCELSIOR CINEMATOGRAPH.

TO-NIGHT.

TWO SHOWS ONLY.

7 to 8, 8-30 to 9-30 P. M.

MADAME
SARAH BERNHARDT
IN THE
"LADY WITH THE CAMELIAS."

AT 10 P. M.

COWEN'S COMEDY CO.

SALES BY AUCTION.

BENNETT & COMPANY,
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

THE SALE of landed properties at Fanaswady and Kalbadevi Road, advertised to take place to-day and to-morrow, is POSTPONED, until further notice.

AUCTION SALE of VERY VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY, at De Lisle Road, Parel.

On WEDNESDAY, the 23rd instant, at 4-30 p.m., (S.T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will sell by Public Auction, on the premises, by order of Mr. Behramji H. Warden, Attorney for the owner Mr. Pestanji Jamshedji Patel, the following property:—

All that piece or parcel of leasehold land together with buildings standing thereon, situate at De Lisle Road, Parel, in the City of Bombay, and being a part of land Registered in the Book of the Collector of Land Revenue, under Collector's Old Nos. 82, 666, 667, 690, 737, 710, 727, 729 and 732, Collector's New Nos. 1-11981, New Survey No. 1-2704, and in the Books of the Forss Land Commissioner, under No. 852, and assessed by the Municipality of Bombay, under Ward No. 2251 (4) and Street No. 300 (c) De Lisle Road, and containing by admeasurement 1013 2-5 square yards, bounded on the south by the Hope mills, on the east by De Lisle Road, on the north by the vacant land, belonging to Behramji Hirjibhai Warden, and on the west by another plot given on lease by the said Behramji Hirjibhai Warden to Dossabhoy Rustomjit Daruwalla.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Mr. Behramji H. Warden, Attorney for the owner, at his office, Small Cause Court Buildings, Princess Street or to the Undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTIES, at Girgaum, at the foot of the Kennedy Bridge.

On MONDAY, the 28th instant, at 4-30 p. m. (S. T.) Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will sell by Public Auction, on the premises, by order of Messrs. Jayanant Dinanath Madgaoker, and Vasantrao Sakharam Raunt, the Executors of the Estate of the late Mr. Babaji Gopal, the following properties:—

Firstly:—All that piece or parcel of land of the pension and tax tenure situate at the foot of the Kennedy Bridge, near the Cattle Pound Girgaum, in the City of Bombay, together with the messuages, tenements and dwelling-houses standing thereon, containing by admeasurement 849 square yards or thereabouts, and registered by the Collector of Bombay, under Old No. 707, New No. 3228, Old Survey No. 607, and New Survey No. 7763, and assessed by the Municipality under D. Ward No. 233, and Street No. 4, and bounded on or towards the north by the property of a Guzrati Hindu or towards the south by the property of Damodar Dadoba Mantre, on or towards the east by the property of Jamnabai widow, and on or towards the west by leasehold land hereunder secondly described.

Secondly:—All that piece or parcel of leasehold land, situate at the foot of the Kennedy Bridge, near the Cattle Pound Girgaum, in the City of Bombay containing by admeasurement 647 square yards or thereabouts, and Registered by the Collector of Bombay under New No. 16879 and AB
New Survey No. ——— and bounded on or towards 7964,
the north by the property of an Irani Parsi, on or towards the south by the property of Damodar Dadoba Mantri, on or towards the east by the property herein above firstly described, and on or towards the west by the line of the B. B. and C. I. Railway.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the Undersigned.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, 4th October, 1912.

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SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL .....£ 1,125,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL.....£ 562,500
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS .....£ 562,500
RESERVE FUNDS .....£ 365,000

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Reserve Fund..... „ „ 3,250,000,00
Undivided Profits..... „ „ 423,677,78
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Colombo	Malacca	Sourabaya
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CALLED UP £400,000
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SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD & COMPANY,
No. 16, APOLLO STREET.

SALE THIS DAY, FRIDAY, 4th OCTOBER.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 4th October, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.) Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Alexandra House, Apollo Bunder, close to Taj Mahal Hotel, valuable teak and blackwood household furniture, by John Roberts, Dewji Canji and others such as sliding dining tables, arm and without arm chairs, mirror sideboard, dumwaiters, whatnots, meat-safes, Genoa velvet lined drawing-room suit of sofas and chairs, Fret work, drawing-room, screen in 3 pieces, sweet-toned Schneider's grand cottage piano, handsome cabinets, corner cabinets, graphophone with records, marble top tables, book cases, iron bedsteads, mirror door almyrahs, marble topped dressing and wash-hand tables, chest-of-drawers, rich glass and porcelainware, rich platedware, cooking utensils, etc.

The property of B. W. O. Thompson, Esq. Acting Deputy Auditor and Accountant, G. I. P. Railway and others.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

AUCTION SALE OF THE RIGHT TO COLLECT OUTSTANDINGS.

Under instructions from B. N. Lang, Esq., Acting Official Assignee and Assignee of the Estate of the undermentioned insolvents, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction on TUESDAY, the 8th day of October, 1912, at their Auction Rooms No. 16, Apollo Street, Fort, at 5-30 p.m. (S.T.) the right title and interest of the following insolvents in the unrecovered outstandings as per lists.

Insolvents.	Amounts.
Chunilal Sakerlal.....Rs.	1,06,909-0-7
Tokersey Rowjee.....„	4,698-3-6
Joosub Jooma Memon.....„	1,797-8-6
Esoofally Ebrahimjee } Dawoodi Bora and anr. } „	701-2-3

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

The lists of outstandings and conditions of sale can be seen at the Rooms of the Undersigned.

AUCTION SALE of valuable landed property at Banganga Road, Walkeshwar.
H.C.O.C.J. Suit No. 319 of 1910.
The Advocate General of Bombay, ...Plaintiff.
Vs.
Devidas Vandravandas and ors, ...Defendants.

Under instructions from B. N. Lang Esq. the Receiver appointed in the above suit and in pursuance of the directions contained in the consent decree, made in the above suit on the 13th day of April, 1912, and the order of the High Court dated the 15th day of August, 1912, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction on WEDNESDAY, the 9th day of October, 1912 at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.), the undermentioned property on the premises:—

PARTICULARS:—All that piece or parcel of land or ground together with the messuages, tenements or buildings standing thereon, situate lying and being at Banganga Road in the Town and Island of Bombay in the Sub-district of the Registrar of Bombay and containing by admeasurement 1,625 square yards or thereabouts and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Collector's Old No. Nil, Collector's New Nos. Nil. Old Survey No. 19 and New Survey No. 7261 and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal rates and taxes under "D" Ward No. 3035 (1) and Street No. 49A and bounded as follows:—That is to say on or towards the North by the public passage, on or towards the East and South by the property of Bhansali Kalanji Parmotamdas and on or towards the West by Government land.

For further particulars and printed conditions of sale, application may be made to Messrs. Mehta and Dalpatram, Attorneys for the Receiver, at their office No. 121, Medows Street, Fort, or to the Undersigned.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, 4th October, 1912.

MENESSE AND COMPANY,
No 36, HUMMUM STREET, FORT

AUCTION SALE OF UNCLAIMED AND CONFISCATED GOODS, belonging to the Government Customs Department.

In accordance with Sections 88 and 119 of the Sea Customs Act VIII of 1878, under instructions from the Collector of Customs, Messrs. MENESSE and Co., will sell by Public Auction at the Town Custom House, on TUESDAY, the 8th October, 1912 at 2 p.m. (S.T.), the following unclaimed and confiscated goods:—

8 cases wines; 22 cases canned as paragus; cases milk; nails and rivets; cigarettes; hardware; sulphuricether; matches; bales strawboards; kegs paint and phenyle, 31 bags sugar, bags rice and betelnuts, bundles buckets, gunny bags; tobacco; dry fish; cast iron spikes; planks; fire bricks; galvanised sheets and tubes, iron and steel bars; waste paper; 1100 ruby drawplates, etc.

AUCTION SALE OF BUILDING MATERIALS.

Under instruction from the Bombay Improvement Trust, Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction on the premises on WEDNESDAY, the 9th October, 1912, at 2-45 p.m. (S. T.)

The materials for removal of the following buildings:—

Building Street Nos. 128, 127, 127A case No. 499 (Dadar) Vincent Road, Building Street, No. 1029B 1029 (BB) 1029A, 1250-51, 1248, 465-66, 468, case No. 261A; 261C; 288; 350A; 454 Matunga Maharwada, Matunga Village; Khada Village, Building St. No. 2328-30; 3645; 3314-19; 3270; 2076-79, Dharavi Road and Sion Road.

MENESSE & Co.

Bombay, 4th October, 1912.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE

TOWN SUBSCRIBERS.

	Subscription, Rate.
Yearly	Rs. 20 0
Half-yearly	„ 11 0
Quarterly	„ 6 0
Monthly	„ 2 0
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N.B.—Payment must always be made in ADVANCE. For rates of old issues of the "Bombay Gazette", See Special Short Advertisements Column.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

For Advertisements of two or three lines, relating to such matters as Small Sales; Business Cards Situations Wanted Servants, Houses, or Lodgings Required; Change of Residence and Articles Lost or Found, the scale is as follows:—

Not exceeding three lines	Re. 1-0	
Each succeeding line	„	0-8

No Advertisement will be inserted for less than One Rupee. Payment must in all cases be made in advance

LONG ADVERTISEMENTS.

First Insertion	Rs. 6-0	Per Inch.
Second Insertion	„ 3-8	do.
Third Insertion... ...	„ 3-0	do.
Fourth Insertion	„ 2-8	do.
Fifth and upwards	„ 2-0	do.
Minimum charge	„ 6-0	do.

In the Native Languages double the above rate.

For Advertisements, which are to be inserted for any length of time special contracts are made.

AMUSEMENT COLUMN.

For insertions in the amusement Column ... ... Rs. 1¼ Per Inch.

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B. O. C.

—B. O. C. KEROSINES—

Waterlily 150°F.—Firefly 125°F.—Chukker 125°F.—Victoria 125°F.

LUBRICANTS. Fuel & Cylinder Oils. **WAX.** CANDLES.

B. O. C.

PETROL. MOTOR OILS A & B. Motor Grease.

BURMAH OIL Co., Ld.

Agents: SHAW WALLACE & CO.,

CALCUTTA—BOMBAY—MADRAS—KARACHI.

Messrs. BULLOCH BROTHERS & Co., Ld., CHITTAGONG.

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

LONDON MARKET

LONDON, OCT. 2.] [BOMBAY, OCT. 3.

FINANCIAL.

	Rates.	Plus.	Minus.
1·2 per cent. Consols ...	74 1-8		unchgd
do. Rentes ...	90 1-4		unchgd
2½ do. Sterling Loan ...	91 1-2		unchgd
1·2 do. Gov. Securities...	64 3-16		unchgd
Silver in London Spot ...	29 5-8	1-8	
do. 2 months' hence...	29 11-16	1-16	
Silver in New York ...	64 1-8	1-4	
Exchanges on London at Paris ...	25·27		01
do. do. at Berlin...	20 47 1-2		unchgd
do. do. New York...	4·85 1-2	1-1	
Discount Bank of England Rate ...	4	since	
do. short London Bills	29th Aug		
do. 3 months' sight...	3 15-16		unchgd
do. Indian Bank Bills 6 months' sight...	4		unchgd
do. 3 months' Fine Trade Bills...	4 1-4		unchgd
do. 6 months' Fine Trade Bills...	4 3-8		unchgd
Interest day-to-day Loans ...	2		1-8
do. 7 day Market Loans...	2 1-4		unchgd

Bar Gold per oz. ... 77·9 unchgd

Exchange on India 30 days' sight (Bank buying rate) 1 3 23-32 unchgd.

Closing Tone of Silver—Rise caused by India and China buying.

Amount withdrawn from the Bank of England about £450,000 for Egypt.

COUNCIL BILLS.

At the periodical Biddings for Council Bills on India to-day, for Rs. 60,00,000.

Rs. 36,40,000 were allotted to Calcutta.
" 17,40,000 " to Bombay.
" 4,00,000 " to Madras.
" 57,80,000

Tenders on Calcutta at 1s. 4 1-32d. (Min. Rate) received 3 per cent. above that rate in full.

Tenders on Bombay at 1s. 4 1-32d. (Min. Rate) received 3 per cent. above that rate in full.

Average rates of allotment, Calcutta and Bombay 1s·05.

Telegraphic Transfers:—
Rs. 2,20,000 were allotted to Calcutta
" ..... " to Bombay
" ..... " to Madras
" 2,20,000

Tenders on Calcutta at 1s 4 1-16. (Min. Rate) received 3 per cent. above that rate in full.

Tenders on Bombay at 1s. 4 1-16. (Min. Rate) received 3 per cent. above that rate in full.

Average rates of allotment, Calcutta and Bombay 1s·06.

Total amount of Bills sold during the week ending Tuesday evening, including last Public Sales, Rs. 71,00,000.

Amount to be allotted next week, Rs. 60,00,000.

Bills on Madras .....Rs. 90,000 at 1s. 4 1-16d.
Bills on Bombay .....Rs. 30,000 at 1s. 4 1-16d.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL—
Spot ...Easier — Increased demand
Futures ...Easy
Manchester ...Quiet with a fair enquiry
Total Sales ... 14,000 bales
Sold on Speculation and for Export... 500 "
Imports ... 4,000 "
Mid-Americans ... 6·46—01
Egyptian F. G. F. Brown ... 9 7-8 unchgd

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES:—

Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.
6·99	6·04	6·04	6·05	6·07
—10	—09	—09	—10	—09
Mar.-Apl.	Apr.-May.	May.-June	June-July.	
6·08	6 09	6·10	6·10	
—10	—10	—10	—10	

New York 11 a.m., Dec. 11·13 Mar. 11·22.
New York official Noon call Dec. 11·12 Mar. 11·19.
New Orleans 10 a.m. Dec. 11·19 Mar. Unquoted.

NEW YORK— Bales.
Day's Receipts at U. S. Ports ... 49,000
" Receipts at " last year ... 58,000
" Exports to Great Britain ... 95,000 mutilated
" Exports to Continent ... 34,000 mutilated
" Spot Cotton ... 11·25 20

Futures—Month of Dec. 10·83—31
Futures—Month of Mar. 10 93—32
} Declined owing to bearish on Government condition report and to bearish Government Ginners' report.

NEW ORLEANS—
Spot cotton ... 11 1-4—1-8
Futures month of Dec. ... 10·93—29
Futures month of Mar. ... 11·18—28
Tone of Spot Cotton ... Easy.

BUREAU REPORT.
Washington Sept, 2.

The United States Department of agriculture in its monthly report on the Cotton Crop states that the average condition of the Crop is 69·6 per cent.

GINNERS' REPORT.

The United States Census Bureau gives the amount of Cotton ginned up to 25th September 3,015,000 bales.

WHEAT.

Wheat White Delhi ... ... Nominal
Do. Months— ... .
Do. Name of Ports— ...
Wheat White Karachi ... 38 3-4 unchgd
Do. Months ... Sept.-Oct.
Do. Name of Ports—London—Nominal
Wheat Red Karachi ... ...38 1-2 unchgd
Do Months—Sept.-Oct.—London—Nominal.
Tone—Firm.

SOUTH AMERICAN.
Rosario Santa Fe—62lbs ...
Do. Months— ... } No Sellers
Barletta Busso 61lbs ... ...

SOUTH AUSTRALIAN.
South Australian 38 3-8
Do Months ... Jan.-Feb—Sellers

SEEDS.

RAPESEED—
Yellow Cawnpore per 416 lbs 35 p.c ex-ship. ...53 unchgd.
Do. Months— ... Sept.-Oct.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp—Sellers.
Yellow Gujarat, per 416 lbs. 35 p. c. ex-ship ... Nominal
Do. Months— ... .
Do. Name of Ports.— ...
Brown Cawnpore ... 49 1-4
Do. Months— ... Sept.-Oct.
Do Name of Ports—Antwerp—Sellers.
Tone—Dull

LINSEED—
Bombay, per 416 lbs ex-ship ...61 3-4—3-4
Do. Months—Oct.-Nov.
Do. Name of Ports.—Antwerp—Sellers.
Tone—Quiet
Linseed Calcutta... ... ... 59 6
Do. Month—Oct.-Nov
Do. Name of Ports—Sellers—Easier.
Linseed Argentine—La Plata ... 54—1
Do. Months—Oct.-Nov
Do. Name of Ports—Hamburg—Sellers.

COTTONSEED.—
Bombay Cottonseed Market ... £ 6-18-0 unchgd
Nov.-Dec.—Hull—Value—Quiet

MISCELLANEOUS.

COFFEE—
In New York Fair Rio (No. 7 quality)... ... ... 14 3-4 unchgd

RUBBER—
Para Rubber... ... ... 4 unchgd
... Oct.-Nov—Value—Steady

METALS—
Copper Braziers G M C ... £ 89—1 1-4
Yellow Metal ... d 7 1-2 unchgd
Standard Copper G M B ... £ 77 1-4—1-8

FREIGHTS—
Coals—Cardiff to Bombay Canals...15—Value.

ARRIVALS :—
" Ingleby "

SUGAR—
German Granulated Sugar C & F India (Double bags) ... 12 6 unchgd
Do. Months of Shipment...Nov.-Dec.—Sellers
Tone— Steady—Nothing much doing
Hungarian Crystals Sugar C & F India. ... ... 11 11 1-4—3-4d
Do Months of Shipments ... Nov.-March—Sellers
Tone—Steady—Prices maintained.
German Beet-root 50 p.c. ... 9 10 1-2 unchgd May—Sellers 9 6 3-4 + 1-4
Months of Shipments ... Sept Sellers
Tone—Market opened steady. Closed quieter only moderate business

BAR & Similar Crystal C & F India ... ... 13 7 1-2 + 1 1-2 d
Months of Shipments ... Nov.-Dec.—Sellers
Tone.—Holders asking higher prices.
Mauritius Crystals C & F Calcutta and Bombay ... 11 4 1-2 unchgd
Month of Shipments ... Oct.—Value.
Tone—Easier.

Java Sugar Tone—steady at unchanged prices.

BOMBAY MARKETS.

THURSDAY EVENING.] [3RD OCT. 1912

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Packages.	Value.	From	Importers.
	Rs.		
11 Boxes Bulns	7,93,600	London	Chartered Bank
1 Box Sovs ...	32,500	do	do
5 Boxes Sovs...	3,75,000	Perth	do
11 Box Buln	76,800	do	do
41750 Bars Silver	37,50,000	London	Mint Master
1 Box Silver...	37,50,000	do	do

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER FROM BOMBAY BY RAIL on 1st Oct. 1912.

By	Bars	Ounces.
G. I. P. Railway.....	4	4,752
B. B. and C. I. Railway...	5	5,801

FINANCIAL.

MONEY :—

The Cash balances of the Bank of Bengal is 103 lakhs down, and the Bank rate has been raised one per cent. and is now 5 per cent. The Bank of Bombay has also raised its rate one per cent. and it now stands at 4 per cent.

EXCHANGE :—

Tenderers for Councils at 1s. 4 1-32d. for bills received only 3 per cent. while those at 1s. 4 1-16d. received in full. The exchange market opened quiet but steady with rates unchanged. There has been little business doing to-day either way. Far Eastern rates are firmer,

We quote :—

T. T. on London	...1s. 4 1-32d.
Demand Drafts	...1s. 4 1-16d.
Credits 3 months' sight	...1s. 4 9-32d.
Do. do forward	...1s. 4 5-16d. 19th Oct.
Do. do Francs	...171 1-4
Do. do Marks	...139 to 139 1-4
Hongkong 60 days' sight	...153 1-4
Shanghai "	...212 1-4
Japan "	...150 1-4

GOVERNMENT PAPER :—

The market opened quiet but steady at 96 1-16 for cash and 95 15-16 for the settlement, and has remained unchanged during the day, with a small business doing. Closing rates are as under.

We quote :—

Cash ...	...	Rs. 96 1 0 to 96 2 0
Settlement	...	" 95 15 0

BULLION :—

Bar Silver in London yesterday closed 1-8 up in both positions, the ready rate being 29 5-8 and the forward rate 29 11-16. New York was 1-4 higher at 64 1-8. The local market opened at 75 ex duty for ready bars and 75 5-16 for the first Settlement, and has declined 1-8 to 3-16 during the day. A fair business has been done, and prices close as under.

We quote :—

English Bar Gold. ...	...	Rs. 23 15 3
Australian " ...	...	" 23 15 3
Sovereigns " ...	...	" 15 0 0
Silver (ex duty)		
Ready ...	...	" 74 14 0
1st Settlement ...	...	" 75 2 0
2nd Settlement ...	...	" 75 6 0
Silver (cum duty)		
Ready	...	" 84 4 0
1st Settlement ...	...	" 84 8 0
2nd Settlement ...	...	" 84 12 0

COTTON.

MARKET REPORT:—

The following table gives the average condition of the present crop, and of the crops for the previous ten years, together with the acreage and the actual crop (Hester's).

Crop.	Average.	Oct.	Sept.	Augt.	July.	June.	Year
10,188,000	34,097,000	69·6	74·8	76·5	80·4	78·9	1912
12,120,000	36,681,000	71·1	78·2	80·1	85·2	87·8	1911
10,610,000	38,418,000	68·9	72·1	75·5	80·7	82·0	1910
13,825,000	32,892,000	68·5	63·7	71·9	74·6	81·1	1909
11,572,000	33,570,000	69·7	76·1	83·0	81·2	79·7	1908
12,060,000	32,049,000	67·7	72·7	75·0	82·9	79·5	1907
13,511,000	33,049,000	71·0	77·3	79·9	87·3	84·0	1906
11,346,000	26,999,000	71·2	72·1	74·9	77·0	77·2	1905
13,566,000	31,230,000	76·8	84·1	91·8	89·7	83·0	1904
10,011,000	28,807,000	65·1	81·2	79·7	77·1	74·1	1903
10,729,000	27,978,000	58·3	64·0	61·9	64·7	69·1	1902

The average of the five months condition reports in the big crop years were as follows :—

Crop :—	Average :—
1904-05	84·5
1906-07	79·9
1908-09	77·9
1911-12	81·9

The average condition for the five months of the present season's crop is 76·0. The Bureau report and Ginners' report received this morning are both bearish, and the home markets have declined sharply. The Bureau Report shows a deterioration of only 5-8 per cent. for the month, while the Ginners' figures are about 65C,000 bales less than last year, though considerably in excess of previous years. At the moment it seems possible that we may see some further decline, but our opinion is rather in favour of buying in easier markets than selling at present prices. Many well informed persons are, however, anticipating a drop to 5 1-2 per pound. For ourselves, we think that anything below 6d. will lead to a good enquiry, and to an improvement in the tone of the market. The period for killing frost is also not yet over.

The local market opened easier with good Broach quoted Rs. 295, fully good Bengals Rs. 242 and fine Khamgaon-Akola Rs. 278. During the morning the rate for Broach declined to Rs. 292 1-2 and has since fluctuated, closing as under. A moderate business has been done in bazaar. Japan shippers are still in the market for fine M. G. Khamgaon-Akola January, but sellers are scarce. There is also some enquiry for early delivering Bengals.

Ready cotton is quiet with little business doing.

QUOTATIONS :—

NEW CROP.

Fine M. G. Broach	Rs.	301 March
Good M. G. Broach	Rs.	294 "
Fine M.G. Wardha-Hinganghat ...	"	288 Jan.
Fine M. G. Nagpur	"	285 "
Fine M.G. Dhamangaon Palgaon ...	"	279 "
F. M. G. Khamgaon-Akola... ...	"	276 "
Fine M. G. Khandeish	"	266 "
F. G. M. G. Khandeish	"	256 "
Fine M. G. Bengal	"	257 "
Fine M. G. Bengal		260 Dec.
" "		264 Nov.
F. G. H. G. Bengals		241 Jan.

LIVERPOOL OPENER.—

Opening Tone ...	...	Easy.
Estimated Sales ...	...	8,000
Total Imports ...	...	12,000

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES :—

Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.
6·03	5·98	5·97
—06	—03	—07
Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.	Mar.-Apr
5·99	6·00	6·02
—03	—07	—05
Apr.-May.	May-June.	June-July.
6·03	6·04	6·04
—06	—06	—05

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

LINSEED :—
The market is easier and prices are declining.
We quote :—
Ready ... Rs. 9 14 0 B.T.
Apl-May 1913 ... " 10 8 0 B.T.

RAPESEED :—Quiet.
We quote :—
Brown Delhi Apl-May 1913 ...Rs. 8 4 0 B.T.
Brown Cawnpore ready ... " 7 14 0 B.T.
Yellow " ... " 8 14 0 "

GINGELLYSEED :—
Tone—Steady.
Bold White 85 p.c. ... Rs. 65 0 0
Black Kutni ... ... " 47 0 0

POPPYSEED :—
Tone—Quiet. We quote :—
Ready ... ... Rs. 12 9 0 B. T.

CASTORSEED :—
Tone—Quiet but steady. We quote :—
Ready ... ... Rs. 39 0 0

COTTONSEED :—
Tone—Steady. We quote :—
Ready ... ... Rs. 26 8 0
Forward ... ... " 25 4 0 D. J.

GROUNDNUTS :—
Tone—Steady.
We quote :—
Jan.-Feb. Bold ... Rs. 45 8 0

MOWRASEED :—
Tone—Steady. We quote :—
Ready ... ... Rs. 8 0 0 B. T.

WHEAT :—
The market is quiet.
We quote :—
White Pissi ready 85 p.c. Rs. 5 5 0 R. T.
" " May 1913 ... " 5 7 6 "

SHARES.

BANKS.

Bank of Bombay	...	1,730
Bank of India	...	66
Eastern Bank	...	88
Indian Specie	...	74 1-2

MILLS.

David	...	505
Kohinoor	...	865
Manookji Petit	...	3,250
New Great Eastern	...	272 1-2
Standard	...	1,455
Swan Mill	...	256 1-4

MISCELLANEOUS.

Bombay E. S. & T. C. Ordinary —		173
Bombay E. S. & T. C. Preference...		185
Bombay S. N. Ord.		292 1-2
Treacher and Co		465

RAILWAY.

Tapti Valley	...	570

DAY'S RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of produce into Bombay, during the 24 hours ended at 6 p. m. yesterday :—

Cotton	...	31 bales.
Wheat	...	13,310 cwts.
Linseed	...	5,201 "
Rapeseed	...	318 "
Gingellyseed	...	310 "
Poppyseed	...	Nil.
Groundnuts... ...	...	312 "
Castorseed	...	10,318 "
Rice	...	5,364 "
Myrabollams... ...	...	486 "
Cottonseed	...	1,090 "
Mowrasseed	...	821 "
Gram	...	2,401 "
Joowar	...	777 "
Maize	...	Nil.
Barley ... —	...	4,160 "

YOUR Oldest Photo makes you look youngest, so does Anbry Sisters' Famous Beautifier, a delightful invention that takes the place of both powder and cream without being shiny like the one or greasy like the other. It makes the skin smooth and velvety giving to the complexion a fresh bloom of perfect health. Guaranteed harmless and invisible.—MADON, Co. The Original Madon's, Crawford Market

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

REGULAR daily through Service betweens Bombay and the Principal Cities in the United Provinces, Oudh, the Punjab and North-West Frontier Provinces,

BOGIE STOCK, ELECTRIC LIGHTS AND FANS.

RESTAURANT CAR.

EASE, COMFORT AND LUXURY ENSURED.

TIMINGS

BETWEEN

DOWN H. M.	BOMBAY AND PESHAWAR.	UP H. M.
19-15...Dep.	Bombay .....Arr.	12-35
0-10...Arr.	Manmad..... "	7-16
10-20... "	Bhopal ..... "	21- 5
12-56... "	Bina ..... "	18-35
15-25... "	Jhansi..... "	15-30
17-18... "	Gwalior ..... "	13-43
19-32... "	Agra Cantonment..... "	11-20
20-36... "	Muttra ..... "	10-19
23- 0... "	Delhi .....Dep.	8- 0
23-25...Dep.	Delhi .....Arr.	7-28
2-52...Arr.	Amballa Cantonment..... "	2-51
12-30... "	Simla .....Dep.	15-15
5-29... "	Ludhiana .....Arr.	1-10
5-53... "	Phillaur ..... "	0-53
6-33... "	Jullundur ..... "	0- 9
8- 7... "	Amritsar ..... "	23-34
9-13... "	Lahore..... "	18-13
14-33... "	Lala Musa ..... "	15-35
18-36... "	Rawalpindi..... "	11-29
23-18... "	Peshawar Cantonment...Dep.	6-54

BETWEEN

DOWN H. M.	BOMBAY AND LUCKNOW.	UP H. M.
19-15.....Dep.	Bombay .....Arr.	12-35
16-15..... "	Jhansi..... "	15- 5
18- 7..... Arr.	Orai..... "	13- 8
20-14..... "	Cawnpore ..... "	10-55
21-45..... "	Lucknow..... Dep.	9-45

For up journey read from bottom to top on right hand side.

A. C. Rumboll,
GENERAL TRAFFIC MANAGER.

DEPARTURES.

Per s.s. "Polynesien," Oct. 4.

The following passengers will proceed to Colombo and Australia by the Messageries Maritimes Coy's steamer "Polynesien" to-day from the stream. There will be the usual medical inspection of cabin passengers at Ballard Pier at 5 p.m. Native servants and ayahs and all deck passengers must be at the Prince's Dock Disinfection Shed, at 2 p.m., with all their baggage.

COLOMBO.—Mr R H Webb

HONGKONG.
Mr Ah Lam — Mr Tom Kon
Mr Fok Hoy — Mr Ah Kim
Mr Fok Ming — Mr Fok See
Mr Ho Hue

YOKOHAMA.
Mr A S Isac — Mr S A Chukie

FREMANTLE.
Mr T Woodgate — Mr W J Thompson
Mrs Whiteman and baby — Mr T W Thompson
Mrs Dutolo — Mr C Dalogyan idi
Mrs Cristofore

MELBOURNE.
Mr C Ryan — Mr Mataro
Miss Millet — Mr J Kokinapoulos

ADELAIDE.
Mr J E Hammill — Mr L V Jones

SYDNEY.
The Hon'ble Mr Casy — Mr Camillieri
Mrs Sister Elizabeth — Mr Agnes
Rev Sister Gerard — Mrs Drugle
Rev Sister Amadeus — Mr Drugli and 2 children
Rev Father Ginisty — Mr Vincenja
Rev Father Alles — Mr Roberts
Rev Father Domeld — Mr Ferdinando
Rev Father Daul — Mr H Darnley
Rev Father John — Mr P Harrop
Rev Father Litraun — Mr Francois
Rev Father Gabriel — Mr D S Petrokis
Mr and Mrs Doesy — Mr Pamagnostalu and child
Mr J Jones — Mr Rulla Singh
Mr J Thomas — Mr and Mrs Costopoulos and 3 children
Mr F Dearce — Mr N Cominss
Mr Williams — Mr D Cominos
Mr Lander — Mr A Politis
Mr MacDonnel — Mr G Politis
Mr Angulala — Mr A Protopsalli
Mr Antioti — Mr O Koukoulu and daughter
Mr and Mrs P Stocks daughter and child — Mr D Kildonlos
Mr and Mrs Flynn and 2 children — Mr A Panaretos
Mr A James — Mr Chaya Eavi and child
Miss Carter — Mr Haim Paol and child
Mr and Mrs Curtis and child. — Mr Bendu
Mr Bescherkoff — Mr M Fezlen
Mr E M Pierce — Mr S Indegnosky and 3 children
Mr J Pierce — Mr L Vinsnocourt
Mr R Evans — Mrs J Haritoff
Miss A Cook — Mr Vidalio
Mr E Agland — Mr Ligalio
Mr W Kinder — Mrs O Tsounkoualaki and daughter
Mr Marchioni — Mr Sapakattire
Mr Caelli — Mr S Zagrafon
Mr Vulli — Mr P Seapon
Mrs Guyonvarch — Mr Dimetri Meloras and child
Mr and Mrs Minin — Mr V Valsamis
Mr and Mrs Maisonneure and child — Mr C Mack
Mr Plozza — Mr A W J Mcantura
Mr Georanni — Mrs Michel Olando and child,
Mr Samut — Mr and Mrs Gahamidis and 3 daughters
Mr Camiliere — Mr L Ollando
Mr Beaunono — Mr M Nicolaide
Mr Preck — Mr S Gregorion
Mr Meilack — Mr N Plokos
Mr Gatt. — Mr Gundoo
Mr F Cillon — Mr Munshi
Mr M Ange — Mr Ram Ditta
Mr M Vincenzo — Mr I Dharamdas
Mr Srech — Mr Laboo
Mr Sc.berrai — Mr Indal
Mr A Lemiel — Mr Gurditta
Mr Cauche — Mr Yawalla Singh
Mr Bory — Mr J Gadney
Mr Agun
Mr Cuschieri
Mr Galia
Mr Cremona
Mr Schembi

NOUMEA.
Mr and Mrs Boisivon and 3 children — Mr P Ant
Rev Father Thinon — Mr Boulerand
Mr Guilleanot — Mr and Mrs Gibely
Mr G Lamy — Mr Le Her
Mr Chantelouie — Mr Le Barn
Mr Campos — Mr Mugnerol
Mr M. Vincent — Mrs A Elie
Mr I Joseph — Mr and Mrs Fieldman and 2 children
Mr G Jean

BOMBAY PORT TRUST.

PILOTAGE STATEMENT.

.....	For week ending 29th Sept. 1912.	Total from 1st April to 20th Sept. 1912.	For week ending 29th Sept. 1911.	Total from 1st April to 20th Sept. 1911.
Vessels piloted into harbour.	25	574	24	549
Vessels piloted out of harbour.	19	574	21	569
Vessels transported	15	394	9	367
Vessels attended to	1	53	1	36
Vessels warped	...	43	...	22

SUCCESSFUL ASSURANCE.

Very Satisfactory Report of the Empire of India.

An extraordinary general meeting of the shareholders of the Empire of India Life Assurance Co., Ld., was held yesterday at the company's registered office, No. 11 Elphinstone circle.

Mr. Chabildas Lallooboy, the chairman of the Company, presided.

In presenting the valuation report by Mr. Hardy, the consulting actuary to the company, for the quinquennium ending the 29th February, 1912, the chairman said :—

In moving the adoption of the consulting actuary's report for the third quinquennium as it has been already circulated amongst you I will with your permission take it as read. The result of the valuation of our company, I am sure you will agree with me, is of an exceedingly gratifying nature and eminently satisfactory to shareholders and policy-holders alike. I wish first of all to draw your attention to the fact that we are the first company to issue our valuation report in the form prescribed by the new Life Assurance Company's Act, 1912, and that we have also made our deposits of Rs. 2,00,000 under this Act. Such a good report coming from the pen of Mr. Hardy, who, as you know, is in the front rank of the actuarial world, having been president of the Institute of Actuaries, is bound to carry great weight with the public. Turning to the report you will see that the business has advanced by leaps and bounds, there being an increase of 130 per cent. over the preceding period. The funds, too, have increased in the same rapid manner and to the extent of nearly 400 per cent. It is not out of place to mention here that our funds are all invested in liquid securities, as opposed to landed property, mortgages, etc., and are consequently readily negotiable. The rate of interest was assumed at 3 1-2 per cent., or nearly 3-4 per cent. lower than that actually earned, which gives a substantial margin of profits. The mortality experience of the last quinquennium has been exceedingly good, the total amount of claims being only 70 per cent. of the estimated amount. This has been the uniform experience of the company since its establishment, and may be taken as evidence that due care is exercised in the selection of lives and also that the table of mortality upon which the society is working is a safe one. Notwithstanding the large amount of new business which naturally tends to increase working expenses the expense ratio has been reduced and is regarded as extremely moderate by our actuary and has been very favourably commented on by the insurance press at home. In making the valuation the actuary states that the present report has been made on a rather more stringent basis, but in spite of this, after provision for all liabilities, there remains the handsome surplus of Rs. 3,75,071. He draws attention to the fact that the extent to which the valuation has been strengthened will be appreciated from the fact that the estimated net liability is about Rs. 1,60,000 more than would have been the case had the basis of valuation remained unchanged. The surplus as I have already mentioned, is Rs. 3,75,071, and this amount our actuary advises us to divide in this way :—Rs. 3,33,151 to be taken as representing the divisible profit, of which Rs. 33,315 i. e. 1-10 will fall to the shareholders, and the remaining 9-10 of Rs. 2,99,836 to the policyholders entitled to participate. There will thus remain a balance of Rs. 41,920, out of which it is proposed to pay a month's salary as bonus to the officers and staff, which will leave Rs. 38,149 to be placed to reserve the which now amounts to Rs. 77,618. The amount of the surplus and the division of profits must be regarded as most satisfactory in every respect. It enables us to pay to our shareholders during the current quinquennium a bonus on the paid-up capital of 14 per cent. per annum as against 3 3-4 per cent. in the previous five years and 3-4 per cent. in the five years preceding those. It also enables us to declare a reversionary bonus of 1-2 per cent. per annum on the sum assured on all policies entitled to participate, and to cancel the existing contingency on all bonuses declared at previous valuation, that is to say it is as if a reversionary bonus had been declared on all policies now in force at each of the preceding valuations. It must be remembered that the policy of this company is to give the largest possible immediate assurance at the lowest possible cost consistent with safety. The average premium at present charged by offices doing business in India for a policy of Rs. 1,000 with profits will secure in this company an assurance of from 1,200 to 1,300. The additional Rs. 200 to Rs. 300 is clearly equivalent to an immediate and certain bonus as large as can be looked for only after many years, even in the best offices. In conclusion, I would ask both shareholders and policy-holders to co-operate with us in making known to their friends and acquaintances the very favourable terms of assurance in our company, and the success which continues to attend it, as by so doing they will further the interests of the company, whose prosperity concerns us all, and lay the foundations of further successes in the future.

Mr. G. C. Plinston seconded the proposition, which was carried unanimously.

Mr. Cama proposed, "That out of the surplus of Rs. 3,75,071, the sum of Rs. 2,81, 926 be allotted to policy-holders entitled to participate by way of a reversionary bonus of half per cent. per annum upon the sum assured, and the sum of Rs. 17,900 be applied towards making the existing bonus additions absolute instead of contingent, and that the sum of Rs. 33,315 be allotted to shareholders and paid as a bonus at the rate of 14 per cent. per annum on the paid-up capital during the 5 years commencing 1st March, 1912. Further, that the sum of Rs. 3,771 be allotted as a bonus equal to one month's salary to the officers and staff, and the balance of Rs. 38,149 be carried to the reserve fund."

He said that it was but fitting that the outside world should know that the business of this assurance company was carried on in the most economical lines and that the business of the company had been increasing year by year for the last fifteen years. Referring to the distribution of bonus, Mr. Cama pointed out that the directors had under consideration the question of modifying the present method of distribution of surplus to policyholders, with the intention of granting reversionary bonuses which would no longer be contingent as at present, upon the premiums paid under the policy accumulating with interest to the amount of the sum assured. In spite of the fact that the rates of the company were low as compared with those of other companies, the management being economical, the company were able to work at a profit, which redounded to the credit of the company in all its departments. The mortality table employed in the valuation was the same as that used on previous occasions upon which the premiums of the company were based. The experience of the company showed that this was a safe standard to adopt. Mr. Cama urged that greater publicity than now should be given to this report, so that the public at large might know that there was in Bombay, an assurance company in which they could at low rates obtain a very safe assurance. The surplus of Rs. 3,75,071 ought to be considered a very satisfactory result of the working of the company.

Mr. Chambers seconded the proposition, which was also carried unanimously.

The usual compliment to the chair terminated the proceedings.

The Maharajah of Aliwar, who had been paying a visit in Scotland, returned to London on September 7th, where he was to stay for a few days before proceeding to Paris and Spain, en route for India.

Paris to Saigon.—The French authorities in Indo-China have somehow become convinced that the proposed Trans-Persian railway will shortly become a settled fact. At the moment they are doing their utmost to bring about a decision in favour of connecting Saigon with Korat by rail, but the conservative Siamese strongly object to the suggestion. The French are, however, confident that with the completion of the Siamese lines, and taking the Trans-Persian project for granted, a Paris-Saigon connection will be possible before the end of the next decade.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS :—Are you broken in your best by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep, by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other cases. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by Medicine dealers everywhere.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcement of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS and MEMORIAM NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender, Re. 2 for six lines or less, and 8as. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

DEATHS.

MARSTON—September 15, at Bareilly, T D Marston, late Assist. Supdt., Govt. Telegraphs, in his 63rd year.

TRESHAM—September 22, at Gray Castle Nursing Home after a short illness, H A Tresham, of Cawnpore, aged 42 years.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Rovers Tournament, 5-15 p. m.—Gymkhana vs. Cheshires.
English mail steamer due at 6 a. m.
America-India Cinematograph, three shows nightly.
Excelsior Cinematograph, Novelty Theatre, 7 to 8; 8-30 to 9-30; 10 to 11.

Maxim : "It is the business of commercial men to anticipate wants."—System.

ENGLISH MAILS.

DEPARTURES.

The P. and O. Co's mail steamer "Egypt" will leave Bombay harbour at 2-39 p.m. to-morrow.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE.

The following are the hours of arrival and departure of the principal Mail trains and Express trains at and from Victoria Terminus and Colaba daily. Standard Time is given in all cases :—

G. I. P. RAILWAY.

	Arr.	Dep.
Punjab Mail	... 12-35	19-15
Calcutta Mail (via Jubbulpur)	... 13-20	21-15
Calcutta Mail (via Nagpur)	... 8-30	14-0
Madras Mail	... 6-0	22-0
Poona Mail	... 11-10	14-45
Delhi Express (3rd and Inter. class).	6-50	7-30
Poona Express	... 19-35	8-0
Manmad Express ...	... 12-20	14-25

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

	Arr.	Dep.
Northern Express ...	... 7-30	21-0
Guzerat Mail	... 8-35	21-50
Third Class Express ...	... 6-45	17-0
Weekly Boat Express every Friday (from 18th October to 27th December 1912)	... .	12-0

BAND AT THE YACHT CLUB.—The Band of the 1st Battalion, the Royal Warwickshire Regiment, will play the following programme of music, commencing at 6 p.m. this evening :—

March.....Father Rhine.....Lincke
Valse .....Passing of Salome ... ...Joyce
Selection.....La Boheme .....Puccini
Song .....The Lost Chord .....Sullivan
Idyll .....A Lancashire Ramble .....Arthur
Movement de Valse .....Trista.....Sibelius
Selection.....Princess Caprice .....Fall

S. J. J. CHARITABLE DISPENSARY, PORBUNDAR.—During the month of September the total number of patients that were treated in this Dispensary was 4,174 among them the number of new admissions was 1,559 classified as below:—Hindoos, 3,498; Mussalman, 645; other castes, 31; total 4,174. The average daily attendance was 139.

A PORTUGUESE FUNCTION.—To-morrow, the 5th of October, being the

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The B.I. S. N Co's steamer Itaura, 3362 tons Captain P. E. Lyne, sailed yesterday for Java with ballast.

The steamer Athenic, 2,618 tons, Captain J. S Tennell, sailed yesterday for Bagnoli, with a general cargo.

The Asiatic S. N. Co's steamer Rajah, 3634 tons, Captain J. Thomson, arrived in harbour on Wednesday from Samarinya with a cargo of sugar.

The steamer Welsh Prince, 3,317 tons, Captain T. Hodson, sailed yesterday for Hull and Dunkirk with a general cargo and 5 deck passengers.

The B. I. S. N. Co's steamer Dwarka, 759 tons, Captain W. Moxon, sailed yesterday for the Persian Gulf via Karachi &c. with a general cargo and passengers.

The B. I. S. N. Co's steamer Putiala 1929 tons, Captain H. Bamber, sailed on Wednesday for the Persian Gulf &c. with a general cargo.

The Asiatic S. N. Co.'s steamer Begum, 2942 tons, Captain H. J. Crebbin, arrived in harbour yesterday from Calcutta via Coast Ports, with a general cargo and 12 deck passengers.

The steamer Sutherland 2277 tons, Captain A. Longstaff, arrived in harbour on Wednesday from Calcutta with a cargo of coal.

The steamer Gerd, 2.050 tons, Captain A. M. Andreasen, arrived in harbour, yesterday from Bangkok, with cargo of coal.

The steamer Umona, 2,388 tons, Captain W. G. Rivers, arrived in harbour yesterday from Natal with ballast, 2 cabin and 16 deck passengers.

The Messageries Maritimes Co's steamer Polynesien 3,546 tons, Captain Lassince, arrived in harbour yesterday from Marseilles, with a general cargo and passengers.

MEN-OF-WAR & ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIP.

Rewa .....T Kerr ....Transport
B I M S Northbrook...Comdr A E Harold..... ...Troopship

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—Oct. 3.

Assaye .....4339 Cockman ...Sghai... 23-10 ...P & O Co
Banca .....3794 Poter .....P & O Co
Baron Ogilvy.....2908 Bridge .....T M & Co
Baroda .....1899 Penny .....M M & Co
Begum .....2942 Crebbin .....P M & Co
Edith .....1815 Beeching .....Repairing .....
J Mackintosh Co
Egypt.....4207 Summers.....London.....P & O Co
Gymeric.....2598 Cassack .....B N Lang
Glenclunv.....3067 White.....T M & Co
Gramsbergen.....3157 Goot .....T M & Co
Itaura.....3362 Lyne .....M M & Co
Kola .....510 Bitze .....M M & Co
Lawoe.....1817 Brewig .....Arab Steamers Ld
Nawab.....2041 Kass.....T M and Co
Nurani.....2870 White.....Calcutta...T M & Co
Polynesien .....3343 Lassince.....Noumea.....4-10...
M Maritimes Co
Shirley.....2192 Stone .....T M & Co
Silversh.....2,378 Scraggiel .....T M & Co
Sutherland.....2277 Longstaff .....W & A G & Co
Sevlagan .....3,391 Creagh .....
Umona .....2388 Rivers ..L'pool...W & A G & Co
Waddon.....2576 Whiston.....P and O Co

VESSELS IN DOCK.—Oct. 3.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessels.	Tons.	Capts.	Dest.	Date.	Agents.
A Den of Crombie	3123	Jarvis			K N & Co
C&E City of Calcutta	4886	Elliott		11-10	K N & Co
D&E Athenic	2628	Penwill			S Smidt & Co
F Clan Mathewson	3052	Harris			J Finlay & Co
H Rehmani	1872	Green	Jeddah		Bo S N Co Ld
K Bo Maru	3398	Naguchi	Kobe		N Y Kaisha
M Koweit	2336	Coates			Arab Steamers Ld
O President	086	Schutt	Z'bar		4-10
					A Strandes & Co
P Kattentorm	3471	Volkmann			Hamburg W & A G & Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

2 Circassia	4326	Osborne	L'pool	9-10 W & A G & Co
3 Rajah	3634	Thomson	Java	7-10 T M and Co
4 Gedding Court	2495	Gleghorn	Antwerp	J M & Co
5 Palamostta	2207	Catbush	Durban	M M & Co
7 Semiramis	2552	Belaffer		A L S N Co
10&11 India	4173	Gordon	Shanghai	9-10 P & O S N Co
Stanley Hall	2,690	Meria	Marseilles	K Nixon & Co

H W P D

Ponani	552	Dawood	5-10 Bo S N Co
Sabarmati		Ahmed	Bo S N Co

M M D D

Strathleven	2845	Brown	Philadelphia W and A G and Co

H W V D

Linga	957	Elton	M M and Co

ARRIVALS.

Oct	Vessels.	Commanders.	From.
2	Rajah	Thomson	Sour'bya Aug 30
	Sutherland	Longstaff	Calcutta Sept 21
3	Begum	Crebin	Calcutta Sept 8
	Umona	Rivers	Natal Sept. 14
	Gerd	Andreasen	Bangkok Sept 12
	Polynesien	Lassince	Marlles Sept 18
	Nippon	Tara Bochia	Trieste
	Bassano		Hull

DEPARTURES.

Oct	Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination.
2	Putiala	Bamber	Persian Gulf
3	Welsh Prince	Hodson	Hull &c
	Dwarka	Moxon	Bareh &c
	Itaura	Lyne	Java

The steamer Athenic, Captain Penwell, obtained her particlemance yesterday for Bognoli.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The B I S N Co's steamer Chapra, left Gibraltar, on the evening of the 1st October.

The German East Africa Line steamer Kanzler, left Mombasa for Bombay yesterday, via Lamu.

The Societa' Nazionale Di Servizi Mrittimi Co's steamer Sicilia, from Bombay arrived at Naples on the 2nd instant.

DAILY EXPORTS, OCT. 3.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Circassia s—37 bales wool, E Shewjee ; 137 cwts cottonseed, E Maloobhai; 10 bales wool, The Bombay Co ; 37 bales hides, V Esmail and Co; 82 bales wool, N Kairaz and 38 bales wool, M Sabia ; 50 bales cottonwaste, H E Bode and Sons.

City of Calcutta s—10,000 cwts wheat, Sanday and Co.

FOR LONDON.

Egypt s—16 bales hides and skins, E M Kooka ; 2 1-2 cwts ivory, E Mahomed ; 4 1-2 cwts ivory, J Tatia.

FOR PHILADELPHIA.

Circassia s—116 casks skins, Enrico N Stein.

FOR MANCHESTER.

Circassia s—10 bales twist, E D Sassoon and Co.

FOR HAMBURG.

Geddington Court s—201 cwts mustardseed, A Blascheck and Co ; 400 cwts cashewnuts, E Jeewandas and Co ; 1 bales cotton, F F Campbell and Co ; 950 cwts rapeseed, N Khataw.

FOR GENOA.

Den of Crombie s—500 bales cotton, Walter Pavri and Co; 6,002 cwts linseed, A Blascheck and Co; 4,000 cwts linseed and 2,000 cwts grain, Ralli Bros, 50 bales cotton, G Dossa and Co.

FOR TRIESTE.

Semiramis s—150 bales cotton, W Wolf and Sons.

FOR NAPLES.

Den of Crombie s—200 bales cotton, W Wolf and Sons.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Circassia s—230 cwts cashewnuts, E Jewandas and Co; 200 cwts gum, M Jafferbhoy.

FOR VENICE.

Semiramis s—125 cwts gum, M Jafferbhoy.

FOR HONGKONG.

India s—110 cwts byabole, A H Mowjee and Co; 400 bales twist, M M Esabhoy; 115 cwts sharkfins and 7 cwts fishmows, M J Joomabhoy and Co.

Nippon s—550 bales twist, E D Sassoon and Co; 50 bales twist, E D Sassoon and Co.

Bombay Maru s—24 cwts dry fruit, S Nazir.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Nippon s—1,300 bales twist, E D Sassoon and Co;

STANDARD OIL CO. OF NEW YORK,
MARSHALL'S BUILDING,
BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY.

GRAND	Price. Rs. a. p.	
Snowflake 150 deg.	6 0 2	per case.
White Rose 150 deg.	5 12 2	do.
Chester 125 deg.	4 12 2	do.
Devoe's Brilliant 125 deg.	4 8 2	do.
Tiger 125 deg.	4 8 2	do.
Monkey Brand 125 deg.	4 6 2	do.
White Camelia 125 ° (in tins.)	4 0 0	per 2 tins.
Camel Brand 125 ° (in tins).	4 0 0	do.
Elephant Brand 125 ° (in tins)	4 0 0	do.
do. Brand 125 ° (in bulk)	3 6 0	per 8 gallons

The Company's Local Agents sell all or any of the above oils at the prices stated. Deliveries of bulk oil on Malabar Hill and Cumballa Hill are made at half an anna extra charge for coolie hire to cover the increased cost of haulage.

All case oil sold by Standard Oil Co. of New York IS IMPORTED IN CASES.

Bandra Agent adds one anna to the above prices excepting for bulk

Cooria and [illegible] Agents add one anna and Thana Agent adds 2 [illegible] to the above prices.

Order books supplied gratis on application.

BOMBAY GAZETTE
CHRISTMAS NUMBER.
PRELIMINARY NOTICE.

THE Literary Supplement of the *Bombay Gazette*, for publication in November, will be one of more than usual attractiveness and contain STORIES BY THE BEST WRITERS OF THE DAY.

Among these will be found G. R. SIMS, A and C. ASKEW, Sir A. QUILLER COUCH, J. H. McCARTHY, KATHARINE TYNAN, BARRY PAIN, DOROTHEA DEAKIN and HAROLD BLINDLOSS.

In addition it will have numerous pages of SKETCHES BY WELL-KNOWN ARTISTS, including HILDA COWHAM, A. E. MORTON, WILL OWEN and J. DODWORTH. It will in every way surpass its predecessors.

Advertisement space is limited and much is already taken up ; it is therefore desirable that application should be made early to the

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"Bombay Gazette" Office, Fort

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NOTICE.

THE FILE of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" may be seen at the Office of the GENERAL MANAGER of "The Empire Ld.," at No, 25 and 26, Waterloo Street and the File of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of "The Bombay Gazette, Ld."

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At the Leipsic Conservatorium, the leading and celebrated musical institution of Germany of which Mendelssohn was the first director, nearly
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The extraordinary capacity of these instruments for standing in tune is a feature of very great importance in India. The tropical models of
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NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

*** All communications of a literary character should be addressed to the Editor, and all communications regarding Advertisements and Business matters generally, should be addressed to the General Manager. Communications should not be addressed to any individual members of the staff.

Postal letters and covers should be addressed Box 209 General Post Office, Bombay.

The Bombay Gazette.
Friday, 4th October, 1912.

COMPULSORY FIRE INQUESTS.

THE Home Office in London is being asked for a Bill giving powers to coroners or their deputies, when necessary with an assessor, to hold public inquiries on all fires reported by the police authorities as suspicious or preventible. Such inquiries would bring to light many attempted frauds on Insurance Companies, arson and criminal misconduct, and assuming a Bill is presented and passed by Parliament, it would be well to watch the progress of the measure with a view to its application to the needs of this country. All fires are not accidental ; the theory of spontaneous combustion is not applicable to every variety of merchandise, but present methods of investigation fail to arrive at actual facts in numerous cases. Public inquiries would elicit much truth, and we imagine Insurance Companies would welcome their institution. Among the functions of coroner's courts from remote times in England, was the holding of legal inquiries in any part of the kingdom, where serious fires occurred and that right prevailed up to the close of the thirteenth century, when it fell into abeyance until 1845. In that year the Lord Mayor and Common Council of the City of London resumed the right to hold inquiries within the city precincts and delegated the duty to the coroner. In seventy-one of his enquiries, conducted with the first five years, it was found that thirty-four fires were accidental, twenty-eight unknown and nine wilful or incendiary. Two men were transported for life as the result of one inquest. But in 1850, the question arose as to whether the coroner possessed adequate legal rights and the authorities decided to discontinue the inquests. An Act of 1887, consolidating various Acts defining coroners' duties, omitted mention of the right to hold inquests in case of serious fires when called upon by the local authority of any county, city or borough. But the following year the City of London obtained an exclusive Act which, it is asserted, has undoubtedly assisted in safe-guarding from fire dangers, the enormous wealth in property and goods contained in the city. The Act has been in force for twenty-three years and a Departmental Committee reported having come to the conclusion that the system of fire inquests had worked well in the City of London and that the benefit of the system ought to be extended to the country at large.

Lieutenant-Colonel Fox, Chief of the London Salvage Corps, strongly supported the above recommendation and stated "a great many suspected cases of arson have come under my notice; it is very difficult to prove arson, but not so difficult to detect it; many cases are within my knowledge where I have been perfectly satisfied that the premises have been wilfully fired. I have been as sure of it as if I had seen the act committed." With Dr. Waldo, the coroner, Colonel Fox agreed that the inquests were most powerful in preventive results and that the adoption of the Act in principle could not fail to produce similar effects in the country generally. In his report for last official year, Dr. Waldo records the holding of 152 fire inquests and devoting a considerable portion of his time and energies to the subject of these inquiries in the city, including a personal investigation into them. "The system of personal investigation at the site of the fires has been the means of preventing the oversight of any case of fire which should be publicly inquired into, whilst at the same time, the cause of many fires has been thereby ascertained and the expense of unnecessary inquests prevented." For it is not in all cases that an inquiry is necessary, appearances speaking for themselves as to the origin of some of them. There is some opposition to the proposal to extend the London measure to the whole of England, though the dissentients agree that safeguarding life and property from the ravages of fire is a paramount duty in which no loopholes should be made for evasion. They acknowledge the success of the London Act and that the arguments in favour of its general adoption are very strong; but they object to arming coroner's courts with additional powers, unless such powers are checked by rate-payers through County Councils or Municipal Corporations or by restraining influence such as an appeal to a judicial authority. This, however, could be ensured in the Bill and need not be too seriously taken into consideration—the reference to a High Court being preferable.

As a preliminary to compulsion an adoptive Act is suggested—empowering any county or borough council to adopt to its own district provisions framed on the lines of the City of London Act. But against this it is urged that the probable waste of time involved would not recommend the suggestion to the favourable consideration of practical social reformers and Dr. Waldo pronounces the plan a mistake "as it would probably be used to postpone this useful measure for many years." The advantages of the proposal are obvious. A coroner's inquiry would be able to deal with cases more effectually than is possible under present system. Now the police investigate fires, endeavour to ascertain the cause and report to their superior officers. If the police contemplate a prosecution, they can only request possible witnesses to make a voluntary statement. Unlike the coroner, they cannot administer an oath, and take a statement for what it is worth, for the person is not compelled to give evidence. The consequence is that the coroner's procedure is calculated to get nearer the truth. On the continent they are in advance of England in the matter of fire investigation, and it is not unusual to withhold payment of claims for losses until the production of a certificate from the police that the origin was accidental or unavoidable; while in France the tenant or occupier is liable for all damage caused by the fire to the property of others unless he can prove that it was caused by some structural defect for which he was not responsible—in which case the liability falls on the owner. The majority of fires are acknowledged to be of accidental origin, largely due to ignorance or carelessness. But there are others and in the interests of the general public as well as of the Insurance Companies, it would be well if the movement at Home is not allowed to flag.

THE JURY SYSTEM. TRIAL by jury is one of the proudest boasts of the British judicial system, and yet there is probably no public service—which is so much vilified by those who have to perform it, and in connection with which there are more genuine grievances. Why there should be such great reluctance to amend the jurors' lot, it is difficult to understand, but we notice that the Trade Unions Congress passed a comprehensive resolution on the jury system at its recent meetings, which, it may be hoped, will drag the question into greater prominence than it has so far succeeded in attaining. Complaint at Home, it appears, is growing more serious. It is not confined to the treatment, which the juror receives from the authorities, but extends to the manner in which he performs—or, it is suggested, misperforms—his duties. The public recollection, a legal correspondent tells us, is still fresh as to the glaring inequality of the treatment meted out in recent years by special juries in the High Court to suitors of different political complexions, and wonder at the whereabouts and inactivity of the Special Committee on Juries is giving place to keen resentment. If the resolution of the Trade Unions Congress does nothing else, the same writer continues, the stimulus it should provide to the somnolent Juries Committee will be a public service. Two particular proposals contained in the Labour resolution deserve special attention at the hands of the authorities. The first asks for the abolition of separate lists of common and special jurors, and the second demands adequate payment for jury service. These proposals are intimately connected, for the first makes the second inevitable. Whether the interests of justice are conserved by the distinction between common and special juries, opinion in legal quarters is not agreed; but the view that it is not, grows in favour, although it is not uneconnected with an increasing scepticism as to the value of the jury system itself. We shall hope to see shortly that this agitation has had some effect, and if the juror's lot and the juror's work can be improved in Britain, it may draw more forceful attention to the defects of the system as it exists in India, where complaint can be made on both the grounds to which we have referred.

INDIAN PRINTING TRADE. A CURIOUS complaint has just been put on the Ceylon official records by the Government Printer in Ceylon. He stated in the course of a recent report that for the first time in the history of his department, difficulty had been experienced in obtaining skilled labour for the composing branch ; work has sometimes been delayed in consequence, he says, and urgent matters have not always received such prompt attention and expeditious treatment as are desirable. Owing to the spread of education and the growing prosperity of the Island there are increasing demands for books, newspapers, magazines; new printing offices have sprung up in many directions, and old establishments have been enlarged, the result being that the demand for compositors has been greater than the supply, even indifferent workmen finding no difficulty in obtaining constant employment; yet according to the Census returns there were 355 more printers and compositors in Ceylon in 1911 than there were in 1901—811 in 1901 against 1,166 in 1911, an increase of 43 per cent. We do not think the Ceylon Government Printer is alone in his trouble. In India it is not always possible to fill the demand in our printing offices. The demand increases every year, for, although mechanical type-setters are becoming more popular and more widely used. work is also on the increase and the relief secured through the use of the machines is negatived. The trouble really is that seats in offices are more popular among the classes from which compositors ought to be recruited. Young men who can boast some education prefer the pen to the composing stick, the office to the case-room—we suppose, because clerking is considered more in keeping with social aspirations, and also because it is supposed to hold out more possibilities of lucrative employment. The result is that not only is the printing trade sometimes short of labour, but the Indian compositor is rarely educated and when he is not a Goan, almost entirely without knowledge of the English language.

THE PORK MARKET. WHAT has happened to arouse our Corporation to such unusual activity? Long standing grievances of venerable age are being removed. Not long ago the Corporation decided to provide the people of Malabar Hill with a market, thus giving way to intercessions, which have been made for ten years. Now another matter of fifteen years' standing has been disposed of. Many people may not be aware of it, but in Trinity Lane, near Marine Lines, in a quarter which is principally inhabited by Goanese and Native Christians, there is a pork market. Here fifteen years ago the carcases of pigs were exposed to the public gaze in a manner, which was offensive to the Indian communities. Mahomedans refused to pass the place, and Hindus and Parsis, only a little less susceptible, found the exhibition most disgusting. As it was in a spot, where it was in full view of many people taking their evening airing in Queen's Road, an outcry was raised, and in respect of this a screen was erected before the stalls, on which the pig's flesh was exposed for sale. Another matter, however, received no atttention. People, Indians and Europeans, bitterly complained of the disturbance which they had to suffer from the screams and squeals of dying pigs in the early hours of the morning. That was fifteen years ago, and the nuisance has been allowed to continue ever since. Now, at last, the Municipal Commissioner has announced that the killing of swine will no longer be permitted in this place, but must be done at some site in the northern part of the island, where it will not incommode anyone. We are glad that Mr. Cadell is looking into and redressing these local, but none the less legitimate, grievances.

THE HOME RULE CAMPAIGN. WE must wait until Parliament reassembles before we can hope to obtain anything authoritative regarding the intentions of the Government in the matter of pushing forward the Home Rule measure. Sir Edward Carson and his sensational methods in opposition are beginning to fall flat, and nobody will regard seriously his latest declaration that he is prepared to take the consequences of an anarchist propaganda. More to the point is the statement, made at Bishop Auckland by Mr. Pike Pease, that he had been told on high authority that the King had received a pledge that Home Rule should be submitted to the people before it becomes law. No other course is open, although Mr. McKenna has come out with a ready denial of the statement. The House of Lords, attenuated though its powers may be, still has sufficient power effectually to block the measure for two years, and we do not imagine the most optimistic supporter of the Government believes Mr. Asquith can weather the growing storm for so long. If such a pledge has been given to His Majesty there seems little doubt that it will be kept, for however unwilling the Ministry may be to test the constituencies, they will be compelled to do so long before the Home Rule measure can become law.

THE Bank of Bombay yesterday raised its rate of interest on demand loans on Government paper to four per cent.

THE P. and O. Company's s.s. "Salsette" with the homeward mails of the 28th ultimo, arrived at Aden at 3 p.m. on Wednesday, the 2nd instant.

THE P. and O. Company's s.s. "Moldavia," with the outward mails of the 27th ultimo, passed Suez at 6 a.m. on Thursday, the 3rd instant.

THE Anjuman Hamayat Islam, Lahore, has received from the Punjab Government the promise of a grant of Rs. 25,000 towards the completion of the Rivaz hostel of the Islamia College, Lahore.

A SECURITY of Rs 50 has been demanded by the District Magistrate, Delhi, from the Hindi journal, *Sat Dharam Pracharak*, edited by Mahatma Munshiram of Gurukul, Hardwar, on the transfer of the press and the paper to Delhi.

DURING the week ending 28th September the total plague mortality for all India stood at 1,542 against 2,915 cases. The provincial figures were:—Bombay 734, Madras 62, Bengal 5, Bihar 44, United Provinces 128, the Punjab 11, Burma 23, Central Provinces 9, Mysore 175, Hyderabad 261, Central India 64, Rajputana 26.

THE *Pioneer* says, the Government of India have had under consideration for some time the report of Colonel Atkinson, R. E., and Mr. T. S. Dawson, on the possibilities of employment for technically trained Indians. It is understood that the report is of a very practical kind which implies that valuable suggestions have been made.

THE Karachi Chamber of Commerce has informed the Jodhpur Durbar, on the subject of the proposed direct broad-gauge railway between Karachi and Delhi via Jodhpur, that the Chamber favours a line giving the shortest lead (namely 700 miles), which should be wholly independent in regard to its entrance into Delhi of any railway system serving Calcutta or Bombay. After such a line has been built the Chamber would favour a second arm branching from Jodhpur to Aligarh or Cawnpore.

WOMEN'S INTERESTS

(FROM OUR LADY CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, SEPT. 13.

ROYALTY.

THE King and Queen have been leading their usual quiet existence at Balmoral, and His Majesty has had good sport of very cold and unfavourable weather. The Prince of Wales and Prince Alexander had some stags to their own rifles, the latter universally being lucky in grassing more than any sportsmen. Prince Henry has accompanied one or other of his elder brothers on their stalks but has not yet joined them in real earnest. The Queen, it is said, has taken to golf for the first time. It should prove a great interest at Balmoral, where the links are excellent. Princess Mary has played a very good game ever since she was quite a little girl, as she has had much practice on the links in the park at Sandringham.

THE KAISER'S CARES.

The Berlin correspondent of the *Revues Wiener Journal* learns from well-informed personage in Court circles that the health of Princess Louise, the only daughter of the Kaiser, is causing some anxiety. The Princess has for years suffered from a chronic ear trouble. The Kaiser himself had a similar trouble for many years, but a cure was effected through his cruises in northern waters The Kaiserin's health is still indifferent. The cure for reducing weight which she went through ten years ago produced heart trouble. The Empress now suffers from weakness and nervous depression which have not been got rid of as a result of the Nauheim cure. To add to the Kaiser's worries relations between him and his eldest son are becoming more strained. Mr. Alfred H. Fried, who won a Nobel peace prize, has collected under the title of "The German Emperor and the Peace of the World" (Hodder and Stoughton) a series of utterances of the Kaiser with the object of showing that the "War Lord" of Europe has worked consistently in the interests of peace, not having broken the peace of Europe since his accession. The author labours to explain that the Emperor has been misunderstood, and draws attention to the series of personal acts by which he has broken down much of the old hostility of France and Germany. But he is quite frank on the Emperor's policy of powerful armaments as the best guarantee of peace. This maxim the author hopes may presently become obsolete, following the theory of Mr. Norman Angell, author of "The Great Illusion," who writes an appreciative preface.

A VERSATILE DUKE.

A good story is told of the Duke of Argyll. The Duke's attire is not always in accord with his station, and one morning on making enquiry as to who was the owner of a fine Kensington mansion that he saw was to let, the head of the proud house of Argyll received a shock, for the milkman whom he asked replied "I dunno who the owner is, but it ain't likely 'e'd let the 'ouse to the likes o' you 'an me, ole pal."

FASHIONS.

Paris correspondents to English papers have a way of dazzling us by descriptions of Paris fashions, and referring coolly to extravagances in dress which, if they were commonly perpetrated would make even the mildest of us think that it was time for another revolution. A visit to Paris is reassuring, for at first sight what strikes one most about the well-dressed Parisian is the excessive sobriety and neatness of her clothes, and one looks in vain for the garments described by the Paris correspondent. Stockings spun out of gold thread, costing £10 to £20 a pair, are probably, in spite of this informant not generally worn. The announcement, however "gives to think." To what extent are people justified in spending money on luxuries in food and clothes ? I suppose it must be left to the individual conscience, but I pity the woman who has gold stockings on her feet when she is unexpectedly confronted with some spectacle of human misery caused simply and solely by poverty. What is correct pronunciation ? In France the correct pronunciation of words is determined by the Parisian, and a Parisian accent is the accent that every one covets. So far as I know, the Parisian is not at all rigid about his pronunciation, and shows no veneration for the past in deciding what is correct.. In England the past still exerts a powerful influence, and the people who speak English most correctly pronounce "Pall Msll" "Pell Mell," for instance, because on referring to Pepys and Gay, they find that the "best" people in the seventeenth and eighteenth centuries pronounced it like that. The correct pronunciation of a word ought, one would think, to be the best customary pronunciation; but it would be rash to take this as a rule in England. The customary pronunciation of "Caroline" is to sound the last syllable as if it were "line ;" but in the "best" circles it is sounded as if there were no "e" and the eyebrows of the "best" are raised if you pronounce it otherwise. In fact "Caroline" is a test of where you were born and brought up.

GIRLS OF TO-DAY.

An analysis of modern feministic tendencies in England appears in the "New York American" to-day in the form of an interview with Dr. Henry Head, of London, the specialist in nervous diseases, who to-day receives the degree of LL.B. of Fordham University, New York. Dr. Head was asked "Is the evolution of modern woman going to be for the betterment of the race?" "I am tempted to say that if the young woman of to-day continues as she is going, there will be no human family to worry about," he replied. "I am dealing particularly with middle-class English girls and woman who are brought up in an environment which makes for intelligence, education, and more or less culture, and who go to college from homes that have always stood for the best blood of the country. They are women who cannot and do not live idle lives, but who have migrated from the home into outside pursuits because they prefer independence and economic freedom to everything else. "These women are splendidly endowed physically and mentally. They have physical beauty unsurpassed, and every equipment of brain and body to give them poise and charm, but they prefer to earn, say, £200 a year and live independently to marrying a man whose earning capacity is scarcely more than their own. The life of this modern young Englishwoman, independent of marriage, is ideal from her new standpoint, which takes not the slightest notice of the race and its nature. "Owing to the absolute disappearance of the old-time chaperon system in vogue during my boyhood, these young women are hampered in no way in living their own lives as they see fit. They have become their own moral mentors. They make their own personal living codes. They have their own rooms, and come and go as they please. They earn and spend unquestioned their own money, and live unquestioned their own lives. They have their undisturbed romances. They have far more pleasant and untrammelled relationship with men than their mothers had; but they do not care to take up the obligations of wifehood and motherhood.

NO QUESTION OF 'INTENTIONS.'

"Association with this brilliant, beutiful, self-reliant, modern, economically, and morally unfledged woman makes the man who is her companion more polished, and gives him a poise, a level-headedness, unknown to men of a former generation. The modern Englishman is a far different creature from the wild, full-blooded creature his father was. He enters into companionship with a young woman without the slightest regard to what it may lead to, for there is no chaperon to ask him what his intentions are, and the girl neither cares nor asks what are his intentions. She drifts along in his congenial society. Occasionally there is a ripple when word comes to them that Frank, Ethel's young man, is going to marry. 'Too bad, when they've been friends for many years,' the comment goes, and Ethel looks for another congenial companion." Dr. Head declares that in this respect the relationship of the sexes in England is going through a revolution as important to the world's history as the French Revolution. "The Englishwoman," he concludes, "is in the melting-pot. What her future will be we cannot tell." Compared with this bloodless revolution in social conditions and readjustment in the standards of morals, he thinks the woman suffrage question antique.

THE RACES.

There were two topics of conversation at Doncaster yesterday, the first was the weather and the second the attention of the committee and the Ladies' Stand. With regard to the weather it was generally conceded that a colder day had never been known for the Leger week ; it was so bitterly cold that most of the ladies present wore fur coats and stoles, and one or two muffs were actually carried, and this in September, too. It is true there was no rain, which is something to be thankful for ; but gloomy sky and the bitter cold wind had an appreciable effect on the attendance, and many well-known people were absent. In North Yorkshire snow and sleet fell, and a strong and bitterly cold wind was blowing. Up to noon the temperature in London exactly corresponded with that on Chrismas eve last year.

FASHION.

Whatever may be the changes in fashion, there is not the least inclination to depart from the line of the slender silhouette this autumn, and every woman who is the sad possessor of superfluous inches is anxious to try some method of getting rid of this extra weight. She may sigh at the thought of a reducing diet or of strenuous exercises and naturally wishes to find the shortest cut to slenderness. One of the favourite cures at the present moment is the practice of sea bathing where seaweed is present in large quantities. The seaweed should be of the familiar bladder-wrack kind a species common enough on the Irish coast and also in Brittany. The bather must use the seaweed as a sponge, squeezing the moisture out of the little vessels and literally washing herself with it. She then stays in the water about a quarter of an hour, and again uses the seaweed as a sponge; but this, of course, depends on her powers of resistance ; she must by no means stop in the water till she is chilled.

THE BOMBAY SERVICES.

The Honourable Mr. Justice Louis P. Russell, Barrister-at-Law, has resigned the office of a Judge of His Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Bombay.

Mr. H. L. Harvey, I. C. S., Judge, and Sessions Judge, Sholapur, is granted, with effect from the 23rd September combined leave for six months.

Mr. F. W. Gerrard, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Thana, is granted with effect from the 1st November or subsequent date combined leave for six months.

The notifications granting leave to Mr. E. M. Pratt, I. C. S., Judicial Commissioner of Sind, and making appointments during his absence on leave are cancelled.

Mr. G. A. Laughton, Assistant Collector of Salt Revenue, Uran Range, was allowed privilege leave for six weeks from 9th August.

Mr. W. F. Moore acted as Assistant Collector of Salt Revenue, Uran Range, from 9th August to 19th September, both days inclusive, during the absence on leave of Mr. G. A. Laughton.

Mr. A. F. Maconochie, I. C. S., Collector of Ahmednagar, is granted combined leave for two years.

Mr. G. C. Leach, Inspector of Mines, 2nd and 3rd Circles, is granted privilege leave for three months combined with leave on medical certificate for nine months, with effect from the 26th September of such subsequent date as he may avail himself of it.

The Rev. C. R. Ryall, Chaplain on duty at the Presidency, to be Chaplain of Poona vice the Venerable Archdeacon W. A. Dickins.

The Rev. W. J. M. Kennelly, Chaplain of Byculla, has been appointed to officiate as Archdeacon and Commissary to the Bishop of Bombay with effect from the 14th September during the absence of the Venerable Archdeacon W.A. Dickins on leave, pending further orders.

The Rev. E. S. J. D'Alessio, Chaplain of Mahableshwar 'cum' Satara, to be Chaplain of Kirkee vice the Reverend G. R. A. Courtice proceeding on leave.

The Rev. E. E. Hill, Domestic Chaplain to the Right Rev. the Lord Bishop of Bombay, to be Chaplain of Mahabaleshwar 'cum' Satara in addition to his own duties.

The Rev. G. R. A. Courtice, Chaplain of Kirkee, is granted combined leave for one year and seven days.

Captain and Honorary Major Dangerfield, V. D., 2nd Battalion, G. I. P. Railway Volunteer Rifles, is granted thirteen months' leave out of India, with effect from 9th October or date of departure.

Mr. J. H. Garrett, Assistant Collector and Magistrate, First Class, to be a Sub-Divisional Magistrate for the Yeola Sub-Division.

Mr. H. A. McArthur, Sub-Engineer, First Grade, is posted to the Karachi Buildings District.

Mr. H. A. McArthur, Sub-Engineer First Grade, is transferred for the benefit of public service from the Indus Left Bank Division to the Indus Right Bank Division.

Mr. E. P. Watson, Assistant Engineer, is posted to the Jamrao Canal District.

GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

("Bombay Government Gazette," October 3.)

Mr. W. V. Tongaonkar, Mahalkari, petha Edalabad in the district of East Khandesh, is appointed a Magistrate of the Second Class in that district.

Mr. H. A. Gogate, Acting Mamlatdar, taluka Rajapur in the district of Ratnagiri, is appointed Magistrate of the Second Class in that district.

Mr. D. S. Deshpande, Acting Mamalatdar, taluka Hungund in the district of Bijapur, is appointed a Magistrate of the Second Class in that district.

Mr. J. R. Bhide to act as Inspector under the Glanders and Farcy Act for the whole of the City of Bombay.

On return from leave Sergeant George Brown, Supervisor, Second Grade, is posted to the Thana District.

On relief from the Relief District, Panch Mahals, Mr. Vinayak Mahadeo Limaye, Overseer, is transferred to the Kaira and Panch Mahals District.

The transfer of Mr. Saleman Badrudin Tyabji, Assistant Engineer, to Kaira and Panch Mahals District is held in abeyance till he acts as Executive Engineer, Ahmedabad District.

Mr. F. R. Unwala, Assistant Engineer, is posted to the Malsiras District, instead of to the Lonand District.

Mr. Vaman Narayan Godbole, Overseer, Third Grade, is transferred from the Poona Irrigation to the Malsiras District.

Mr. Babu Shambhu Kharade, Overseer, Third Grade, on probation, appointed by Government to the Central Division, is posted to the Poona Irrigation District.

Mr. N. S. Dani, Head Karkun, taluka Amalner, acted as Mamlatdar of that taluka from 3rd to 11th September, being the period intervening between the departure of Mr. L. B. Jagalpure, and the arrival of Mr. N. B. Joshi.

The period of appointment of Mr. Sakharam Keshav Bhagwat, LL. B., as District Government Pleader and Public Prosecutor, Thana, and as District Government Pleader, Kolaba is extended for a further term of five years, with effect from the 23rd September.

THE CRISIS IN THE BALKANS.

LITTLE CHANGE REPORTED IN SITUATION.

Difference between Turkey's Offer and Autonomy.

"IMMENSE AND ALMOST IRRECONCILEABLE."

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, Oct. 3.

The belief is expressed in many quarters that outbreak of hostilities in the Balkans would lead to a immediate peace between Turkey and Italy. This would free the Turkish fleet and facilitate Turkish operations in several directions.

Concerning the question of peace or war, it is pointed out that difference between the demand of a confederacy for an autonomous Macedonia and Turkey's reform projects is immense and almost irreconcileable. The Powers are making strong representations to Turkey, but are far from suggesting the ideas of confederacy.

Greek and Bulgarian grain vessels destined for various continental ports are detained by Turkey, and the exporters and bankers of Rodoff have telegraphed to the Russian Premier urging that measures be taken to induce Turkey to release the ships.

LONDON, Oct. 2.

The Porte has promised to refer the question of the commandeered ships to a competent charter. At present fifty Greek ships are bottled up in the Black Sea and a hundred in the Straits of Marmora.

LONDON, Oct. 3.

Greek warships stopped and took off the crews of two Greek steamers between Zea and Constantinople.

SOFIA, Oct. 2.

The Sobranje has been summoned for the 5th instant to sanction the declaration of martial-law and also the expenses of mobilisation.

ACTIVITIES OF THE POWERS.

LONDON, Oct. 3.

The Powers are not relaxing their efforts to induce the Balkan States to arrest mobilisation, and to effect a compromise between them and Turkey on the subject of reforms in Macedonia.

M. Poincare, the French Premier, at a diplomatic reception in Paris yesterday, spoke in the strongest terms to the representatives of the Balkan States present.

Count von Berchtold, the Austrian Foreign Minister, yesterday conferred with the King of Greece for an hour.

Italy is also counselling moderation to the capitals of the Confederacy. The attitude of the latter is evidenced by a semi-official pronouncement at Belgrade yesterday, declaring that the Confederacy does not seek territorial extension, but merely the carrying out of the reforms, which the Powers themselves undertook.

TURKISH PATRIOTISM.

Meanwhile, the war fever is spreading in Turkey, and the people are clamouring for war. All classes are eager to contribute to the war funds. They were infuriated on the publication of certain despatches, alleging that Moslems had been maltreated at Phillipopolis.

The Committee of Union and Progress has published a manifesto promising the Government its support and whole influence.

The cabmen in Constantinople, who went on strike on Sunday last, have resumed work, "because the Fatherland is threatened."

Representatives of 30,000 Albanians have telegraphed their readiness to fight for the Fatherland.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Oct. 2.

The Turkish press unanimously supports the Government in face of foreign foes, and declares that the swords of heroes, sharpened on the glorious battles of six centuries, joyfully accept the challenge.

THE GERMAN VIEW.

Semi-official statements published in Berlin declare that the Powers have long considered the possibility of this outbreak, and that Germany is not concerned at it, as the Government is confident that the trouble will be localised.

These statements rebuke the German Bourses for their panic, which they say gives a false idea of Germany's economic position.

VIENNA, Oct. 2.

The Emperor Francis Joseph visited, to-day, the King of Greece who is passing through Vienna hurrying to Athens from Copenhagen. Their Majesties conferred for three-quarters of an hour.

ENGLISH AVIATOR ENGAGED.

LONDON, Oct. 2.

Bulgaria and Servia have stopped all railway traffic with Turkey. Passengers from Constantinople, who travelled by the last train allowed to pass, heard sharp firing at the Frontier station of Mustapha Pasha.

It is announced that Bulgaria has engaged the services of a prominent English aviator. It is understood that similar commissions are being arranged.

INDIAN MOSLEM INTEREST.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Oct. 3.

Special prayers, it is stated, will be offered in all mosques throughout Bengal next Friday for the Sultan of Turkey. The mosques, it is expected, will be thronged with the faithful.

One of the most absorbing topics in the bazars in Calcutta is the position in the Balkans. The Moslems favour Turkey and bad times are prophesied for the Balkan States in the event of war. There are already rumours afloat of boycotting Greek goods owing to the attitude Greece has been taking up in the Balkan crisis.

The following appeared in the Paris "Daily Mail" of September 17th, received in Bombay yesterday:—

Sofia (Bulgaria), Sept. 16.

Government circles still discuss a report that the Servian, Greek and Montenegrin Cabinets have been invited by Bulgaria to make an appeal to the Powers identical with that already made by Bulgaria in favour of Macedonian reforms.

It is reported from the place Mustapha-Pasha, on the Southern frontier of Bulgaria and Turkey, that both there and at Adrianople a great concentration of troops is going forward, that every train coming from Bulgaria is filled directly it reaches the frontier with soldiers and spies, who keep the Bulgarian passengers under observation, not permitting them to leave the carriages in the fortified parts of the Adrianopole districts, and that there are daily stoppages and interferences with passengers sometimes twenty at a time being expelled from the carriages by military force. In the neighbourhood of Shumla, where the Bulgarian manœuvres have just been held and where there is a compact group of the population of Mussulman origin, it has been noted recently that Turkish emissaries have arrived to cause a pro-Turkish agitation in Bulgaria. The Voix Militaire, an organ of the officers of the Bulgarian Reserve, who are identified closely in the feeling with the active officers, declares that King Ferdinand will be obliged to make war or allow the country to be governed by a more courageous ruler.

BUILDING NEW DELHI.

Suggestion by a Colonial Architect.

A NOTABLE ARTICLE.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, Oct. 3.

The South African architect, Mr. Herbert Baker, in an article occupying two columns of the *Times* to-day, discusses the problem of building New Delhi. He urges that the classic style of Inigo Jones and Wren, adapted to Indian conditions, be adopted.

The *Times* endorses the suggestion in a leader.

LATER.

In his article on New Delhi Mr. Herbert Baker points out that the question of building Delhi possesses an imperial as well as an artistic importance. Therefore, if the architecture of Delhi is to bear its full significance for present and future generations, it must crystallise all the chief elements composing present-day India and must be a sculptural monument of the good government and unity which India enjoys for the first time in history under British Rule, which represents a new and enduring civilisation; blending is best elements of the East and West.

Starting on this basis, Mr. Baker proceeds to examine the different styles of architecture. He rejects the Indo-Saracenic on the ground that, while it expresses charm and fascination of India, it does not possess qualities necessary to embody the idea of law and order. He thinks that admiration for old architecture would be best expressed by leaving the buildings of old Delhi alone.

He likewise rejects Damascus and Gothic styles, suggesting that we shall be guided by a truer and more natural spirit if we fearlessly put upon New Delhi the stamp of British sovereignty, the idea of which is best expressed by the classic style of Inigo Jones and Wren, and their eighteenth century followers. Mr. Baker thinks that there should be no difficulty about making necessary adaptations. On the contrary, the classic style should gain in freedom through alternations to suit the need of the southern climate. With the noblest features of Indian style at his disposal, all necessary elements are thus available for the architectural alchemists, who should embody in the work all-India's subtlety and industry of craftsmanship, making a permanent record of history learning and romance of India. Sanity of judgment, however, is necessary to avoid Whitehall on the one hand, and White City on the other.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Oct. 3.

Of the 26 Sub-Inspectors of Police that have been sanctioned for duty at the *kutcha* capital, it is understood that about ten of these will be recruited from among the Sub-Inspectors of the Calcutta Police and that preference will be given to up-country men.

LYNCHED IN PRISON.

Convicts' Remarkable Act of Mob Justice.

RAWLIN (WYOMING), Oct. 3.

One hundred and fifty convicts in the state prison here yesterday lynched a negro prisoner, charged with assaulting an old woman. They overpowered the guard which was transferring the negro to another cell, tied a rope round the negro's neck and dropped him from the balcony.

THE BALMORAL MEETING.

Persia Upset Because She was Unrepresented.

TEHERAN, Oct. 2.

With reference to the conversations at Balmoral between the British and Russian Foreign Ministers, the Persian Foreign Minister intends to express regret to the Russian and British Ministers that Persia was not invited to take part in a conference closely affecting the interests of Persia, and to suggest the propriety of Persian participation in any negotiations arising subsequently.

The British demand for a concession for a railway from the Gulf to Khoramabad is under consideration by a Committee sitting at the Foreign Office.

The Russian project for a Julfa-Tabriz Railway does not appear to be making much progress, while the representatives of the Enzeli-Teheran Road Companies have been in Teheran for a fortnight endeavouring to come to terms with the Persian Government.

THE OPIUM PROBLEM.

The Nanking Incident to be Investigated.

SHANGHAI, Oct. 2.

In consequence of repeated fruitless representations, Sir Everard Fraser, Consul-General at Shanghai, acting on the instructions of the British Government, has left for Nanking on board the cruiser "Flora" to investigate the incident of the burning of chests of Indian opium. The latter was the property of Chinese merchants and formed part of a certificated consignment from India. It is alleged that troops seized the consignment on the orders of a local official and publicly burned it.

NEW COTTON COMBINE.

LONDON, Oct. 2.

Negotiations have been concluded between a French syndicate and the directors of five Lancashire cotton firms for the formation of a combine with a capital of a million and a half sterling.

They anticipate that the combine will result in considerable economies.

SIR RICHMOND RITCHIE.

LONDON, Oct. 2.

Sir Richmond Ritchie, permanent Under Secretary of State for India, is suffering from overwork and is taking a rest cure in a nursing home.

OBITUARY.

LONDON, Oct. 2.

The death is announced of Frances Allitsen, the musical composer.

HOME RULE CAMPAIGN.

Minister's Reply to Mr. Pike Pease.

A GENERAL DENIAL.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, Oct. 3.

Mr. McKenna, Home Secretary, speaking at Abergavenny, denied the statement of Mr. Pike Pease that the King had received a pledge that Home Rule would be submitted to the people before becoming law. He also denied the rumours of dissensions in the Cabinet, which was resolved to carry out its programme.

He said he had been besieged with enquiries as to how long certain Privy Councillors were to be allowed to preach treason. He said these arch-offenders were skilled lawyers and were most careful to keep on the right side of law. Their speeches would not do much harm, because they were not taken seriously.

RACING AT HOME.

Won by Prince Palatine from Stedfast.

LONDON, Oct. 3.

The result of the race for the Jockey Club Stakes was as follows :—

Prince Palatine, 10st. 7lbs.....O'Neil 1
Stedfast, 9st. 8lbs. .....Wootton 2
Adamite, 9st. 8lbs.....Maher 3

ALSO RAN :—King William (Jones); Lorenzo (Whalley); Silesia (Wheatley); La Boheme II 9st. 8lbs. (Bellhouse); Absolute 8st. 13lbs. (Earl); England 8st 10lbs. (Higgs).

THE RACE:—Won by half a length, with five lengths between second and third.

BETTING:—5 to 1 against Prince Palatine; 9 to 4 on Stedfast; 25 to 1 against Adamite.

MR. MONTAGU'S TOUR.

Leaves England with Sir Fleetwood Wilson.

LONDON, Oct. 3.

Mr. Samuel Montagu, with his brother Mr. Lionel, and Mr. Peel, Private Secretary, left Victoria for the mailboat "Maloja" this morning. They were seen off by the colleagues in the India Office. Sir Fleetwood Wilson and Sir Krishna Gupta travelled by the same train.

Mr. Harold Baker represents the India Office in the House of Commons during the absence of Mr. Montagu.

THE INSURANCE ACT.

Chancellor of the Exchequer and the Doctors.

LONDON, Oct. 2.

Replying to a medical deputation who submitted grounds for additional financial provision for doctors under the Insurance Act, Mr. Lloyd George said that the considerations advanced would receive the Government's careful attention. He would confer with his colleagues at the earliest moment and announce a decision in a fortnight.

TECHNICAL PROBLEMS.

A Valuable Addition to Official Literature.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, Oct. 3.

The following *communique* has been issued:—The report on the enquiry with a view to bring technical institutions into closer touch with the employers of labour in India, which was made by Colonel Atkinson and Mr. Dawson, is now being issued.

It constitutes a valuable addition to the subject of technical problems in India, and contains an interesting record of numerous interviews with employers of labour, as well as useful suggestions for future action.

It may be purchased from the Superintendent, Government Printing, India, Calcutta, or his agents, at annas ten per copy.

I. C. S. EXAMINATION.

Several Successful Indian Candidates.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, Oct. 3.

The following are among the successful candidates at the last Indian Civil Service examination :—Messrs. B. K. Basu, Ram Chandra, Y. A. Godbole, S. S. Nehru, B. R. Rau, G. Radrigo, S. N. Roy and K. C. Sen.

All these candidates are Indians except Rodrigo, who comes from Ceylon.

INDIAN COPYRIGHT BILL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, Oct. 3.

The statement made in Calcutta that the draft of the Indian Copyright Bill has been circulated to the local Governments is incorrect. The text of the English Act, which was never proceeded with, has been sent round for opinion. It is being said that in general principles they are much the same. The Indian Bill, when drafted, will doubtless embody practically all the sections of the English Act, with modifications necessitated in a few instances by local conditions.

COWEN'S COMEDY COMPANY.

Cowen's Costume Comedy Co. are the best thing that has been to Bombay since the "Follies" and there is no reason why they should not pack the Excelsior Cinematograph Theatre as full and as often as did that much appreciated company. The Cowen Company set their stage picturesquely with four men in gorgeous hunting dress and two piquant ladies in black skirts with broad red bands. The performance opens with an orthodox but diverting chorus and then Mr. James Watson's disquisition 'On Drinks" is an informing recital which will give new points even to those who are perfectly "au fait" with "short drinks." Miss Brocade audaciously though tunefully wonders whether anyone will "harmonise with her," and Mr. Cowen interpolates a serious effort, in a fine tenor voice, with "Come into the Garden, Maud." This, last night, in response to an enthusiastic encore he followed with "Salley in our Alley." Then the programme returned to more frivolous verses and with Miss Brocade suggesting a golden silence about "Who were with you last night" the first half of the entertainment drew to a cheerful close. The second half of the programme was equally amusing. It contained such pleasant song and "patter," and Mr. Cowen was cordially applauded for his expressive singing of "The Lament" in "Pagliacci." Miss Brocade has been mentioned, but it would be an omission if nothing were said of the second lady singer, with her neatly-emphasised humorous songs and her excellent immitation of a recent long of Vesk Tilley's.

THE "BURMA CRITIC" CASE.

Mr. Channing Arnold's Trial Begun at Rangoon.

COUNSEL WARNED BY JUDGE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, Oct. 3.

Before the Chief Judge and a jury at a special sessions of the Chief Court of Lower Burma to-day, Mr. Channing Arnold, editor and proprietor of the *Burma Critic*, was charged with defamation in two articles in the paper, dated April 28th, 1912, under the heading "Miscarriage of British Justice", containing imputations concerning Mr. G. P. Andrew, Deputy Commissioner of Mergui, thereby intending to harm, or having reason to believe such imputations would harm, his reputation.

The accused, who was defended by Mr. C. Hamlyn and Mr. C. Campagnac, pleaded "not guilty".

Mr. Guy Rutledge, Government Advocate, with Mr. A. Eggar, Assistant Government Advocate, prosecuted. Mr. C. Gaunt held a watching brief on behalf of Capt. McCormick.

An ordinary jury having been empanelled, the Chief Judge, before the Government Advocate, opened his case, made a few remarks, forewarning the advocates on both sides of the limits, within which the case would be kept. The Judge warned the advocates that the charge being in respect of the defamation of G. P. Andrew the articles concerning Mr. Andrew being lowered in estimation in the eyes of others, his moral or intellectual character, also whether the accused published the imputations intending to harm or having reason to believe that they would harm Mr. Andrew's reputation, and whether the publication was covered by Section 499 I. P. Code, were questions to be decided. The question of close friendship between Mr. Andrew and Captain McCormick was a matter to be gone into and the whole of Mr. Andrew's conduct in connection with the case and his proceedings would be relevant. The other matters adverted to in the articles would not be relevant. The trial was not to be a trial of Capt. McCormick for the very obvious reason that Capt. McCormick was not in this proceeding on his trial. Nor was the court there to enquire into the conduct of Inspector Sherard or that of Captain Finine or that of Mr. Buchanan or that of the Commissioner of Tenasserim or that of the Lieutenant-Governor in connection with the case. The evidence about anything which was brought or which in any way came to the knowledge of Mr. Andrew and about anything done or admitted by him before he gave his decision would be relevant. The evidence as to anything which was not within his knowledge or with which he had nothing to do would not be admitted, because the evidence as to such matters would not be relevant.

So far as the prosecution case had been discussed in the committal proceedings his Honour considered the evidence as to what happened between Captain Finnie and Mr. Buchanan at Victoria Point irrevelanf except such of it as came to Mr. Andrew's knowledge.

A large number of witnesses for the defence have been summoned, most of them persons who gave evidence before Mr. Andrew in connection with the case against Capt McCormick. His Honour knew what it was contemplated that they should give evidence about. But if it was intended to ask them to repeat or state again their versions of what they had or have to say against Capt. McCormick, his Honour should, as at present advised, hold that such evidence was irrelevant and inadmissible in his case.

Mr. Rutledge opened the case for the prosecution, Counsel occupying the whole day in delivering his opening address and had not concluded when the Court rose for the day. Counsel asked the jury to hold Mr. Andrew justified in discharging Capt. McCormick and classifying the case against him of rape as false and that the imputations by the accused were unwarranted. The court-house was crowded and intense interest was evinced.

GAMBLING BOOTH LOOTED.

Curious Action by Doctor and Police Officer.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Oct. 3.

A judicial inquiry was held at Howrah to-day into an allegation of looting Rs. 18,000 from a cotton gambling booth kept by a man named Khudiram.

It is alleged that Dr. Ananga Rajam Ghosh, with the assistance of the police, forced open the safes and drawers of the "bank" at the time when people outside were clamouring for payment, a rumour having been spread that the "bank" had failed.

Inspector Ottmann of the Calcutta Police was examined, and said that he took the money he had deposited out from the safe, and that Dr. Ghosh did the same.

The inquiry was adjourned.

RANGOON NOTE FORGERY CASE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, Oct. 3.

To-day the further evidence was recorded by the Western Sub-division Magistrate, against W. G. Henderson, Excise Inspector, of using four forged notes for Rs. 1,000 each on the race-course.

Mr. W. Barnard, bookmaker, gave evidence for the prosecution as to the payment by a Burman on behalf of the accused a note for Rs. 1,000 and wanting even a bet of Rs. 5,000 on "Zohra." He returned the balance of Rs. 500 and subsequently discovered that the note was bad.

A. J. Paxton, the payer-out of Barnard, bore out the last witness's story and also gave evidence as to the presentation by Mahomed Hoosain on behalf of the accused of the Rs. 1,000 note on Zohra. That note turned out a to be false.

Detective Sergeant Tingley spoke to having seen the note made over to Barnard which was a forged one.

Sergeant R. Everton, 60th R. G. A., said that S. Wagstaff was brother-in-law to accused. While having a drink at the Sergeant Mess on September 26th (one day before the race meeting) made over a Rs. 1,000 note and said he would have other notes for that amount at the next day's races. Wagstaff then went off.

S. H. Wagstaff, photographer, deposed to having received the Rs. 1,000 note referred to by Everton from the brother-in-law of the accused who told him that the note was no good.

Mahomed Hoosein after corroborating Horley said that the accused told him that he had received Rs. 8,000 as bribe from a Chinaman.

The hearing of the case may be concluded to-morrow.

EASTERN MONGOLIA.

Denial of Reported Chinese Massacres.

CONFIRMATION REQUIRED.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, Oct. 3.

The *Pioneer* learns by telegraph from England :—

A cable, just received from the *Daily Telegraph* correspondent at Peking, disputes the accuracy of the Russian stories confirming the Chinese messacres of the inhabitants of Eastern Mongolia. According to this correspondent, the Mongolians suffered no less than ten defeats at the hands of the Chinese. The fighting does not, however, appear to have been of a very dangerous character, since the total number of killed is returned at 377. No massacres of any sort, it is stated, took place. The correspondent further goes on to declare that as a result of the Chinese successes a reconciliation conference was held, at which the Mongol Princes gave in their adherence to the Chinese Republic.

Stories of this kind, emanating obviously from Chinese and accordingly interested sources require, of course, to be confirmed. Our experience of Chinese manufactured news concerning Tibet should make us cautious how we accept the accuracy of such stories, says the *Pioneer*.

THE PAREL DISASTER.

Two Juries Find all the Parties to Blame.

ALLEGED BAD MATERIAL.

At the Morgue, yesterday evening, Mr. G. F. Chalk concluded his enquiry regarding the circumstances in which Raghunath Narayen and seven others were killed by the collapse of a house at Parel on the 28th of July, 1912.

Superintendent Paterson was in charge of the case.

Mr. Dunlop, solicitor, watched the case on behalf of the Municipality; Mr. Kirke-Smith appeared on behalf of Mr. Merwanji P. Bhakka, linconsed surveyor of the building, and Mr. Ezekiel appeared on behalf of Piraji Mullaji, the original owner of the chawl.

The police having closed their case, Mr. Dunlop addressed the jury on behalf of the Municipality. He referred to the well-known Sitaram Building case, in which a newly constructed building collapsed. It was held in that case that no by-laws under the Bombay Municipal Act had been infringed. To remedy the defects in the law noticed in that case, section 344 A was added to the Bombay Municipal Act, which provided for the employment of competent persons to inspect buildings in course of construction and that the persons so employed are ordinarily to be licentiates of a Civil Engineering College. Section 353 A was also added which required a completion certificate before a building could be tenanted. In the present case Mr. Dunlop said, a completion certificate had been granted by Mr. Bhakka, who was a licentiate of the Poona Civil Engineering College, and on the strength of that certificate the Municipal Commissioner had granted sanction to the occupation of the building. Mr. Bhakka who had supervised the construction of the building had certified that the materials used were good, and this certificate, he contended, absolved the Municipality from all blame.

As regards Mr. Joshi, the Superintendent of the Building Branch of the Municipality, Mr. Dunlop said that he had been engaged in supervising buildings for the last seven years and was considered to be a reliable man by his superiors. Joshi had inspected the building a day previous to, its collapse. He then saw some plaster falling off and sounded the walls with a hammer, he found no cracks. Mr. Joshi honestly believed that the building was safe. The day after the collapse the Municipal Commissioner, the Executive Engineer and Mr. Joshi visited the place. They inspected the building and went round and even stood by the side of a wall which appeared quite sound. This wall in its turn collapsed the next day. The Government expert was asked whether under the circumstances he would have turned the people out of the house and he said that that was a very difficult question to answer. He asked the jury to find that Mr. Joshi had reasonable grounds for believing that the building was not likely to fall at once.

Mr. Kirke-Smith then addressed the jury on behalf of Mr. Bhakka, the engineer. He said that his client used every diligence in checking the builder and had never found him infringing any of the by-laws or using bad materials. It was very unlikely that the builder, who was also the owner and who went to live in the building and was actually living in the building at the time of its collapse, would use bad materials. After he had given the completion certificate the officers of the Municipality had inspected the building and ordered the putting up of a fire-proof stairs. It was clear from this that before sanctioning the occupation of this building the Municipality had thoroughly inspected it. No reasonable person would have assured the tenants that the building was safe if he thought it unsafe. The Government expert who had visited the place found the building flooded and noticed that the foundations of the building had sunk. The only reason for the building collapsing so suddenly was therefore heavy rain.

Mr. Ezekiel, when asked by the Coroner whether he would address the jury on behalf of Piraji, the owner, declined to do so.

The Coroner then summed up. He pointed out to the jury that although the construction of the building occupied eighteen months Mr. Bhakka, had only visited the place seven or eight times. Mr. Bhakka had also stated that he was only appointed to see that the technical requirements of the law had been complied with. The construction of the building was left to the owner, who supplied the necessary materials. It was for the jury to find whether the materials used were bad or not. It was also for them to decide whether Mr. Bhakka had acted rightly in giving a completion certificate, when according to his own admission he had visited the building only seven or eight times. This was a big chawl which accommodated about 3,000 people.

Two juries were empanelled in this case. The first was empanelled on the day of the collapse when seven persons were killed, and the second jury in connection with the death of the eighth person who died the next day.

The first jury expressed the opinion that the cause of the collapse was due to bad materials used. That the heavy rains contributed to the collapse. The jury blamed Piraji Mulaji for the bad materials used. They were also of opinion that Mr. Merwanji Bhakka, ought not to have relied on Pirajias he did, and that he was to be blamed for doing so. He was further to be blamed for not employing a mistry and for relying on the owner who acted as the builder.

The second jury added that they were of opinion that Mr. Muncherji Edalji Joshi was to be blamed for not causing the tenants to vacate when he went to inspect the building.

DROWNING FATALITY.

The Coroner's jury yesterday, at an inquest held by Mr. Chalk, at the Morgue, on the body of the Hindu woman named Camalabai (20) which was found floating in a well at Mazagon, returned a verdict of accidental death. Her husband, Narsidas Jivanji, a carpenter, stated that she was missed from her bed on the morning of Wednesday. He also said that she had been ailing for the last few months, and in consequence she was much depressed.

Gas is a valuable adjunct to the ventilation of your room : it also destroys the organic impurities we exhale, and it is this which gives gas its greatest hygienic advantage over any other form of lighting.

AHEAD OF THE MAIL.

THE BELFAST RIOTS.

Revolver Shots at Football Match.

64 PERSONS INJURED.

PARTISAN FIGHT.

The following new items are taken from the Paris papers received by French mail steamer yesterday:—

Belfast, Sept. 16.

MINIATURE BATTLEFIELD.

Wild scenes of rioting were witnessed at the Irish Senior League match to-day, between Linfield and Belfast Celtic as the latter's ground. There were about 20,000 spectators present. Linfield's supporters carried a large Union Jack, while the Celtic crowd waved a green flag bearing a harp with a crown. At half-time, when Linfield were leading by a goal to nil, the opposing parties came into collision, showers of stones being flung in the direction of the Union Jack. Linfield's sympathisers responding with revolver shots.

There was only a handful of police present, but they blew their whistles shrilly, and made a determined rush withdrawn batons between the opposing mobs, who with sticks and missiles of every description were in close conflict with each other. Meanwhile the opposing teams wisely kept inside the pavilion. Police reinforcements were hurried from Springfield-road barracks at the double, and order was eventually restored.

Seeing the turn affairs had taken, the referee declared the match off. The teams, owing to the threatening attitude of the crowd outside, were escorted from the ground by a strong police force.

The injured were treated in the Royal Victoria and Mater Hospitals. Five of the patients had revolver wounds. Many who were injured by stones did not go to hospital. The condition of three of the persons who were shot is serious, necessitating immediate operations. There are altogether sixty-four persons under treatment, forty-three in the Royal Victoria Hospital and twenty-one in the Mater Infirmary. Every one of the ten police men on the ground was rendered practically helpless, five being badly hurt.

Nothing like the scenes enacted to-day has been witnessed on a football ground in any part of the civilised world. The mobs rose in a body and fought with one another like two opposing armies, while outside the gates, where thousands were congregated, the same state of affairs prevailed. Scarcely had the teams retired to the pavilion at the interval than a dispute arose among the spectators on the unreserved side. Fisticuffs were indulged in, and what seemed at first to be a mere sparring match between a few irresponsibles soon resolved itself into a much more determined and aggressive conflict. A few policemen at once intervened, but showers of stones from both sides thwarted their efforts. For a while one section of the crowd carrying a Union Jack, and the other section carrying the crownless green flag were separated, but almost immediately revolver shots were heard and half a dozen persons were simultaneously injured.

Play was now out of the question, as the riot had extended right across the ground so as to make it impossible for the players to take the field. The great majority of the spectators were very much disappointed at the interruption which had taken place, and were loud in their expressions of indignation against those responsible for upsetting what would otherwise have been the match of the day. Eventually the opposing parties in the disturbance yielded to persuasion and left the ground by opposite gates.

ITALY AND TURKEY.

Geneva, Sept. 14.

The peace negotiations which have been carried on at Ouchy between Italian and Turkish delegates have been temporarily suspended. According to the "Journal de Geneve" it may be authoritatively stated that the present position of the two Powers is as follows :

Both Powers sincerely wish to put an end to the war. Turkey desires peace with honour, the more so, because her army, with the exception of 2,500 men who are in Lybia, has not had an opportunity of coming to grips with the enemy.

Italy insists that her authority throughout Tripoli and Cyrenaica must be complete and absolute, but she undertakes not to incorporate those two countries in the Kingdom, and will not administer them as Italian provinces. There will be no prefect at Benghazi and no sub-prefect at Nisrata. A special regime duly respecting the customs and traditions of the country will be set up in Lybia, and the religious authority of the Sultan will be maintained there.

On these conditions, it is asserted, Turkey, who desires to maintain her moral prestige rather than to continue in possession of territory which has never been a source of profit to her, will consent to recall her troops from Tripoli and in concert with Italy decide on the best means to adopt to inform the Arabs of the terms of peace and induce them to accept them.

Italy, it is further stated, is prepared to take over a portion of the Ottoman Debt corresponding to the territory taken from the Empire, and to indemnify the Porte for religious properties in Tripoli. She further undertakes to make no declaration calculated to humiliate the Sultan in the eyes of the Arabs.

As to the Ægean islands which Italy has occupied, she wishes to do nothing in that quarter contrary to the sentiments of the Hellenic population.

ACCIDENT TO "OLYMPIC."

A Cherbourg message to the Paris "New York Herald," dated September 14th stated :—

The White Star steamship Olympic arrived here at 9 a.m., to-day. It transpires that yesterday, nearing Plymouth, the vessel again lost one of the blades of her propeller, and was forced to continue the voyage to Southampton and Cherbourg at a speed of only nineteen miles an hour.

The Olympic left New York last Sunday, and passed the Eddystone Light-house at 1.09 a.m. to-day, having crossed the Atlantic in 6 days 3hr. 50min., at an average speed of 21·11 knots an hour. The greatest distance covered in any one day was 506 miles on Wednesday. South-south-westerly winds, generally light or moderate, were encountered during the greater part of the voyage.

NO SIGN OF PANIC ON BOARD.

London, Later.

Because of the accident on Friday afternoon, in which she lost a blade of one of her propellers, the White Star steamship Olympic was several hours late, when she arrived at Plymouth early yesterday morning. It will be recalled that the big liner had a similar accident about a month ago.

The Olympic left New York last Saturday with 477 passengers, and when the accident occurred, on Friday, a few second-class passengers hurried on deck fearing that a collision had occurred, according to the Plymouth correspondent of the "Evening Standard," but, being quickly reassured that nothing serious was wrong, they returned to their berths. The first-class passengers did not feel the vibration to any extent. In fact, most of them knew nothing about the accident till breakfast time.

It is understood that after the Olympic returns from her next voyage to New York, she will go to Belfast to have a new blade fitted. She cannot be docked at Belfast in these tides without serious risk of being detained until the next spring tides. Southampton dry-dock is not large enough for the accommodation of the Olympic. When the accident occurred, she was steaming at a rate of only 21 knots an hour and was economizing coal, having been supplied with 1,000 tons less than usual on leaving Southampton.

DOUBLE DEAD-HEAT.

London, Sept. 14.

A remarkable double dead-heat was witnessed yesterday, at the Alexandra Park races. The two horses concerned were Mr. J. Ellis Potter's Myriad and Mr. R. Tyler's Tinto. They ran for the Harringay Selling Plate, and at the finish the judge could not separate them. After the fourth event an attempt was made to decide the race and the horses were sent to the gate again, the same jockeys riding F. Wootton being up on Myriad and A. Duller on Tinto.

The second effort was as fruitless as the first, for amid great excitement the horses again ran a dead-heat, and it was then decided to divide the stakes. Both races were particularly exciting, for on each occasion Duller, on Tinto, got up and just managed to reach his rival.

FOOTBALL AT HOME.

The following are the results of Saturday's chief football matches (reprinted from the Continental "Daily Mail" of September 16 :—

FIRST LEAGUE.

Blackburn Rovers, 6; Tottenham Hotspur, 1.
Sunderland, 0; Derby County, 2.
Everton, 4; Notts County, 0.
Bradford City, 2; Liverpool, 0.
Sheffield Wednesday, 3; Middlesbrough, 1.
West Bromwich Albion, 1; Manchester United 2
Chelsea, 4; Sheffield United, 2.
Oldham Athletic, 1; Newcastle United, 0.
Woolwich Arsenal, 1; Bolton Wanderers, 2.
Manchester City, 1; Aston Villa, 0.

SECOND LEAGUE.

Notts Forest, 2; Stockport County, 1.
Lincoln City, 0; Preston North End, 0.
Blackpool, 2; Barry, 1.
Clapton Orient, 2; Burnley, 0.
Grimsby Town, 2; Fulham, 1.
Glossop 0; Hull City, 3.
Bristol City, 1; Leicester Fosse, 0.
Birmingham, 0; Wolverhampton Wanderers, 0.
Huddersfield, 2; Bradford, 0.
Leeds City, 2; Barnsley, 1.

SOUTHERN LEAGUE.

Coventry, 1; Bringhton and Hove, 1.
Watford, 0; West Ham, 2.
Norwich, 2; Brentford, 0.
Southampton, 2; Brittol Rovers, 2.
Crystal Palace, 2; Portsmouth, 0.
Gillingham, 0; Queen's Park Rangers, 0.
Plymouth, 3; Swindon, 1.
Stoke, 1; Northampton, 0.
Reading, 1; Millwall, 2.
Merthyr Town, 2; Exeter, 0.

SCOTTISH LEAGUE.

Celtic, 4; Airdrieonians, 1.
Glasgow Rangers, 2; Motherwell, 1.
St. Mirren, 0; Hamilton, 0.
Kilmarnock, 1; Greenock, 1.

GLASGOW F. A. CUP.

Clyde, 4; Queen's Park, 0.
Partick, 3; Third Lanark, 1.

SCOTTISH CUP.

Heart of Midlothian, 4; Aberdeen, 0.
Dundee, 1; Hibernians, 0.
Raith Rovers, 2; Falkirk, 6.

RUGBY UNION.

Catford Bridge, 24 points; Blackheath, 6 points.
Newport, 14; Cymbran, 3.
Devonport Albion, 3; Redruth, 3.
Leicester, 32; Bridgend, 3.
Penarth, 8; Cardiff, 7.
Northampton, 59; Northants R.U., nil.

NORTHERN UNION.

Salford, 16; Widnes, 11.
Swinton, 8; Leigh, 3.
Wigan, 26; Wakefield Town, 10.
Warrington, nil; Broughton Rangers, nil.
Runcorn, 8; St. Helens, 11.
Barrow, 3; Batley, 14.
York, 7; Hunslet, 15.
Hull Kingston Rovers, 4; Oldham, 11.
Bramley, 2; Hull, 12.
Halifax, 6; Bradford, 7.
Dewsbury, 5; Huddersfield, 15.

ASTON VILLA PLAYER SUSPENDED.

The trouble between the Aston Villa club and their famous centre-half, Chris Buckley, has come to a head. Buckley has been informed that he has been suspended sine die, and reported to the League. It may be taken for granted that he will never play for Aston Villa again.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, Oct. 3.

Captain D. H. K. Hunter, from Adjutant Territorial Artillery, is posted to 78th Battery at Campbellpore.

Lieut. Keene, No. 79 Company, Royal Garrison Artillery, Aden, is transferred to No. 82 Company, Royal Garrison Artillery, Allahabad.

Capt. J. R. White, R. E., is permitted to revert to the Home Establishment from 1st March, 1913.

Capt. E. B. Cotter, No. 61 Company, Royal Garrison Artillery, Rangoon, is transferred to No. 38 Company, Royal Garrison Artillery, Plymouth.

Lieut-Col. J. P. Barnes, 6th Cavalry, has been selected to succeed Col. Shakespear in Command of the 6th Cavalry in November next.

Col. C. H. Westmorland, I. A., is permitted to retire from 21st September, 1912.

Capt. Preston, Royal Garrison Artillery, is posted to No. 5 Mountain Battery at Jutogh.

Lieut.-Genl. Sir A. Pearson is permitted to reside out of India, on vacating the Command of the 3rd (Lahore) Division.

BRIGADE ORDERS.

(By Major-General G. F. Gorringe, C.B., C. M. G., D. S. O.)

Lieutenant J. G. Dormer, 104th Wellesley's Rifles, is appointed Offg. Double Company Commander from 27th August vice Major G. Bailey appointed as Offg. Assistant Instructor, School of Musketry, Pachmarhi.

Captain L. C. Wagstaff, 2nd Q. V. O., Rajput Light Infantry, has permission to appear before the Civil and Military Examination Committee at Calcutta, on 7th October, for examination in the Preliminary Test—Persian.

STATION ORDERS.

(By Major-General G. F. Gorringe, C. B., C. M. G. D. S. O., Commanding Troops, Bombay.)

The undermentioned Officers are detailed for duty with Troops ex H. T. "Rewa," on 3rd October, 1912:—Captain A. W. Gibson, R. A. M. C—In Medical Charge of Troop Train proceeding to Poona. Lieut. J. M. Waddell, R. A. M. C—In Medical Charge of Troop Train proceeding to Jubbulpore, on completion to proceed to Lucknow.

NORTHERN ARMY.

Arrivals:—Major E. C. Bayley, C. I. E., 15th Lancers; Captain C. F. W. Hughes, 15th Ludhiana Sikhs; Lieut. C. J. T. R. Wingfield, 4th Bn., King's Royal Rifle Corps; Captain W. P. R. Wheatey, Supply and Transport Corps;

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

THE HIGH COURT.

Mrs. Thorpe's Unsuccessful Appeal.

Mr. Justice Batchelor and Mr. Justice Rao dismissed the petition, presented to their lordships by Mrs. Cyril Guthrie Smith, alias Mrs. Thorpe, a prisoner undergoing seven months' rigorous imprisonment at the Yeravda Central Prison.

Mrs. Thorpe was convicted and sentenced by Rao Bahadur Setalvad, Third Presidency Magistrate, on the 5th of September, 1912, on two charges of cheating.

Mrs. Thorpe, in the course of a very lengthy petition, contended that the charges against her were purely of a civil nature. The evidence given by Mr. Smith, whom she had married two years ago, had nothing whatever to do with the charges, on which she was tried, as it was immaterial in respect of the payment of the hotel bills, whether she had married a Mr. Smith or a sweeper. A careful perusal of the evidence would show that there was not a scrap of evidence to convict her of cheating. The medals referred to by her had been presented by His Majesty, the late King Edward. The whole of the European community of Bombay had been convinced that the criminal charges against her were unsustainable. She accordingly prayed for a revision of the sentence of imprisonment passed on her.

Their lordships dismissed the petition.

EDITOR CONVICTED.

The Hon. Mr. Justice Batchelor and Mr. Justice Rao disposed of an appeal filed by Bhagubhai Fatechand, who was sentenced by the Sessions Judge of Ahmedabad to three months' simple imprisonment on a charge of criminal breach of trust.

Mr. S. G. Velinkar, with Mr. Tricumlal Desai, appeared for the appellant. The Hon. Mr. Jinnah, with Mr. Desai and Mr. Divecha, appeared for the complainant. Mr. R. W. Desai appeared for the Crown.

The accused was the proprietor and editor of a newspaper known as the "Jain" published at Ahmedabad. During the last famine the accused collected money for the relief of the people of Dalsana, a village in Jamnagar. He failed to account for the money so collected. The Sessions Judge found him guilty and convicted him as stated above.

Their lordships, after hearing counsel, confirmed the conviction and sentence and dismissed the appeal.

SEQUEL TO A COAL CONTRACT.

Before Mr. Justice Macleod, the suit filed by Messrs. Chunilal Harilal and Company, against Messrs. Andrew Yule and Co, is proceeding.

Mr. Weldon, with Mr. Robertson, instructed by Messrs. Crawford, Brown and Co., appeared for the plaintiffs. The Hon. Mr. Jardine, with Mr. Wadia and Mr. Davar, instructed by Messrs. Craigie Blunt and Caroe, appeared for the defendants.

The plaintiffs in this suit claim Rs. 42,700, as damages from the defendants. The defendants on the 25th of January 1912, contracted to supply them with 28,000 to 35,000 tons of Desharghar Bengal coal. According to the contract the supply was to be made at the buyer's option. The monthly supply of coal was put down at 2,800 tons. The plaintiffs alleged that defendants had failed to perform their part of the contract in consequence of which they had suffered a loss of Rs. 42,760.

Messrs. Andrew Yule and Co. contended that the contract was subject to freights from Calcutta to Bombay. The plaintiffs had tendered to supply this coal to the Port Trust. The defendant company also held contracts with the Port Trust for the supply of coal. Finding that freights had risen, and that the rates tendered were unsuitable, the defendants withdrew their tender from the Port Trust, and advised the plaintiffs to do the same. They offered to return the deposit of Rs 1,000 belonging to the plaintiffs. The plaintiff's tender had in the first instance been accepted by the Port Trust, but owing to their inability to supply the coal their contract had been cancelled. Freights did run high and the coal demanded from them was not for the Port Trust.

The case is proceeding.

THE POLICE COURTS.

RENDERING FALSE ACCOUNT.

In the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday, Mr. Kenneth Kemp, Acting Chief Presidency Magistrate, disposed of the case in which D. F. Netto, a shipping and customs clerk in the employ of Messrs. Robert Park and Co., was charged with criminal breach of trust in respect of Rs. 164.

The complaint was that 108 cases of oil were brought to Bombay per the steamer "Aristo" to be transhipped by Messrs. Park and Co. to Calcutta. The accused was entrusted with the work with instructions from the head shipping clerk to take the cases direct to the steamer, "Kance." Subsequently, the accused charged the firm Rs. 42 and Rs. 40 on account of cooly and cart-hire in respect of the work, on the import and export dockets. He had charged cooly and cart-hire for taking and carrying back goods to and from the office godown, which was not paid at all, the goods having been taken direct.

His Worship convicted and sentenced the accused to two months' rigorous imprisonment.

AFTER THIRTEEN MONTHS.

Govind Ramji, a Postal money order delivery peon, was yesterday charged in the court of the Chief Presidency Magistrate, by Inspector Spiers with misappropriating Rs. 49-6, the amount of a money order entrusted to him for delivery.

Mr. Probyn Smith, Superintendent of Post Offices, was present to watch the proceedings.

The accused absconded in September last year and was arrested, thirteen months later, on Friday last.

He pleaded guilty and was sentenced to two months' rigorous imprisonment.

ALLEGED DISHONESTY OF CARTMEN.

The Criminal Investigation Department, before Mr. Frank Oliveira, Fourth Presidency Magistrate, charged two cart-drivers, named Moos Ahmed and Alarkhia Soonar, with the theft of ten bales of cloth, valued at Rs. 2,000, belonging to the Hindustan Mill. The accused were entrusted each with five bales of cloth, and were told to deliver them at the Mulji Jetha Market. Instead of delivering them at the latter place, they drove direct to Falkland Road, where they were seen to carry the cloth to a room, and were arrested. At the request of the police, who wanted time to make further enquiries, his Worship adjourned the case.

BOGUS EMPLOYER.

Yeshwant Pandurang, a Hindu, aged eighteen, was charged before Mr. P. H. Dastur, Second Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon, by Inspector Home with cheating ten persons in respect of Rs. 10-5-0 each. The evidence showed that the accused represented himself as a sub-inspector in the Municipality and obtained money from the complainants on the pretence that he would, provide them with employment in his department. They paid him the money, and two days after receiving it the accused informed them that they had been taken into the Municipal service as road-makers and they were told to inspect water-taps in their respective divisions and report to him if they found any leaking. Some of them he appointed formally, giving them letters. One of the complainants, Krishna Bagoo, worked for two months, but got no pay. He complained to the police, when the accused was arrested. Further enquiries elicited the information that the accused had cheated others similarly.

The accused pleaded guilty and was sentenced to one year and seven days' rigorous imprisonment.

THEFT BY A RAMOSIE.

Rahimankhan Jangkhan, a police ramosi, employed at the Standard Mill at Elphinstone Road, pleaded guilty to a charge of theft, brought against him by Superintendent Coxen. A piece of cloth valued at Rs. 2 belonging to the mill was seen at the accused's chowkey. Mr. P. H. Dastur, Second Presidency Magistrate, Mazagon, convicted and sentenced him to two months' rigorous imprisonment.

BOMBAY CORPORATION.

Free Tramway Passes Held by Councillors.

RENEWED DISCUSSION.

A meeting of the Bombay Municipal Corporation was held yesterday afternoon in the Municipal Hall, the Hon'ble Mr. Manmohandas Ramji presiding.

Discussion on the motion of Mr. Jaffer Rahimtulla, regarding the free tramway passes, held by members of the Corporation was resumed.

Dr. Jehangir Oursetje said that Mr. Jaffer had brought forward the motion in a perfunctory manner. No member so far as he knew had ever ventured to give notice of such a motion. He only accepted the pass, which in the first instance, was returned, because the Traffic Manager stated that it was meant to afford members an opportunity of inspecting the working of the company. He was using the pass, but it hardly came to a few annas a month so far as saving was concerned. Mr. Jaffer regularly attended the meetings of the Corporation formerly but since his practice had increased his attendance was rare. It was unworthy of Mr. Jaffer to throw out suggestions of dishonourable action.

Mr. Jamsetji Ardeshir Wadia said that he did not wish to speak at length on the subject, but he only wished to reply to Mr. Jaffer's assertion that the Corporation were depriving the public of their right of travelling at the one anna rate. If Mr. Jaffer had seen the Managing Director's letter to the Commissioner he would have found that the Tramway Company was not making one anna and a half, per passenger, but the average earning per passenger was much below that of the Calcutta Tramway. He wished to point out that while the company was charging one anna and a half in some cases it charged half an anna to children and thus the average was made up. Certain classes might be paying half an anna more by the arrangement, but the Corporation had to look to the convenience of the public as a whole.

Mr. Dabholkar pointed out that he was not a member of the Tramway Committee and was not inclined to participate in the discussion, but when it was suggested that members were anxious to get into the Tramway Committee as the complementary pass was a temptation, and it was, therefore, that there were so many members on that Committee; he wanted to could show the Corporation that there were several Committees of which the number of members was 32, while on the Tramway Committee there were only 27 members.

Sir Bhalchandra Krishna said that he, like many others, wondered why Mr. Jaffer should have brought forward this proposition. If his object was what he professed it to be, then it would have been quite enough if he had given a notice of motion, expressing an opinion to the effect that it was undesirable for members to hold such passes.

"HONORARY MEMBERS OF THE TRAMWAYS."

Dr. S. H. Batliwalla said that he did not specially desire to be on the Tramway Committee and that he did not know the name of the gentleman who proposed his name until Dr. Sukhia mentioned it the other day. As to accepting the pass, he said that when he was told that so many eminent members, including Sir Phirozshah Mehta, had accepted it he thought he would too.

Sir Pherozeshah: I never have. You are wrongly informed.

Dr. Batliwalla admitted he found that in case of Sir Phirozshah he had been wrongly informed. Continuing, he said another reason for accepting it was that he looked upon it as an honour done to him. It was an honorary pass and those who received it became honorary members of the Institution.

Mr. Jaffer Rahimtulla, replying on the debate, said that during the debate all sorts of words, sentences and speeches were put into his mouth by members, who spoke on the question, for which he was not responsible. The arguments advanced against his motion might be divided into two classes: Personal attacks attributing motives; and the merits of the proposition. The attacks on personal attacks might be subdivided into two classes, the second one being abuse. Motives were attributed to him by many including a person in the position of the Municipal Commissioner. If that officer had taken the trouble of looking into the past records, he would have found out that at all the contested elections during the last twelve years that he was a member of the Corporation he stood very high at the poll. Was it fair or justifiable to charge him with the motive of securing a few additional votes at the next general election, when it has made known to many of his friends including Mr. Baptista, that he (the speaker) had no intention to stand at the next general election?

Mr. Wadia: The Commissioner did not say you brought the motion with that motive. He had only stated that it was suggested.

Mr. Jaffer: He had no business to say even that.

Continuing, Mr. Jaffer asked whether the Commissioner would publicly give the name of the person who gave him the information. Had that person taken the trouble to ascertain he (the speaker) had stood at all the previous elections? An officer in the position of the Municipal Commissioner should have been careful in making such allegations. He did not care a rap if it came from another direction. He would not have cared if Dr. Sukhia had said so. Mr. Baptista made it, but it was untrue and he (Mr. Baptista) knew that he (the speaker) had told him the day before he spoke that he was not going to stand at the next election. Mr. Baptista mocked at the proposition and said it was a very high ideal of morality Mr. Jaffer was putting before them. What was the high ideal? That he should sacrifice a few annas? When he could not do that what else could he do? Dr. Jehangir J. Curseji spoke, but as nobody cared to hear him he would pass on and take no notice of what he said. Mr. Cowasji Jehangir did not want him in the Corporation. All right, he had already stated that he was not standing at the next elections, but was making room for a better man. Mr. Jaffer found members getting up to complain that this proposition was tantamount to insulting members. What was there so very monstrous in his proposition, he asked that such opposition should be made? So many things had come out during the debate that members did not know before. Did any member know that 28 Municipal officers, including the Secretary, were using free passes? Sir Pherozeshah Mehta, Mr. Kazi Kabiruddin and the Commissioner himself disapproved of it. Did they not know that many of the 28 officers were receiving conveyance allowance from the Municipality? Were not the Corporation supplying motor cars to the heads of departments? Why should the Municipal Secretary have a free pass?

A QUESTION OF PRINCIPLE.

Coming to the trivial nature of the gift, Mr. Jaffer said they should, on principle, not allow interest and duty to conflict. Dr. Sukhia had found a way out. He had pointed out they could accept a gift from a joint stock company, but they could not accept a gift from a contractor whether he was or was not a joint stock company. For accepting such a gift Dr. Sukhia had not to look to the Municipal Act; for the consequence he must look for it elsewhere. As to Dr. Batliwalla saying it was an honour, Mr. Jaffer asked what value was to be attached to an honour coming from a contractor and what was it worth? There was nothing in the proposition to suggest honour. Amongst the public there was a strong impression that until a strong agitation was raised they would be deprived of their right of the one anna fare. If the details were placed before the public, and they were informed as was now found out that Sir Pherozeshah never accepted the pass, and that many like Sir Bhalchandra, Mr. Wadia and others had not used it at all, there would be a general satisfaction.

On a division the proposition was lost, only Mr. Jaffer, Mr. Mistry and Mr. Haji Yusuf voting for it.

The Corporation adjourned to Monday next.

A circular has been issued by the Committee of the Bengal Chamber of Commerce bringing before the notice of members of the Chamber a communication from Mr. K. L. Mackenzie, Honorary Secretary and Treasurer of the Cooch Behar Memorial Fund at Darjeeling, in which the decisions arrived at by the recent meeting in the Darjeeling Town Hall are set out. In view of the fact that the late Maharaja interested himself largely in theatrical productions and that the musical comedies staged by him would always be remembered for their attractiveness, it was decided that the memorial should take the form of a theatre with a bust of the Maharaja in the vestibule, at a cost of about a lakh of rupees. Subscriptions may be sent to the Honorary Secretary and Treasurer.

SPORTING NEWS

GOLF IN BOMBAY.

Royal Bombay Golf Club Annual Week.

ABERCROMBIE WINS MEDAL.

The fourth days' play in the Royal Bombay golf club's annual week took place on Thursday morning. The medal competition, which was started on Wednesday morning, was continued when two competitors, Abercrombie and Gittins, in the senior class, played splendid golf, and were round the nine holes in 38 and 39 respectively. Both these players with Scott were at the head of the list after Wednesday's play with scores of 41, and therefore Abercrombie wins the scratch competition with a score of 79 for the eighteen holes. He also wins the handicap competition with a nett score of 81, but no player is allowed to take two prizes in any one competition, and Gittins with a nett 82 is therefore returned the winner, Coombs being second with 84. Jessop and Lattey tie for a second prize in the scratch competition.

In the junior scratch competition Jackson and Lawrie are level with 90, but the former with a nett 76 also wins the handicap competition, and therefore Lawrie takes the scratch prize. Marshall is second in the scratch competition and Fraser is second in the handicap competition. Results:—

SENIOR (SCRATCH).

	1st round.	2nd round.	Results.
J R Abercrombie ...	41	38	79 a
A Gittins ...	41	39	80
E E Coombs ...	43	41	84
J W Jessop ...	43	42	85 b
H P T Lattey ...	43	42	85 b
R P Scott ...	41	45	86
G Cook ...	43	45	88
R G Lowndes ...	48	41	89
R Kidd ...	46	43	89
E Hargreaves ...	43	48	91
E P Comber ...	46	45	91
C L Burns ...	47	45	92
K J McNeill ...	46	46	92
F L Muir ...	46	48	94
M Innes Ker ...	48	46	94
F H Payne ...	46	48	94
J H Hardie ...	46	49	95
B H Lockhead ...	48	48	96
A. L. Guibara ...	49	53	102

a Winner. b Tie for second.

SENIOR (HANDICAP).

	Score	Handicap	Result.
J R Abercrombie ...	79	+2	81
A Gittins ...	80	+2	82 a
E E Coombs ...	84	Scr	84 b
H P T Lattey ...	85	Scr	85
E P Comber ...	91	—6	85
R P Scott ...	86	Scr	86
R G Lowndes ...	89	—2	87
R Kidd ...	89	—2	87
J W Jessop ...	85	+2	87
K J McNeill ...	92	—5	87
E Hargreaves ...	91	—4	87
G Cook ...	88	Scr	88
F H Payne ...	94	—5	89
J H Hardie ...	95	—6	89
B H Lockhead ...	96	—6	90
C L Burns ...	92	—1	91
F L Muir ...	94	—2	92
M Innes Ker ...	94	Scr	94
A L Guibara ...	102	—7	95

a Winner. b Second.

JUNIOR (SCRATCH).

	1st round.	2nd round.	Result.
E R H Jackson ...	47	43	90
D N Lawrie ...	46	44	90 a
J W Marshall ...	47	44	91 b
J H Skelton ...	48	47	95
H B Murray ...	48	48	96
G A Phillips ...	46	51	97
W Fraser ...	49	48	97
A P Stewart ...	51	46	97
H A W Brent ...	49	49	98
T H Watts ...	50	48	98
M D Crichton ...	49	50	99
N C Barstow ...	48	54	102
H W Kilby ...	50	53	103
H F Chard ...	52	51	103
J E P Curry ...	51	53	104
J M Bannister ...	51	51	1
C G Marsden ...	49	59	1
A Foulkes ...	56	54	110
G T S Milne ...	55	56	111
J J Hannay ...	56	55	111

a Winner. b Second.

JUNIOR (HANDICAP).

	Score.	H'cap.	Result
E R H Jackson ...	90	—14	76 a
W Fraser ...	97	—16	81 b
J W Marshall ...	91	—10	81
D N Lawrie ...	90	—8	82
H A W Brent ...	98	—16	82
N C Barstow ...	102	—18	84
M D Crichton ...	99	—13	86
H B Murray ...	96	—9	87
J H Skelton ...	95	—8	87
H F Chard ...	103	—16	87
H W Kilby ...	103	—15	88
J E P Curry ...	104	—16	88
G A Phillips ...	97	—8	89
J M Bannister ...	105	—16	89
A P Stewart ...	97	—8	89
T H Watts ...	98	—8	90
C E Marsden ...	108	—16	92
J J Hannay ...	111	—18	96
A Foulkes ...	110	—14	96
G T S Milne ...	111	—14	97

a Winner b Second.

FOOTBALL IN BOMBAY.

The Rovers Tournament, Second Round.

ROYAL WARWICKS (2); LOYAL N. LANC. 1.

The Royal Warwickshire Regiment who drew a bye in the first round met the Loyal North Lancashire Regiment in the second round of the Rovers tournament yesterday evening when an extremely interesting and well contested match was witnessed by a very fair gathering of spectators. Both teams played hard and the game was fast from start to finish. There was a high wind blowing all the time, but in spite of this the football was of a very much better quality than that seen in many of the previous matches. The result of the game was a win for the Royal Warwicks by the odd goal in three. Their two goals, which were both scored by Winspur in the first half, were the result of good forward play, while the only goal scored by the Loyal North Lancashire Regiment just on the call of time was the result of a penalty kick awarded for "hands" in the area. Spencer put in a lot of hard work at back and the Loyal North Lancashire forwards worked well together, but their shooting was rather weak. Baker and Bench were always safe at back and Winspur played a good game at centre forward for the Royal Warwicks, while Smart in goal was often applauded for smart work.

The Royal Warwicks, playing against the wind, kicked off and the Loyal North Lancashire team began to press matters, but although getting in frequent shots at goal, they were unable to score; Smart being particularly active and saving well on many occasions. About half way through the first half Naylor sent in a grand shot low down on the left which Smart threw himself at and saved at the expense of a corner. Bench was responsible for a clever piece of work, as from a melee in front of the Warwickshire goal, smart having run out, the ball was almost over the line when Bench just managed to get his head to it and saved the situation. The game was almost entirely confined to the Warwickshire half, but towards the end of the first half Winspur got away and scored the first goal with a low shot, which Berryman had no chance of saving and soon after added another point with a similar shot. The whistle went for half time with the score two to nil in favour of the Royal Warwickshire team.

During the second half the Loyal North Lancashires made strenuous efforts to score and grant was responsible for a good shot which Smart saved well. Although playing against the wind from Lancashire were continually on the attack and on one or two occasions went very near scoring, but Smart in goal was ever watchful. Towards the close of the game they obtained their only goal from a penalty kick for hands within the area. Immediately afterwards the whistle went, the game resulting in a win for a Warwickhires Regiment by two goals to one.

Royal Warwickshire Regiment..... 2 goals
Loyal North Lancs..... 1 goal

Teams:—

Loyal North Lancashire Regiment:—Goal Berryman; backs, Whitham and Spencer; half-backs, Quinn, Turley, and Taylor; forwards, Boyle, Hall, Barker, Naylor and Brant.

Royal Warwickshire Regiment:—Goal, Smart; backs, Baker and Bench; half-backs, Jarvis, Barker and Turrell; forwards, Parkes, Foster, Winspur, Hillier and Westall.

Referee:—Sergt. Tilley, R. F. A. (Bangalore)

The Bombay Gymkhana will meet the Cheshire Regiment this evening at 5-15.

LESLIE CHALLENGE SHIELD.

In the tie for the Leslie Challenge Shield, which was run off during the interval, between representatives of the York and Lancaster Regiment and the Royal Irish Regiment the latter won by 8 points to 7, Lyons of the Royal Irish coming in first. Time 11 3-5 secs.

POONA POINT-TO-POINT RACES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, Oct. 3.

The venue of this year's annual point-to-point races was in the vicinity of the Yerrowda Jail where a large gathering of followers of the Poona and Kirkee hunt met this evening, among those present being the Hon. Mr. Claude Hill, Member of Council, Lieut.-General Sir A. and Lady Barrett, General Barter, Lieut.-Col. Logan Home, M. F. H. and quite a number of ladies, several of whom competed for the Diana Cup. The evening did not pass off without accidents which fortunately were not attended with serious results.

The Ladies Race was won in dashing style by Lady Barrett on Taliesen, Mr. Vines was unshipped, but beyond slight shaking was unhurt.

In the last race of the evening Mr. Knight Bruce's Petty Officer gave his owner a bad fall as result of which he broke his arm.

At the conclusion of the short programmes, Lady Clarke motored out from Ganesh Khind in time to distribute the cups to the winners. Cheers for Lady Clarke, Master and Honorary Secretaries were given at the close of the proceedings. Colonel Logan Home 26th K. G. S. Cavalry, was "At Home" during the evening.

The following are the details:—

Welter Hunt Cup, about 3 1-2 miles, for cup presented by General Sir A. Barrett:—

Capt. H. C. Stewart's Jawge 13-0.....Owner 1
Mr. Corbguld Warren's Ballycar 13-0.....Owner 2
Mr. Keogh Symon's Avocet 12-0...Capt. Chaytor 3

Also Ran:—Cornishman 13-0, Prince Charming 12-0, Blast 13-0, and Boxer 11-0.

The Race:—Prince Charming followed by Blast led for the first part of the journey; turning the second flag Cornishman went to the front with Jawge not far behind. In the run home Cornishman fell back leaving Ballycar to make the running with Jawge. Won by three lengths, six lengths between second and third.

The Totalisator:—Paid Rs. 15 for win which represented about 2 1-2 to 1 against the winner.

DIANA HUNT CUP.—About 2 1-4 miles, cup presented by Mr. Hugh S. Symons:—

Lady Barret's Taliesen.....Owner 1
Mr. Carmichael's Toby.....Owner 2
Miss Joyce Crawford's Rosslare.....Owner 3

Also Ran:—Lady Barret's Skeggs and Mrs. Vine's Honey.

The Race—Skeggs was prominent for a part of the outward journey, but on the homeward way it was evident that the fine race would result between Taliesen and Toby; this proved to be the case, Taliesen just getting home by a length from Tobi, eight lengths between 2nd and 3rd.

The Totalisator.—Paid Rs. 8 for win.

LIGHT WEIGHT HUNT CUP.—About 3 1-2 miles for cup presented by the Hon. Mr. Claude Hill and the Hon. Mr. G. Curtis:—

Mr. E. Carbould Warren's Yip 11-7,.....Owner 1
Mr. Collum's Tushka 11-7,.....Mr. Collum 2
Lieut.-Col. A. S. Arnold's Anarchist 11-7 ...Owner 3

Also Ran:—The Druid, Antrim, Kitty Jawge, The Nut, Punch, Cadzo, Placid Joe, Comet, Bonny Jean, Billy.

The Race:—The Nut and Placid Joe made a joint running for half a mile, when they were lost to view. On coming into view again about 3-4 miles away Yip held a few lengths lead of Anarchist, Tushka and Bonny Jean which he maintained to the end Tushka making a good effort to catch up. Won by two lengths; same distance between second and third.

The Totalisator—Paid Rs. 12-8 for win.

PONY HUNT CUP.—About 2 1-2 miles. cup presented by General Barter:—

Mrs. Carbould Warren's Sandgrouse 11-7 Mr. Carbould Warren 1
Colonel Perkins Details 11-7.....Colonel Arnold 2
Major Davies' Nihilist 11-7.....Mr. Wilson 3

Also Ran:—Rubio, Petty Officer, Fell, Malbrook and Star, Derry, Savoy, Flashlight, Punch, Grey Lad and Vimbos.

The Race:—Punch showed Petty Officer the way on the outward journey until they were caught and passed by Sandgrouse and details, Sandgrouse then took a long lead which he maintained to the end and won by 20 lengths, 3 lengths between second and third.

The Totalisator.—Paid Rs. 9 for win.

DURAND TOURNAMENT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, Oct. 3.

Yesterday's drawn game in the Durand football tournament between the N.-W. Railway and the Gordons was played off to-day, the Gordons winning by one goal to love. An objection has been lodged against one of the Gordons.

STUDENTS' BROTHERHOOD.

Poor Students' Scholarship Fund.

An appeal on behalf of poor but deserving students in Bombay reads:—

For the last 20 years there has existed in Bombay and Association known as the Students' Brotherhood, the membership of which now numbers close on 500; one of its aims and objects is to foster and encourage a spirit of public and practical benevolence, by affording pecuniary help to poor but deserving students, who for lack of means find it hard to prosecute their studies. There are many such students whose circumstances are such as to prevent them from keeping up their School or College courses, however much they may desire to do so. The Students' Brotherhood has always aimed at helping such students, and it is a matter for satisfaction that such assistance as it has been able to afford for this purpose has not been in vain; owing, however, to the smallness of its resources, the help so given is exceedingly insignificant as compared with the demand. The members of the Brotherhood feel that this matter should now be taken up in earnest; they believe that a body constituted as the Brotherhood is, upon a basis that recognises no distinctions of race, caste or creed, and with a Managing Committee composed of men in close touch with the Student community, constitutes an ideal channel for the distribution of such a fund as "the Students' Brotherhood poor Students' Scholarship Fund," which is now started, and they believe that there are many persons in Bombay who will be glad to assist in such important and useful work, when they realize that the administration is in competent and reliable hands. It is hoped that by means of donations, endowments, periodical contributions and otherwise the nucleus of a permanent fund can be formed, and the Students' Brotherhood hereby makes a definite and earnest appeal to public-spirited people of all communities for subscriptions and donations to enable it to respond to the numerous applications for assistance that are constantly reaching it. The lines on which this scheme for the benefit of the poor students is intended to be worked are indicated in the rules hereto annexed. For further particulars intending subscribers are referred to the Honorary Secretary, Students' Brotherhood (No. 4 Girgaon Post Office, of Mathew Road, Chowpatty, Bombay.)

LOBSTERS don't keep green when they get into hot water, nor do faces keep fresh and clear in the tropics. What gives the complexion the bloom of freshness is Aubry Sisters' Famous Beautifier, the pet of the Americans. By cleansing the pores and feeding the tissues, it renders the skin as soft, smooth and velvety as that of a new-born infant. It is not a shiny powder nor a greasy cream, and its presence defies detection. Guaranteed harmless.—MADON SONS & Co., Crawford Market, Bombay.

THE SALVATION ARMY.

30th Anniversary of Landing in India.

EULOGY BY SIR R. A. LAMB.

There can be no doubt that the Salvation Army, apart from its religious and social work, has contributed to the industrial regeneration of this country. Industrialism has gained much at its hands and at the Town Hall yesterday, the Bombay public was given an opportunity of seeing how important a part the Army is playing in this country. The exhibition is really held to mark the thirteenth anniversary of the landing of the army in India. The first day's proceedings were very successful.

There were many objects on view. The silks, made at the Army's factories at Bangalore, Moradabad, Ludhiana, Aligarh and other centres were perhaps, the most attractive. The silk worms were reared, and the silks were reeled and spun by the criminal tribes of India. Beautiful lace-work from Ceylon and Nagacoil, in Travancore, the wonderful products of the cottage industry of the country, also came in for much attention. The schools for boys of the criminal tribes of Upper India also sent in numerous exhibits. Money bags, washing towels, and other things made of cotton, various patterns of handlooms, the inventions of an army officer, silk reeling machines, spinning wheels were some of the articles on view.

SIR R. LAMB OPENS OF THE EXHIBITION.

Sir Richard Lamb opened the exhibition at 5 p.m before a representative gathering of ladies and gentlemen. Commissioner and Mrs. Booth-Tucker, Colonel and Mrs. Blowers and many others were present. After devotional exercises had been conducted by Mrs. Booth-Tucker, the Commissioner read an address, describing at some length the work of the Army had accomplished during the past few years in the cause of industries of the Country. The address was presented to Sir Richard Lamb.

Sir Richard Lamb then delivered an address in the course of which he said:—

I must ask you to let me preface my remarks this evening with my humble tribute to the memory of the late head of the Salvation Army General Booth was a man whose extraordinary personal qualities enabled him to found, to organize and to direct a movement for the betterment of the lower strata of society which is being felt throughout the world. He had the genius to conceive and the tenacity of purpose to carry out, through ill report, and good, methods for appealing to these strata, which we can now see are effective towards securing their object and are operating in many widely separated and differently-conditioned countries.

After saying that it was no part of his business then to refer to the religious side of the work of the Salvation Army. Sir Richard proceeded to deal with social and industrial matters. There is no object more important than the amelioration of the social conditions obtaining in India, he said, and if by any words or act of mine I can aid those who are giving their lives—their intellectual and physical activities—to advance the attainment of this object, I am happy to seize the opportunity and be grateful to those who offer it. My sympathies therefore are all with those persons who recognize that social regeneration comes first and foremost as the object for which well-wishers of India should give their labour with "one equal purpose of heroic hearts, to strive to seek to find and not to fail." It is well that in each of the principal religions, movements for the advancement of its backward members should arise and be active; but it is also well that there should be an organization which aims at the betterment of the lowly whatever the religion may be. Such an organization is the Salvation Army. It cares not what creed a human being may profess, or whether he professes a creed at all. It is enough that he, or of course she, is down and in need of help; and the Army sets to work to go to it. That is an attitude which strongly commends itself to me. I also do not mind whether a man follows Christ or Zoroaster or Mahomet or Buddha; is a Lingayat or a Sikh or an orthodox Hindu; for all I care he may "worship mighty Mumbo Jumbo in the Mountains of the Moon"; provided always that he is an honest man, and a sincere man withal, and gives of his best for the service of his country. The absolute neutrality, the unswerving impartiality, which Government observe towards all religions in this country is well seen to be observed by the Salvation Army in its work for social regeneration. And it bravely attacks the very lowest strata; it begins at the bottom. Are there European wasters—some who will work if they can find work, others who will not work if they can possibly avoid it! The Salvation Army opens a home for them, to find work for the willing, to reclaim the apparently hopeless loafer. Are there girls gone astray? The Salvation Army opens for them a way back to a better life. The habitual criminal and the criminal by hereditary profession the Salvation Army takes them in hand to convert them into useful, honest and self-respecting members of the social body.

LABOUR PROBLEM.

To discover channels of remunerative labour is by no means easy, and it is wonderful how imitative and how lacking in initiative are for the most part our Indian brethren. It is so not only in the matter of home industries but also in the great concern. A few exceptional men years ago saw an opening in Cotton Spinning and Weaving Mills. Now the City is over-stocked with them. Quite recently the idea of Banks caught on, and we are already flooded with Banks. The Captain of Industry however do look out for new opening for large concerns, and we have a Hydro-Electric Installation now under construction here, iron and steel works already working on the other side of India, and a Cement Factory about to begin work, also outside our Presidency, though our Captains of Industry here are in no small degree responsible for it. To make these new openings for large industries required a very great deal of preliminary spade work, investigation and thought and money, animated by that power of initiative which is so much more forceful than imitation. To develop new openings for the small industries, those on which the lowly and humble can work and earn for themselves health, wealth and happiness as defined by Mr. Commissioner Booth Tucker, this also needs a large amount of preliminary spade work, investigation, thought, money and initiative. Some of this Government endeavour to supply; for example, we take special measures for the reclamation of criminal tribes, and we investigate by making surveys of small industries—weaving pottery, tanning, oil pressing; but the efforts of Government need to be supplemented by non-official labours. And we welcome the earnest and thorough going labours of the Salvation Army in this field. I have glanced only briefly at these questions of civilising the predatory tribes and of developing the cottage Industries, and no time is left to do more than to refer to agriculture, which is a subject which would require hours for the adequate treatment of even a branch of it, and to mention the agricultural colonies which have their place in the Army's wide spread activities for the improvement of the conditions of the life of the people—the common people—of this Country.

I have the pleasure of declaring the Exhibition open.

The various stalls were the objects of much attention during the evening.

The Governor-in-Council is pleased to extend the provisions of the Bombay Act V. of 1887 to the towns of Kalyan and Murbad and to the road leading from Kalyan to Murbad in the Kalyan and Murbad talukas of the Thana district, and also to the roads leading from Kalyan to Badlapur and Panvel up to the extent of one mile from the town of Kalyan in the Thana district, with effect from fifteenth day of November and to direct—(a) that the duties assigned by the Act to the Commissioner of Police shall be performed by the District Superintendent of Police, Thana; (b) that the second and third class Magistrates of the Kalyan and Murbad talukas shall exercise, within their respective talukas, the powers conferred by the Act on a Magistrate of Police, Bombay; (c) that the balance of license fees, after all necessary contingent expenses have been defrayed therefrom, shall from time to time been credited in the following proportions:—Five-eighths to the Kalyan Municipality; one-fourth to the Kalyan Taluka Local Board; one-eighth to the Murbad Taluka Local Board; A revised list of gharry fares for this area is also published in the "Bombay Government Gazette."

NEW BOOKS.

The Anglo-Indian, by Mrs. Charles Perrin (Methuen), as will be gathered from the title Mrs. Perrin deals once more with the people she knows so intimately—those English men and women who spend their best years in India, serving the Empire faithfully, and who, on their retirement, find a great and often painful contrast between their existence in England, on a slender pension, and their official life in the wonderful country that exerts such a strong and mysterious influence over sympathetic Western minds. Such folk are well designated "Anglo-Indians," for however strong the home ties may be, they never escape from the subtle spell of India—never cease to "hear the East a calling," although that call may never again be answered. It is a fine and thoughtful story, simple, natural, beautifully written, and full of convincing character studies. All the people are drawn with a sure touch, and most of them are so lovable that we soon regard them as dear and intimate friends, especially Mr. and Mrs. Fleetwood and their three daughters, the youngest of whom is the heroine, one of the most charming we have met with in fiction for a very considerable time. Another unusually interesting personality is the Rajah Rotah, "a real good fellow, heart and soul and brain," as Somerton described him, typical of all that is best in the manhood of young India. Mrs. Perrin's admirable descriptive powers have never been manifested to better purpose than in the strongly-contrasted pictures she presents of the Fleetwood's life in India, and in the dull London suburb to which they eventually drifted, when, with sorely straitened means they had to face existence under conditions that, to them, were entirely new and uncongenial, while the whole book is animated by the kindliest spirit. Even the humour with which the foolish little Rani's experiences in London are narrated is tempered with sympathy and understanding. "The Anglo-Indians" is a delightful novel, well worthy of its author's high reputation.

The Turnstile, by A. E. W. Mason, (Hodder and Stoughton, 6s.). Once at a dinner-party the wife of an M. P. asked me, what do they do at the House of Commons?" She fixed upon me as she put the question, a compelling eye. "Oh," I said, "they talk, you know. You can read it all in 'The Times.' The lady frowned. Impatiently she waved my answer aside. "Nonsense," she said. "It isn't the debates that keep my husband there every night. I want to know what it is." She clearly imagined some mysterious, and dangerous, attractions. If she had only known how dreadfully dull and decorously her M. P. spent his evenings, her mind would have been relieved. He was, as most members are, hypnotised by the House. "It's curious," says one of them in Mr. Mason's new novel, the earliest of the autumn list, "I no longer find any debate dull. I used to be bored, I admit it, but I can sit through anything now and find it interesting." "The sign of the true Parliamentarian," remarks a harden politician. And then comes a vital and illuminating criticism of the House, put into the mouth of a cl

THE WEATHER.

...engthening of the Arabian Sea Monsoon.

LATEST CROP REPORTS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, Oct. 3.

The activity of the Bay current has decreased ...e-what in the Peninsula, but the Arabian Sea ...onsoon has strengthened.

Rainfall has been general in Mysore, nearly ...eral on the West Coast of the Peninsula, in ...gal and Assam; fairly general in Bombay ...ban, Orissa and Lower Burma, and local in ...adras.

Chief amounts :—Calicut, Bangalore, Chittaldrug ...d Calingapatam, each one inch; False Point, ...arisal, each two inches, and Jalpaiguri, one inch and ...half.

Forecast :—Decrease of rainfall in North-East ...dia.

KOTAH DIVISION.

Weekly return of rainfall commencing from 8-30 ...m. Saturday, the 21st Sept. to 8-30 a.m. Saturday, ...e 21st September, 1912 :—

	In.	cts.		In.	cts.
...ndra	57	20	Balsar	79	70
...njgo	55	8	Nausari	66	68
...rat	76	23	Bardoli	62	29
...t	24	78	Nandarbar	21	45
...hpahar	25	17	Nardana	14	1
...ab	23	19	Surat	51	62
...dergarh	27	14	Kim	45	61
...ajpur City	26	96	Konamba	39	35
...ndaun City	27	91	Rajpardi	45	94
...yana	24	60	Broach	52	5
...aratpur	27	65	Malsar	49	98
...lghar	71	1	Dabhoi	45	61
...holwad	74	45	Baroda	50	75
...aman	79	99			

AHMEDABAD DIVISION.

	In.	cts.		In.	cts.
...hmedabad	32	85	Limkhela	40	64
...hmedabad	37	9+	Dohad	23	78
...hramgam	33	46	Amerghar	39	70
...arri	25	70	Ratlam	26	67
...eworia	40	53	Nagda	24	40
...odhra	45	23			

TELEGRAPHIC WEATHER AND CROP REPORTS, 3rd OCTOBER.

Amritsar.—Bright, no sign of rain. Rain much needed generally. Cotton picking partially begun. Cotton crop accounts satisfactory. Food-grains suffering from want of rain. Toria being sown on irrigated areas. Rain much needed generally for rabi crops sowings.

Hansi.—Bright, no sign of rain. Cotton plants flourishing. Cotton picking commenced and arrivals expected early. Rain much needed generally for rabi crops.

Mooltan.—Bright, no sign of rain. All crops doing well.

Delhi.—Bright, no sign of rain. Rabi sowings progressing favourably.

Agra.—Bright, no sign of rain. All crops doing well.

Cawnpore.—Sufficient rain fallen generally. All crops doing well.

Beawar.—Cotton plants in flower and showing bolls.

Amraoti.—Cloudy, but no rain. Cotton plants in flower.

Khamgaon.—Unusually hot. Dawfall insufficient. Cotton plants show bolls rapidly ripening. Food-grains doing well.

Daulia.—Bright, no sign of rain. Mornings cold. Rain much needed generally. Cotton plants showing bolls and are in course of ripening. Cotton plants want more rain. Absence of rain causing anxiety.

Jalgaon.—Bright, no sign of rain. Rain much needed generally. Cotton plants flourishing, in flower and showing bolls. Cotton crop accounts satisfactory.

Broach.—Sometimes bright, sometimes cloudy, but no rain. Unusually hot. Mornings slightly cold and dewy. Fine weather has set in. Cotton plants flourishing and healthy, but want more rain.

Viramgam.—No further rain expected. Cotton plants slightly damaged by drought.

Wadhwan.—Bright, no sign of rain. Mornings cold and dewy. Cotton plants healthy. Cotton crop making good progress.

Dholera.—Bright, no sign of rain. Mornings cold and dewy. Cotton plants flourishing.

Bhavnagar.—Bright, no sign of rain. Unusually hot. Rain much needed generally. Cotton plants want more rain.

Barsi.—More rain wanted generally.

Sholapur.—Looks like rain. Rain much needed generally for rabi crops.

Hubli.—Cloudy, but no rain. Cotton plants flourishing. Food-grains and all crops doing well.

Bellary.—Cotton plants flourishing. Cotton crop prospects improving.

Appended is Thursday's report of the Meteorological Reporter for Western India based on observation taken at 8 o'clock.

Names of Stations.	Maximum temperature during the past 24 hours.	Minimum temperature during the past 24 hours.	Rainfall past 24 hours.	Rainfall since 1st June to date.
Bushire (2nd)	92·3	75·0	...	0·00
Jask	92·3	78·3	...	0·01
Muskat (2nd)	100·3	8·1	...	0·26
Multan	118·8?	68·0	...	4·50
Rawalpindi	97·9	62·4	...	13·99
Lahore	105·4	65·2	...	10·23
Sirsa	102·4	68·0	...	10·51
Ambala	96·5	64·4	...	26·31
Delhi	97·0	72·3	...	28·90
Agra	97·0	71·0	...	23·64
Mainpuri	91·3	70·1	...	33·90
Jhansi	93·5	68·0	...	33·94
Cawnpore	94·2	69·4	...	30·19
Allahabad	95·0	70·0	...	26·33
Jacobabad	106·1	95·5	...	1·09
Karachi	85·0	74·0	...	8·17
Ajmer	93·6	77·2	...	12·77
Jaipur	99·7	74·1	...	28·11
Kotah	98·6	73·6	...	23·86
Bikaner	93·5	69·0	...	20·03
Jodhpur	84·8	73·7	...	22·71
Veraval	85·1	70·8	...	27·32
Rajkot	94·6	65·8	...	31·49
Bhavnagar Para	99·0	69·0	...	32·03
Surat	95·9	71·1	...	52·70
Ahmedabad	97·1	70·7	...	38·21
Deesa	98·8	67·4	...	21·35
Neemuch	96·4	64·5	...	23·16
Indore	93·1	66·6	...	26·42
Jubbulpore	91·3	70·3	...	40·36
Saugor	90·8	68·1	...	31·85
Hoshangabad	92·1	71·9	...	37·28
Khandwa	95·7	72·6	...	15·75
Akola	97·7	74·5	...	18·77
Amraoti	93·8	73·8	...	32·41
Nagpur	94·8	74·6	...	45·45
Chanda	98·5	73·0	...	41·65
Raipur	90·7	75·6	0·50	44·75
BOMBAY	97·8	80·4	...	49·35
Ratnagiri	87·8	74·9	0·22	86·16
Mormugao	87·2	75·2	0·01	88·64
Karwar	89·7	75·5	0·42	97·19
Mangalore	100·9	69·1	...	10·97
Ahmednagar	98·1	64·5	...	6·79
Poona	97·0	71·3	...	13·21
Sholapur	95·3	71·1	0·63	11·07
Bijapur	91·2	69·8	0·70	8·50
Belgaum	88·4	66·2	0·16	63·79
Aurangabad	95·9	71·7	...	14·45
Nizamabad (Indur)	94·9	72·2	...	30·28
Hyderabad	93·3	74·7	...	19·67
Mangalore	85·3	74·3	0·18	126·74
Calicut	79·8	74·1	0·97	114·77
Cocanada	85·2	73·7	0·53	99·63
Coconada	85·5	74·0	...	81·68
Masulipatam	91·3	77·7	0·05	30·52
Bellary	93·0	73·8	0·05	11·73
Cuddapah	97·2	78·3	...	21·45
Madras	94·5	77·0	...	10·75
Bangalore	81·3	69·8	1·02	34·20
Coimbatore	87·4	68·3	...	8·60
Trichinopoly	92·1	75·3	...	11·63
Negapatam	91·7	77·7	...	5·48

BOMBAY DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Thursday, the 3rd Oct. giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are clear. Humidity is normal or in defect. Maximum temperature is in excess in the north Punjab.

The United Provinces.—Cloud has increased and skies are heavily clouded in the eastern districts but remains clear or lightly clouded over the rest of the division. The air contains the usual amount of moisture. Night temperature is in defect at Jhansi.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are almost clear. Humidity is in excess at Karachi and normal or in defect at other stations. Maximum temperature is above the average at most stations; the minimum is in excess at Ajmere.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. The air is drier than usual in west Central India and at Surat. Day temperature is in excess at Surat and west Central India; night temperature is in defect at Rajkot and Deesa.

The Central Provinces.—Raipur records 0·50" of rain. Skies are lightly clouded. The air has become damper than usual in the area of rainfall but continues drier in the extreme western districts. Day temperature is in excess at Khandwa and Akola.

The Konkan.—Ratnagiri records 0·22" of rain and Karwar 0·42." Cloud has increased and skies are now moderately to heavily clouded. The usual amount of moisture is present in the air. Temperature during day is above the average at Bombay.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Nearly general rain has fallen in the south Bombay Deccan; Sholapur has had 0·63", Bijapur 0·70" and Belgaum 0·16." Skies are lightly to moderately clouded. Humidity is in slight excess in the area of rainfall. Maximum temperature is much above the average at most places.

General Remarks.—Rainfall has been nearly general on the west coast to the south of Ratnagiri, in the south Bombay Deccan and also in Mysore. In the Central Provinces Raipur records half an inch of rain. A few light falls have been reported from the north Madras Coast. Weather appears to be slightly unsettled in the extreme north and also to the east of the North-West Provinces.

Nearly general rain is likely on the Malabar Coast, in the south Konkan, the south Bombay Deccan and Mysore. A few falls may occur in the eastern districts of the United and Central Provinces and possibly on the north Madras Coast.

BOMBAY SEASON REPORT.

The following general summary of season and crop reports in the Bombay Presidency during the past week is published:—

The rainfall during the week was slight in parts of the Konkan, the Deccan, the Karnatak, Baroda, Savantvadi, Kolhapur; more rain is needed in parts of Thar and Parkar, Gujarat, the Konkan and Deccan. Harvesting of kharif crops continues in parts of Sind, Gujarat, the Konkan, the Deccan, Baroda, Polanpur and Savantvadi. Lands are being prepared for rabi cultivation in parts of Sind, Broach, West Khandesh, Poona and Dharwar. Rabi sowing has commenced in parts of Ahmedabad, Broach, Poona, Sholapur, Satara, Bijapur, Belgaum, Baroda and Kolhapur. The standing crops were slightly damaged by locusts in parts of Hyderabad and Thar and Parkar, by insects in parts of the Upper Sind Frontier, and were suffering for want of moisture in parts of Larkana, Hyderabad, Upper Sind Frontier, Nasik, Ahmednagar, Poona and Sholapur, and elsewhere crops are generally in good condition. The fodder-supply was adequate except in parts of Karachi, Poona, Sholapur, Satara, Bijapur and Kolhapur. Agricultural stock is generally in good condition, but is deficient in parts of West Khandesh, Ahmednagar and Cutch. Drinking water-supply was generally adequate. Water for irrigation was sufficient except in parts of Ahmednagar, Sholapur and Bijapur. Prices of food-grains have risen in Sukkur, Surat, Kanara, have fallen in Kaira, West Khandesh, Poona, Bijapur and Belgaum and are stationary elsewhere. Quantities of food-grains purchasable per rupee are 30 to 50 per cent. less than normal in Sind, 23 to 47 per cent. less than normalin Gujarat, 23 to 45 per, cent. less than normal in the Konkan, 38 to 57 per cent. less than normal in the Deccan and 40 to 51 per cent. less than Moral in the Karnatak.

The public health is generally good. Distribution of takavi continues. The stocks of grain are sufficient. Numbers on gratuitous relief for the week ending 28th September were 13,013 in West Khandes, Nasik, Ahmednagar, Poona, Sholapur and the Karnatak. In the Native States of Kathiawar and Jath, the numbers on gratuitous relief were 1,811.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEERS.

VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT.-COLONEL THE HON. A. HILL TREVOR, COMMANDING.

Bombay, 3rd Oct., 1912.

233. Enrolments.—The undernamed having been enrolled is taken on the strength of the Corps and posted to No. 2 Sub-Division No. 2 Company,

No. 1494 Gunner B Cowton.

234. Correspondence E E Company.—Until further orders the following will be the procedure which will be strictly adhered to by all concerned.

The O C E E Coy will correspond direct with the A O R E Bombay on all R E Technical matters connected with the Defence Light Section.

In all other question he will correspond through this Office.

230. Rifle issue of—Members requiring their Rifles for practice on 6th and 15th instant, can draw them from Head Quarters on and after Wednesday 2nd October.

All rifles drawn must be returned not later than 15th October for inspection by the C O M A.

232 Musketry—Sunday 6th October 1912.

Spoon Competition and practice at Ghat Koper Distance 200, 500 and 600 yards.

Train will leave Victoria Terminus at 6-20 a.m.

224. Instructional Classes—A Depression Range Finding Class, and a Semaphore Signalling Class will shortly be started; all members desirous of attending these Classes must submit their names to the Adjutant's Office not later than the 5th October, 1912.

227. Meeting.—There will be a meeting for members of No 1 Company B V A at Head-quarters on Tuesday October 8th at 6-30 p.m.

Dress—Plain Clothes.

Subject :—Promotions.

228. Inspection—The Inspector of Volunteers in India will inspect Nos. 1, 2 and E E Companies on Saturday October 26th at Middle Ground at 5-30 p.m. Details of parade will be published later.

(Sd.) E. P. CUDLIP, Capt., R. A.,
Adjutant, B. V. A.

NOTICES.

1 There will be a Smoking Concert held at Head-quarters on Saturday October 12th commencing at 8-30 p.m.

A Charge of 8 as. each for Programmes will be made to cover expenses.

2. There will be a meeting of the Regimental Committee at Head-quarters on Monday October 7th at 7-0 p.m.

Business :—Arrangements for Concert on the 12th October.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

Bombay, 4th Oct., 1912.

Corps Shooting Club.

1. The two matches for Saturday afternoon, next the 5th instant, commencing from 4 p.m., at Colaba Range, are :—

Troop team shoot of 4 aside, advancing from 300 yards object Falling plates.

200 yards snapshooting 2nd Class Figure Exposure 6 seconds, 8 shots last 7 to count.

2. Riding School for Recruits daily from 7-30 a.m.

3. There will be a Commanding Officer's Parade at the Riding School on Tuesday morning next, the 8th inst., at 7-30 a.m., practically.

Dress—Drill Order, Khaki, Regimental Saddles, (waist belts and Bandoliers will be worn). Arms will be issued on parade.

(Sd.) P. R. CADELL, Lt.-Col.,
B. V. R.
for O-Commanding Bombay L. Horse.

VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY COLONEL R. W. L. DUNLOP, V. D.

Bombay, 4th Oct., 1912.

552. Parade.—All Recruits of current season will parade at the Old Head-quarters, Carnac Road, to-day Friday, the 4th instant, at 6-30 p.m.

"H" Company Recruits will parade at the Old Head-Quarters, Carnac Road, on Monday the 7th instant at 7-30 a.m.

553 Transfer No 6579 Sergt G Rose, is transferred from "F" to Reserve Company.

554 Leave—The Commanding Officer has been pleased to grant leave of absence to No 6446 Vol J Marreti, "F" Coy from 1st October to 31st December 1912.

(Sd.) E. G. BYRNE, Captain,
Adjt., B. V. R.

HIGH COURT—OCT. 4.

(Before the Hon'ble Sir Dinshaw D. Davar,)
Long Causes.

954-12 Craigie S and O Andrew Yule and Co vs A M Jeewanji and Co Payne and Co

204-12 Jeh M and S Mahomed Hoosein Jan Mahomed vs Suleman Joosub Sme B and Co

211-12 Patell and E Sakaram Govind vs Gangabai widow D J Mantri

219-12 Malvi H M and R Hansilal Abirchand vs Shridham Gopinath Vachha and Co

220-13 Mirza M and M Abdul Rehman Mitha vs D F Kharas In person

818-11 Dabash and P Shanker Tulsiram vs Balaji Vithoba Manch and N and D & b and P

941-11 Mulla and M J R Raja vs Virji Shamji Lohar Sme B and C

47-12 Ragh B and N Lalchand Dayaji vs B S Patel—Dabash and P and S Abnis and G

857-10 Khun L and M Chunilal Lalchand vs Baldeodas Gopaldas—Sabnis and G.

892-12 Bick M R and Co., Sakhanand Gurmukhrai vs Chaganlal Bapuji—Mance and N.

876-2 S. B. Mehta, Rai Bahadur Bahadur Sons vs Goolam Hoosein Essaji, Bick M R and Co.

51-98 Mirza M and M Hatimabai vs Amirbibi, Tyabji D and Co.

713-12 Payne and Co A M Jeewanji and Co vs Gulamhussein Essaji Tajbhoy Bick M R and Co.

675-12 Motichand and D Mancherji Wadilal and Co vs Narpal Purbat Nadirsha and I D and Cap and V.

692-12 Dabash and P Bhaniram Wagarmal vs Gopalji Pragji Bhimji and Co.

652-12 Malvi H M and R Rajaram Girdharlal vs Tribhowandas Vanmali Patell and E.

688-12 Patell and E Memonali Mahomed Vali vs Tyab Haji Karim Tyabji D and Co.

694-12 Edg G W and Co Bhagwandas vs Mathuradas Kalianji Payne and Co.

697-12 Ard H D and Co Joosub Aboo vs Bai Halimabai Mehta and D.

698-12 Subnis and G Rai Bahadur Ghansaham Nilkanta Nadkarni vs Manianbai widow Bhai K and G

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Beaman).
Long Causes.

98-11 Payne and Co Haji Essack Jusab vs. Sidick Haji Esmail Little & Co and Pest R K & Co.

167-12 Cap and V Khimji Mathuradas Ranchordas Kalianji Cap and V, Ard H D and Co. and Little and Co.

291-12 Mat J and M Bai Hasi widow vs Anandrao Raghunath Khun L and M

478-10 Mat J and M Ismail Haji Hallarakhia Mohshi Miya Sham M and H and Jeh and S.

272-11 Tyabji D and Co Bhagwandas Purushram v B R Bomanji Mulla and M.

572-11 Payne and Co Sulleman Jaffer Mistry vs Haji Suleman Abdul Wahed Edg G. W and Co. and Payne and Co.

611-12 Little and Co V V Tonkor T B Wagh Sme B and Co.

868-11 Wadia G and Co A K Irani vs N B Wa la M B Chothia.

253-11 Motichand and D Keshowlal Chotalal vs Dossabhai Abhechand S B Mehta.

1092-10 S B Mehta Bhailal Dalichand vs Ranchorda Ratanji Sham M and H.

617-11 In Person S B Bard vs Bai Kamlabai Kanga and S.

391-12 Bhai K and G Keshavji Ramji vs Damodar Ramji Wadia G and C.

289-12 Dabash and P Girdhardas Bechar vs Lalchand Raghunath Shroff D and D.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Heaton).
Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.
Long Causes.

51-11 Motichand and D Keshavlal Chotalal vs Velji Kanji Mirza M and M.

190-12 Tyabji D and Co A Tyabji vs Abdul Rehman Gulam Mohedin Shaikh Bhicon Cap and V.

289-12 Jeh M and S Limjibhoy Motibhoy and other vs Chimanlal Motiram Cap and V.

241-12 Payne and Co M P Mehta vs Hormusji Sorabji Ard H D and Co.

271-12 Madhk and C R D Sethna vs Bhojabhai Allarakhia Payne and Co.

295-12 Mehta and D Jivan Ramchandra vs Purshotum Samji Moti and D.

346-12 Chit M and K Ahmed Jamal vs Mahomed Hosein Mucha and others Ard H D and Co.

330-12 Mehta and D Hafizbai vs Salimabai D J Mantri.

892-11 Vachha and Co. Mohunlal Kalidas vs G R Bnagat Elg G W and Co.

1023-11 Malvi H M and R Muralidhar Shankerlal Allat Gangaram Tanvala vs Gober Nagji and Co Bhai K and G.

79-12 Malvi H M and R Bhimji Buldeodas vs Birdichand Prithviraj and an other Payne and Co.

762-11 Dub and P Jewan Merac vs Jamnadas Valji Sobm's and G

880-11 Jam R and P Siva Hesra Varjang vs Ravgji Poonsey In Person.

437-12 Bhimji and Co. Chimanlal Narandas vs Manekal Narandas.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Macleod.)
Commercial Cause.

569-12 Crawford B and Co Messrs. Chunilal Hiralal & Co vs Andrew Yule & Co a firm and another Craigie B and C.

References.

3-12 J C G Bowen In Re Government vs Ahmedbhoy Habibbhoy Bicknell M R and Co

Long Causes.

389-12 Cap and V Sath Ellabibux Lal Mahomed and others vs Abdul Halum Abdul Karim Mulla and M.

413-12 Captain and V Messrs Morishita and Co vs Hussonally Sulemanji Edgelow G W and Co.

311-12 Craigie B and C The Bank of India Ltd vs Naranji Dwarkadas and others Craigie B and C Motichand and D Shaikhanker K and G Payne and Co.

887-11 Daphtary F and D R D Sethna and others vs Mukund Sadu Kudalkar and others Dubash and P

917-11 Madhowji K and C The Advocate General of Bombay vs Puravaha widow and another Unwalla P and P

619-11 Jehangir M and S Khimji Goculdas and Co vs Morarji Kurpar and another Mirza M and M

47-11 Bicknell M R and Co H E Jinawalla vs Rateobai Jehangir and S

447-12 Jehangir M and S Ramdas Tekchand vs Hakumatrao Ramdas Madh K and C.

379-12 Mehta and D Rangildas Vrijbukhundas vs Bai Nani Alias Nanivahu widow Dubash and P.

789-10 Dadachanji and P Bhikhanchand Tejmal vs Ravatmal Lakhmichand Arlesir H D and Co.

458 05 Hiralal and Co Meghoai wid w vs Moorbai widow Madh K and C.

432-12 Payne and Co Esmailji Mulla Vallibhai Lakdawala vs Noorbhai Boothabai Pest R K and Co.

457-12 Mat J and M M P Nanawati vs Goolbai widow Ragh N and Co.

393-12 Subnis and S Krishnarao Gopalrao vs The Bank of Bombay Crawford B and Co.

428-12 Ard H D and Co Damji Hirji vs Kanji Khatad Jam R and D.

1054-11 Cap and V Mariambai vs Morobai Ismailji Valibhoy and others Payne and others Edg G W and Co.

439-10 Ard H D and Co Gojadhar Meghraj vs Mangalchand Ramcoover Mulla and M.

197-12 Payne and Co Esmailji M lla Vallibhoy vs Essaji Moosaji Jam R and D.

569-10 Jehangir and S Essaji Moosaji vs Ismji Tajbhoy Sham M and H Ard H D and Co and Payne and Co.

ANTI-TUBERCULOSIS LEAGUE.

The Committee appointed by the Corporation has submitted the following report with regard to the application received from the Joint Honorary Secretaries, King George V Anti-Tuberculosis League, for financial assistance :—

The Committee in the first place think it necessary to point out that that if the Anti-Tuberculosis League is founded as stated in the Joint Honorary Secretaries' letter for the purpose of carrying operations throughout the whole Presidency, it would not be legal for the Corporation according to Counsel's opinion obtained on more than one occasion to contribute anything in aid of the general working of the League and that the Corporation can only extend their help to such branch of the League as may be founded for the purpose of carrying out work in the City of Bombay alone. The Committee also think it necessary to point out that the Executive Health Officer and the Special Assistant Health Officer cannot legally undertake to work for the League as Honorary Secretaries or otherwise in regard to the operations for the whole of the Presidency, but the work of a branch for carrying out the work of the League in Bombay alone would be really duty within the purview of the Health Department and the Committee consider that so far as such a branch is concerned the Officers abovementioned should be allowed to work as Officers of such a League. Bearing in mind the above limitations the Committee recommend that a sum Rs. 10,000 per annum be contributed towards the expenses of the League for a period of three years.

Disagreeing entirely with the above report Dr. Sakhia has submitted a long minute.

GREEN-ROOM GOSSIPS.

The principal theatrical events of mail week, wrote a London correspondent, are the bringing out of "Everywoman" at Drury Lane on Thursday evening, and of Mr. Hartley Manners's American play, "The Great John Ganton," at the Aldwych on Saturday. Of the former much is already known, thanks to the New York production and to abundant preliminary interviewing and illustrations in the London Press. The latter promises to be more of a surprise; and the announcement that Mr. George Fawcett will reappear on the London stage in the part in which he made so great a success in America three years ago has added to the interest. Mr. Fawcett made a host of London admirers when he was over here in 1908 playing Big Bill in "A White Man" at the Adelphi, and they will all be glad to see him again. Some of his most interesting recollections go back to the days when, in 1890, he was one of the American company supporting Salvini, and speaking their parts in English, while he poured forth his splendid eloquence in Italian.

It is also announced that Miss Laura Cowie will appear in "The Great John Ganton." This comely young lady has up to the present, been identified with only one London theatre, His Majesty's, where she has played a number of parts during the past four years, beginning with quite a small one in "Faust," and ascending in importance to such roles as Anne Boleyn in "Henry VIII," Hermia in "A Midsummer-Night's Dream," and Jessica in "The Merchant of Venice." It will be interesting to see how far this very useful experience has qualified her for modern American drama.

With his customary courtesy in the matters, Mr. Arthur Collins has invited the dramatic and musical critics to the dress rehearsal of "Everywoman," which takes place on Wednesday afternoon. The music has been composed by Mr. George Chadwick, and it is understood that it plays a notable part in the production. Mr. H. B. Irving, for instance, speaks the opening lines of the play through a musical prelude. The full title of the drama, by the way, is worth giving. It runs: "Everywoman; Her Pilgrimage in Quest of Love."

It is good news for the Shaftesbury Theatre that Mr. George Graves will continue to play his part in "Princess Caprice" through the forthcoming winter, and will not, after all, have to go to pantomime. At the same time Mr. Collins has secured a first-rate pantomime comedian in Mr. Dan Rolyat, who was vastly diverting in Mr. Courtneidge's "Cinderella" at the Adelphi four Christmases back. It will also be interesting to hear so dainty a vocalist as Miss Florence Smithson in the "Christmas Annual" at the National Theatre.

The average Londoner's conception of Ireland and of Irish nationality is so mistaken that when first the Irish Plays and Players visited this city there was cause to fear that they would have little or no significance for him. A sense of humour, however, seems to have come to the rescue. Londoners have laughed heartily over Mr. Arthur Sinclair, and even Lady Gregory's little piece, "The Workhouse Ward," in which the humour is so exclusively Irish, has found great appreciation. It was, however, the appearance of the players on a music-hall stage—that of the Coliseum—which brought this popularity to its present height. When the intention of going on the halls was first expressed, there was considerable opposition from interested people. The music-halls (it was thought) were not exactly temples of Art, and such plays as those of Synge and Lady Gregory would not be appreciated by the patrons there. The result has scattered all these forebodings to the winds. The Players produced four pieces, each of which obtained a reception which showed that the Londoner of the music-hall was as sensitive to the charm of the Celt as the Londoner of Sloane-square. Accustomed as he is to "productions" in which the "producer" has more scope than the author, he found something piquantly fresh in a bare stage and two peasants talking casually. As a result, the Irish Player is now and henceforth "persona grata" with the London playgoer.

The success has opened up the question as to whether the Abbey Theatre shall make London a headquarters as well as Dublin. Irishmen in Ireland, one can understand, will look askance at such a proposal; but those in London who are interested in the Celtic movement—a class by no means composed of Irishmen only—could and would if the Players were regularly established in London, provide quite as influential a backing as they have had in Dublin. Merely as a commercial undertaking, the theatre could make a bigger financial success in London than could be made in Dublin. Mr. Arthur Sinclair recently declared that they could give "The Playboy for a whole year in London, and draw packed houses."

After all, London, from a geographical point of view, is more suitable than Dublin as a dramatic centre. The only other places in Ireland that the Players visit are Belfast and Cork, and any sort of a national tour is out of the question. But in England they can find audiences of Irishmen in London, Liverpool, the Midlands, Sheffield, Bradford, Leeds, and numerous other centres. At present they spend less than three months in England, where they might profitably spend six.

And it is England that they will effect greater things in the cause of their nationality. A Londoner, after seeing the Players, confessed to me that although he was born in Ireland, he had never before felt any emotion approaching patriotism till he saw the Abbey Theatre Players. And from what one knows of Irishmen in England this will be a general effect. A really comprehensive tour of England would lead to an astonishing revival of nationality among Irishmen not reached by such popular organizations as the Gaelic League or such learned bodies as the Irish Literary Society. It goes without saying that the effect on Englishmen—whose understanding of their Irish brothers is far from perfect—whould also be beneficial.

An objection which has been raised to the Irish Literary Theatre finding a home in London is that, living away from Irish scenes and language, the Players might not preserve their art. The theory is feasible to some extent, but it is too much to believe that the Players will ever lose their nationality. Even now they only see Ireland during their Dublin season—about four months in the year. Mr. W. B. Yeats came to London when he was eighteen years old, and has spent a good deal of his time here since; yet in no one does the Celtic spirit find a more perfect expression.

About twenty-five years ago, when the American actors under the late Mr. Augustin Daly were in this country, they felt the need for some sort of headquarters in London. Accordingly Mr. Daly built a theatre, and during the period in which his company were not in London, the house was let to other theatrical organizations. Why could not the Irish Theatre do likewise? Why not build a theatre in London—to be known as the Irish Theatre—in which the Abbey Players could appear during their London seasons, which, in view of recent receptions, will probably be lengthened. During their absence the theatre could be hired by other companies, but the fact that the theatre was the "Irish" Theatre would be a most valuable permanent advertisement. And one is certain that for such a movement there would be strong financial backing in London, and that the Irish plays themselves would be remunerative.

The Tivoli has a wonderful programme just now; "star" jostles "star" from overture to bioscope; it is like a Command performance. And yet there have been Tivoli entertainments more enjoyable than this one. Or perhaps your critic or the audience was out of mood; for this is one of the delights of the music hall that it is as unaccountable as a woman, the best entertainment may fall as flat as a pancake, and quite a mediocre show may wake the public soul to jollity. So that the critic-unnatural creature—must detach himself from the spirit of the place to make his carping judgment. Dan Crawley is irresistible. He is not a great artist, but he is wonderfully jolly, and his eternal query, "Why do the men run after me?" receives a sufficient answer in the mad leaps of his weirdly stockinged ankles and tempestuous petticoats and the reckless happiness of his comical face under its disordered curls.

Mark Sheridan, a star of the first magnitude, was a little out of humour. He, more than any other comedian, needs to feel the jovial urge of the crowd, and the cold gaze of a sober audience chilled him. His stage asides were really inaudible, and save in his jaunty, flapping walk, his rollick seemed to have gone underground. Yet he sang his great lyric, "Who were you with last night?" with all the old knowing winking of lids and inspiriting staccato rhythm.

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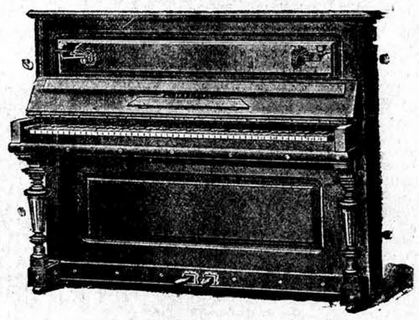

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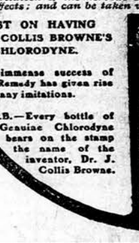

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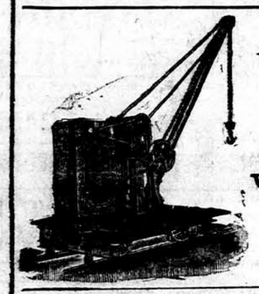

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